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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

VOL. XXIII NO. 273 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1935 TWENTY PAGES

DIEHARD REGIME IN SADDLE AGAIN

Thumping Majority For Government

MacDonald And Liberal Leader Routed

"DISASTER" FOR WOMEN

Baldwin Says "Splendid": Attlee "Disappointed"

According to the latest British General Election results (which are almost complete) the Government Parties command a total strength of 404 with the Opposition strength at 168, a thumping majority for the Tory Regime.

Upto 2 p.m. the Government Parties polled a million more votes than the Opposition in the total aggregate of 14 million votes.

DISASTER TO WOMEN

The results have spelled disaster to women of whom only three ex-Conservative members have been returned.

At the Dissolution the state of parties, including vacant seats was as follows:—

Government supporters and Conservatives 459, Liberal Nationals 38, National Labour 13, other 3; total 513. Opposition Labour 59, Liberal 30, others 13; total 102.

NOTABLE DEFEATS

The prominent candidates who have been defeated are Mr. MacDonald, Sir H. Samuel, the Liberal Leader Miss Margaret Bondfield, Mr. Wedgwood Benn, Mr. Randolph Churchill, Mr. Harry Pollitt, the Communist leader.

Position Of Parties At 5 p.m. On Friday

Govt. Parties	414
Opposition	175
(Results yet to come)	26
Total of seats	615

STATE OF PARTIES ANALYSED

POSITION AT 5 P.M.

LONDON, Nov. 15.

With only 26 election results outstanding, the Government Parties muster 414, and the Opposition 175.

The Government comprises 373 Conservatives, 30 Liberal Nationals, 8 National Labour and 2 National and one Independent.

The Opposition consists of Labour 155, Independent Labour 4, Independent Liberals 4, Samuel Liberals 15, Communist 1.

LOSSES AND GAINS.

The Conservatives captured eight and lost 79 seats. Liberal Nationals captured two and lost seven, National Labour one and seven, National one and one. Opposition Labour captured 96 and lost four, Independent Labour one and nil, Liberals three and 14 and Communist one and nil.

At 5 p.m. 21 million votes were counted giving the Government a surplus of 14,00,000.

Only seven out of 65 women candidates were returned of whom six are Conservatives and one Labour.

SPEAKER RETURNED.

The Speaker, Capt. Fitzroy who refrained from participating in the electioneering campaign despite Labour's break with the recent practice not to contest the Speaker's seat was returned at Daventry with 8,167 by a majority.

NARROWEST RESULT.

The narrowest result was at Kelvingrove where the issue is still in doubt. Mr. Walter Elliot, Minister of Agriculture, was returned with a majority of two votes against Labour but a recount is proceeding. Two hundred ballot papers from one box were declared spoilt here because the official stamp was impressed on the counterfoils instead of on the papers themselves.

LABOUR CAPTURES DURHAM.

One of Labour's chief successes

DETAILED RESULTS

On Page 7

is in Durham county where Labour captured the whole of eleven divisions as before 1931 when it lost nine.

Maj. Attlee in a statement to Reuter to-night expressed the opinion that the result of the election, if considered merely in terms of seats won, was disappointing.

GERMAN PUBLIC DEBTS

(Special Cable.)

BERLIN, November 14.

Between March 1933 and end of June 1935 German public debts were increased by 4,340 million marks, and now stand at 33,000 million.

Lt. Wazir Ali, Captain of the Muslim Team.

CHANGES IN MUSLIM TEAM

Nazir Ali And Baqua Jilani Unable To Play Make Way For Hakim & Hassan

The Muslim team which will meet the Europeans to-day in the first round of the Quadrangular Cricket Tournament, will be considerably weakened by the absence of Nazir Ali and Baqua Jilani who will be unable to participate in the match as they could not obtain the necessary leave to come to Bombay.

The Nawab of Pataudi has declined the invitation to skipper the team owing to ill-health.

The Muslim team is now as follows:—

1. LT. WAZIR ALI, (Captain).
2. LT. S. M. HUSSAIN.
3. M. NISSAR.
4. NAKHUDA (Wicket keeper.)
5. MUSHTAQUE ALI.
6. MUBARAK ALI.
7. AMIR ELAHI.
8. BAPORIA.
9. S. M. KADRI.
10. M. HASSAN.
11. A. HAKIM.

Reserves:—S. HEPTULLA. M. SURTI. A. PEERBHOY.

COCHIN TO BE MAJOR PORT

Govt. Of India To Supervise Administration According To Agreement

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

The Cochin Harbour Conference finally met to-day and concluded its work. A communique issued by Government to-day on the Conference which met from the eleventh to fifteenth of November, states:—

"As a result of a week's discussions an agreement has been reached, which, it is expected, will enable Government of India to give its sanction to the fourth stage being proceeded with. Government of India has undertaken, on certain conditions, to make advances to the Harbour, the authority of which will enable that body to pay off the advances already made by the Government of Madras. They also have undertaken, in consideration of the Cochin Government taking over the financial liability of the Government of Madras in respect of the fourth stage, to advance to the Cochin Government the amount involved in this assumption of the liability.

Government of India has also agreed to declare Cochin a major port at an earlier date than was originally contemplated. This will involve the substitution of the Government of India for the Madras Government in the responsibility for the supervision of the port, the administration of which will be carried on by a Trust at Cochin for the setting up of which, the necessary legislation will be introduced at an early date in the Legislative Assembly and the Cochin Legislature.

An agreement also has been reached regarding the composition of the Port Trust on which the Government of India, the Government of Cochin and the Government of Travancore will be represented.—United Press.

CHRISTENING OF INFANT PRINCE

Water From Jordan Will Be Used At Ceremony

LONDON: Nov. 14.

The christening ceremony of the infant-son of the Duke and Duchess of Kent will take place in the private Chapel at Buckingham Palace, on the afternoon of November 20.

It is understood that four names will be given to the baby Prince: namely, Edward, George, Nicholas and Patrik.

The Archbishop of Canterbury will officiate at the ceremony and only members of the Royal Family and intimate friends of the Duke and Duchess of Kent will be present.

Sacred water from the River Jordan will be used by the Archbishop for the ceremony and an old Font is being brought from Windsor.—B.O.W.

TEMPLE THROWN OPEN TO HARIJANS

HYDERABAD (Dn.), November 15.

At the initiative of Mr. Baji Krishna Rao, a caste Hindu, who has been working for the Harijan uplift movement, Sri Laxminarayan Temple in Secundarabad has been thrown open to Harijans.—United Press.

SIR CALIDORE WINS DERBY CUP

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The Derby Cup race run at Derby over a distance of one mile six furlongs resulted as follows:—

SIRCALIDORE (Richardson 1
MERELYAMINOR (E. Smith) 2
JOHN JAMES (Beary) 3

Eigteen ran.

The race was won by head; one and a half lengths separated the second and third.

Starting prices:—6|1 Sircalidore, 8|1 Merelyaminor, 20|1 John James.

Lawson is the trainer of Sircalidore.

JEAN BATTEN AT RIO DE JANEIRO

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 15.

Air woman, Jean Batten arrived by a military aeroplane sent to fetch her.

Her machine was slightly damaged in landing.—Reuter.

Batten's Safe Landing

Jean Batten is reported to have safely landed last night on the coast at Araruama owing to shortage of fuel.

Bangalore Congressmen's Protest

(From A Correspondent.)

BANGALORE, Nov. 15.

The District Congress Committee and the Swadeshi Vyapari Sangha have strongly protested against the inclusion of Binny Mill products and foreign articles in the Swadeshi Exhibition organized by the State Women's Conference opened by the Diwan, Sir Mirza Ismail. The organizers refuse to remove the objectionable articles.

Telegrams have been sent to Gandhiji and Babu Rajendra Prasad and Mrs. Lilavati Munshi and developments are awaited.

T. C. Longfield, skipper of European Team.

"AXE" IN U. P. GOVT.

Police And Jail To Come For Their Share Of 20 Lakhs

LUCKNOW, Nov. 15.

It is understood that permanent economies to the extent of about Rs. 20,00,000 in the expenditure of the U. P. Government are likely to be effected as a result of the report of the Official Retrenchment Committee, which was considered by Mr. J. M. Clay, Finance Member as Chairman and Mr. J. L. Sathe, Finance Secretary and Mr. K. N. Knox, Junior Member of the Board of Revenue. The Committee has been working since May to retrench the expenses of the reserved side.

JAIL AND POLICE.

Informed circles consider that when permanent economies will be effected, recurrent deficit budgets of the province will be past history. Special officers have already been appointed to effect retrenchment in police, jail and other departments of the reserved side, but how they are proceeding to implant these proposals is not yet known. However it is definitely learnt that police expenses are being retrenched by Rs. 8,00,000.

The transferred departments have not yet been pruned, but suggestions for retrenchment have been invited by Ministers concerned. It is difficult to forecast the exact proportion of the total retrenchment that will have to be borne by the transferred departments but as the normal expenditure of the reserved side is approximately double that of the transferred side, it gives grounds for the belief that the economies there will be in the same proportion.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

"SPLENDID" SAYS BALDWIN

LONDON, Nov. 15.

"The result is splendid," declared Mr. Baldwin in a message to the country. "The Nation has expressed decisively its confidence in our will and ability to continue the work for national restoration and world peace. I am most grateful to those who have laboured so unsparingly to achieve this success. We shall give all in us in the years ahead to justify the country's trust."

With only about a score of seats still to be glled the Government's majority in the new Parliament may be estimated at about 250. The reduction of majority as compared with the old Parliament is regarded as likely to benefit the Commons and to abolish the tendency to lethargy among the majority and discouragement among the minority due to overwhelming preponderance of the National Government's supporters previously.

Mr. Walter Elliott has been declared elected by a majority of 149 after re-count.—Reuter.

Surprise Attack On Italian Column

All-Day Battle On Danakil Front

ANTALO BOMBED

Abyssinians Cut Off Advancing Force From Main Body

ASMARA, Nov. 15.

A column of Italian "Askaris" mostly composed of wild Danakil levies led by Col. Mariotti was advancing towards Asbi to join Gen. Santini's column there when it was ambushed on a narrow mountain path by about 500 Abyssinians from the commanding slopes above on Col. Mariotti's men. Facing a merciless machinegun fire it deployed gradually encircling the Abyssian machinegun nests.

DAYLONG BATTLE

A daylong battle ensued and lasted till the Abyssians dispersed over a 10,000 foot ridge to the westward leaving 55 dead and uncounted wounded and a large quantity of munitions on the battlefield. The Italian losses are four officers including Col. Belli killed, fifty "Askaris" wounded and twenty killed.

Meanwhile Col. Mariotti's force is still separated from Gen. Santini by a ridge. Food supplies for his men are being dropped by parachute.

ANTALO BOMBED

A large scale operation commenced this morning south of Makale where the encampment of 500 tents has been discovered outside the market centre of Antalo. It was heavily bombed by the Italian squadron creating panic among the Abyssinians.—Reuter.

YUGOSLAVIA AND SANCTIONS

RUGBY, Oct. 15.

In connection with the recommendations of the League States engaged in fulfilling their obligations under Article XVI of the Covenant, Government of Yogoslavia has proposed to British Government a discussion between experts of the two Governments on possible trading adjustments which might help Yugoslavia in meeting the losses involved in the imposition of economic sanctions against Italy.

Delegates from the Yugoslav Ministry of Commerce have arrived in London to-day and conversations with the officials of the Board of Trade will be begun next week.

Principal commodities for which, it is understood, the Yugoslav Government is looking for increased outlet are, pigs, poultry, particularly Turkeys and eggs.—B.O.W.

ITALY ANNEXES TIGRE PROVINCE

(Special Cable.)

MAKALLE, November 14.

General De Bono formally annexed the Tigre province in the name of King.

A colourful ceremony was held in which he was flanked on one side by Ras Gugsa, and on the other by Count Ciano.

Italy now occupies about 12,000 square miles of Abyssinian territory.

NO EXPORT OF WAR MATERIALS

German Govt. Announces Ban

BERLIN, Nov. 15.

The Government has announced ban on export of war materials except under permit. The contravention is punishable "with considerable sentences."

It is claimed, this regulation is very similar to that applied to other countries but does not discriminate against a particular country.—Reuter.

NOBEL PRIZES FOR FRANCE & ENGLAND

(Special Cable.)

STOCKHOLM, November 14.

The Nobel Prize for Chemistry, has been jointly awarded to Professor Joliot of Paris and his wife Madame Curie Joliot, the daughter of the famous Madame Curie.

The Nobel Prize for Physics has been awarded to Professor James Chadwick of Cambridge in recognition of the discovery of the Neutron.

ALLEGED MUNITIONS FACTORY RAIDED

Twelve Men Arrested

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

Countrymade pistols and guns were seized by police in the course of a raid in a village in the 24 Parganas as also a large number of different parts of guns and pistols in the process of manufacture. Large quantities of ammunition pallets, gum-powder and instruments for preparing cartridges were also seized.

The police have arrested a dozen men in this connection. The man in the occupation of the house from which these articles were seized has also been arrested. He is supposed to be in touch with a notorious gang of dacoits and the supplier of arms to it.

The gang is reported to be responsible for not less than 30 dacoities many of which were attended with murder and abduction. Police attach great importance to these seizures.—A. P.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted Educated, well-placed Bania Gujarati gentleman to marry young, fair, cultured Bania girl, aged 20, apply Box No. 5179, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a B.Sc., strong in Chemistry. Apply with minimum salary Box No. 5166, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Junior Clerks not afraid of hard work. Good prospects. Apply with 5 pice stamp, Box 5171, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a lady Mathematics or Science Graduate Teacher, B.T., preferred. Apply with copies of testimonials to the Secretaries, Students' Literary and Scientific Society's Girls' High School, Nowroji Street, Thakurdwar, Bombay 2. (5156).

Wanted Gujarati or Marathi typist and General Clerk for permanent Vacancies. Salary Rs. 35/40. Apply Mr Dalal, Agent R.S.A., for further particulars, personally at 369/71, Hornby Road, 3rd Floor, Narabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay. (5128)

Wanted A two hours' part-time accountant possessing necessary qualifications of writing Trust Accounts with practical experience. Apply with testimonials before the 25th November stating salary expected to Box No. 2092, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted.—Chief Officer on Rs. 170—10—300 p.m., T.A., according to C.S.R. The appointment will be on probation for one year and subject to the approval of Government. Further particulars can be had from the undersigned. The applications stating, caste, nationality, age, native place, present service, etc., should be submitted before 5th December, 1935. Bhimbhai R. Naik, President, District Local Board, Surat. Surat, 10th November, 1935. (2078).

Four Stores Clerks Wanted, Marathi knowing, good general and technical education, with practical experience in either Permanent Way—Electrical Signals and Telephones—Textiles or Hardware. Salary Rs. 40 to 80 according to experience—Prospects for good men. Two posts may be filled by Muslims if suitable. Apply own hand-writing with age—education—work done to Box No. 2037, "Bombay Chronicle".

A real opportunity for Insurance Salesmen. Wanted immediately by a progressive Life Insurance Company of Lahore, a few Chief Agents, Branch Secretaries, Organisers and Inspectors of Agencies, for Bombay Presidency, Central India, Hyderabad, Deccan, Rajputana, on very liberal and attractive terms of commission and/or salary, with the benefits of Provident Fund, Free Insurance, Retiring Gratuity, Hereditary and unconditional renewals, etc., apply sharp stating experience and qualifications, care of No. 5152, "Bombay Chronicle", Bombay.

Wanted on salary and commission basis influential and honest persons as Chief Agents and Agents to represent one old Life Office in Goa, Belgaum, Ratnagiri, Karwar and Dharwar Districts. (5142).

12. TO BE LET

To Be Let—From 1st January, Moghe Blocks, Dadar, Gokhale Road, on early payment of one month's rent as deposit. (5161).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

Airy flats to Let immediately in 27 Ghoga Street, Fort. Apply Parshottam Mulji, 381, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2. (5176).

27. HOTELS.

National Hindu Hotel, Ballard Pier Tram Junction, Fort, Bombay High class Board and lodging; splendid food; spacious rooms—all comforts. Monthly Rs. 40, Daily Rs. 2/8. (2056).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

French, German, Italian, Spanish, tuition and translations by experienced German teacher, write to Mr. Fr. Oettinger, Rebsch, Str., 1F. Gobhai House, Bombay, 11. (5160)

American Dental College. Intensely practical dental training leading to successful career. Excellent facilities. Efficient Staff. Session begins 15th January. For Illustrated. Prospectus, apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D. D. S. Karachi. (5143).

Senior Cambridge Institute, Sirdar High School premises, Lamington Road coaches candidates for July Cambridge and Panjab Matriculation examination. Classes regularly conducted. Apply immediately. (1775)

Shorthand. Typewriting. Bookkeeping! Expert Tuition. Moderate fees. Success guaranteed. Join Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas, Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road. (5100).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Loan Arranged Personal Security, Mortgages Property, Jewellery, Motors, Call Money Arranging Co., Prarthana Samaj, Opp. Goldfield Leather Works, 292, Shantinivas, Bombay, Tel. 42669. (5178).

Wanted a loan of Rs. 1,000/2,000 against the security of policies of Rs. 2,000 by a gentleman in service in Bombay repayable by regular monthly instalments with reasonable interests; post particulars to Box No. 5170, "Bombay Chronicle".

63. RADIO EQUIPMENT.

Radio set R.C.A. model 141 A.C. 8 volvs slightly used 16 to 550 meters Rs. 130, Ramjanally Ebrahim, 81, Princess Street, Bombay 2. (5168)

73 AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—For kerosene and petroleum, chief Agents for the various provinces and chief cities of India. Apply sharp. The Imperial Oil Distributing Co., 113-115, Esplanade Road, Bombay. (5149).

Wanted agents for the Lakshmi Insurance Co. Ltd., founded by the late L. Lajpat Rai and Pandit Motilal Nehru at Poona, Sholapur, Karnatak and Hyderabad (Dn.) The undersigned will be pleased to interview applicants at their places during his impending tour of these towns. Apply to The Secretary, Lakshmi Insurance Co., Ltd., Fort, Bombay. (2081).

Wanted Chief Agents to organise Share selling Agencies and to sell shares of a prospective Sugar concern on fixed monthly pay from Rs. 100 to Rs. 250 plus commission. Apply to Mg. Agents, All India Sugar Mills, Ltd., 135, Canning Street, Calcutta. (2043).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

75. INVESTMENTS.

A good opportunity, lucrative in dustrial scheme. Definite income of 200/- p.m., on an investment of about 600/- to 700/-. Apply with four annas stamps to P. O. Box 3532, Bombay 4. (5169).

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Complete cotton pressing plant in running order for particulars apply Box No. 5167, "Bombay Chronicle".

118. TAILORING

We have pleasure to announce that we have opened a Tailoring shop at Digvijay Mill Chawl, Lalbaug, Parel. Charges very moderate. For Complete Khaki suit Rs 5. For Complete Khaki suit of Taxi-Drivers Rs. 5. Trial order solicited. Digvijay Tailoring House. Specialists in Shirts and Suits. (5180)

121. DAILY WANTS.

"Falcon Beer". In bottles and on draught available at the "Taj Mahal Hotel" and "Green's" (2021)

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale—Solid teakwood Dispensary furniture, Drugs. Useful for chemists and Doctors. Apply Box No. 5164, "Bombay Chronicle".

Large Stock of Heena Leaves ready for sale write with offers and quantity required to Box No. 5177, "Bombay Chronicle".

Sexus Paste, best Contraceptive Jelly Complete outfit Rs 2/12. Refill, Rs. 2 Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (4440).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in the columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices

ORDER BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE.
Under Section 23, of Act IV of 1902.

QUADRANGULAR CRICKET TOURNAMENT,
(16th to 21st and 23rd to 26th November, 1935).
and
MATCHES WITH AUSTRALIAN CRICKETERS.
(30th November to 2nd December and 5th to 8th December, 1935).

All vehicles will set down passengers at the entrance to the Cricket ground on Esplanade Road facing south. Vehicles approaching from the south will proceed along Esplanade Road and turn into the south-bound stream of traffic either at Dhobi Talao or where directed to do so by the police on duty.

All vehicles will pick up passengers facing south and draw off in the same direction.

No parking of vehicles will be permitted on Waudby Road.

W. R. G. SMITH.
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office.
Bombay, 13th November, 1935.
2094.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

Notice having been given of the loss of Policy No. 290225 on the life of BALUBHAI CHHAGANLAL GANDHI of Satyadpura Market, Surat, a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

J. R. MACPHERSON.
Manager.
Bombay, 16th Nov. 1935.
5144.

WILSON COLLEGE, BOMBAY.

The Extension to the College Buildings will be opened by His Excellency the Governor on MONDAY, 25th November, at 3-30 p.m. Past Students of the College are invited to be present on the occasion. Guests are requested to be in their seats by 3.20 p.m.

JOHN MCKENZIE.
Principal.
2095.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY
INSOLVENCY No. 261 of 1935.

Re-HEMCHAND TOKERSEY of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Ghatkoper, carrying on business at Zaveri Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay: An Adjudged Involvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 7th January, 1936, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 14th day of November, 1935.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Offg. Insolvency Registrar.
2098.

MADRAS & SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in England).

NOTICE.

TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF COAL DURING 1936-37.

Tenders are invited for the supply of the following Steam Coal to the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway during the 12 months ending 31st March, 1937:—Coal to be delivered by sea at

Mormugao into wagons to be provided by the Railway ..... Up to 100,000 tons.

2. The coal must be either of Selected Grade or Grade I, either hand-picked or screened and be free from shale or other deleterious matter. It must be fresh coal. "Weathered" coal will not be accepted.

3. Forms of Tender, Specifications and Instructions to Tenderer may be obtained from the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, No. 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of Re. 1 for each set.

4. No Tender will be considered unless it is submitted in the prescribed Form.

5. The Tenders which may be submitted for the whole or for any portion of the quantity noted above should be addressed in sealed covers to the "Agent, Madras & Southern Mahratta Railway c/o the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, Calcutta" superscribed "Tenders for the supply of Coal." The Tenders should be lodged in the Tender Box kept in the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, before 11-00 A.M. on the 30th November 1935.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender or to assign any reason for non-acceptance; he further reserves the right to accept any Tender wholly or in part at his option.

CALCUTTA.
Dated the 12th November, 1935.
2097.

Public Notices

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

LOST OR MISLAID.

Share Certificates in respect of Fifty Shares, Nos. 594821-594870 of The Central Bank of India, Ltd., in the name of Bawa Kesar Singh Verma have been lost or mislaid. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified within One month to the registered Office of the Bank, Central Bank building Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, otherwise Duplicates of the same will be issued to the above party.

Bombay, 15th November, 1935.
5172.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 819 of 1933.

Bai JADIBAI ... Plaintiff.
vs.
MAHARAJ ATMANAND SARASWATI ... Defendant.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute, dated 17th January, 1935, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, 20th November, 1935, at 3 p.m. (S. T.).

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece of land together with building and structures thereon bearing Non-agricultural Survey No. 1 of Bandra Bombay Suburban District, admeasuring 261 square yards or thereabouts and also the piece of Goutan land, admeasuring 182 square yards together with the building thereon being in the village site of Khari registered No. 178 in the map marked-sheet.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. MEHTA LALJEE & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 2-4, Oak Lane, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 26th day of Sept., 1935.
(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAJ,
Offg. Commissioner.
2090

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.
In Insolvency.
No. 394 of 1935.

Re: HOMI DOSSABHAI BIRDI, Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Insolvent abovenamed desires to pay off his creditors in full.

Creditors who have not proved their claims herein are requested to do so in the Office of the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof. If they fail to do so, their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to distribute the monies in his hands without regard to such claims.

Bombay, dated this 14th day of November, 1935.

N. B. ABUWALA.
Ag. Official Assignee.
Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.
2101

Auction Sales

DHANIDADUNA & SONS.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and other effects belonging to the different Parties TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. in our Auction Hall at Dastur's Bungalow, Naigaum Cross Road, Dadar.

DHANIDADUNA & SONS,
Household Furniture Auctioneers.

Messrs. BANKER & Co.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (SATURDAY) at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, Near Italian Restaurant of complete bungalow furniture, Godrej safe, Gramophone, Singer Machine, Portable typewriter Harmonium, Chesterfield sets, Wardrobes, A. C. Fans, Glassware, etc.

Auction Sales

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

WEEKLY SALE on WEDNESDAY, the 20TH NOVEMBER, 1935, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at the Sale Room of the undersigned:—

Under instructions from the Court Receiver appointed Receiver in Suit No. 27 of 1933; (Maganlal Khushal Vs. Upadhiah Mulshankar):—

1 Safe by Rahemtulla size 24" x 18" x 18".

1 Safe by Harichand size 24" x 20" x 18" both with stand.

Furniture comprising panel door, Cupboard, glass door show cases, pehdi boxes, mattresses, stools, cooking utensils, etc.

By order of the Official Liquidator of the Currimbhoy Ebrahim & Sons, Ltd. (In Liquidation):—

A lot of wooden display stands, iron baskets etc.

By order of the parties concerned:—

Furniture comprising Chesterfield sofa and easy chairs, one old open carved blackwood round table, writing bureaus, chairs, partition, cabinet, blackwood sofas and chairs, card tables, oil painting, verandah benches, dining table, sideboard, iron and teakwood bedsteads, dressing and writing tables, press almirahs, electric table fan and primaphone, marble top tables hat stands, Japanese Satsuma vases, a lot of books, 1 Ravat cycle and 1 Mackenzie Motor Cycle No. BOM. 847/Z.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

BENNETT AND CO.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, ETC.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1277 of 1935 (Mahomed Usman vs. Bachu Umer) Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on FRIDAY, the 29th November, 1935, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms:—

Furniture such as sofas, chairs, cupboards, wall-clock, dressing table, hat-stand, bedsteads, folding cot, iron safe, ceiling fan, one lot wearing apparels, etc.

By order of the Court Liquidator of Messrs. Currimbhoy Ebrahim Mills:—

Furniture such as cupboard, large partitions, chairs, revolving chairs, side-tables, writing tables, wall-clock, gun sectional book-cases, wooden benches and railings, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE DIAMOND AND PEARL ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from Dayabhai Chhaganlal Esq. and on account and at the risk of Mr. Hirachand Amichand, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on FRIDAY, the 22nd November, 1935, at 3 P. M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms:—

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Our Readers' Views

Curing Eyesight By Exposure To Sun

I.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the letter of Mr. Patel on the above subject, I am strongly of opinion that the improvement in his eyesight was due to the exposure to sun. From Saturday the 9th inst. till Sunday forenoon my eye was aching, and though I washed the eye with water and turned the upper eyelid over the lower and massaged the eye, the aching persisted. At about 1 p.m. I took the full rays of the sun on my open eye for about 10 minutes and the aching eased somewhat. Then I witnessed a cricket match in hot sunshine and in the evening the eye cured itself. In support of the theory "Cure by exposure to sun", I would point out that sunbathing has come to be known as the best remedy for many bodily ills and diseases. I remember when I was in an European Hospital a patient was made to sit in the sun for one hour and to expose the diseased part of his body to the sun. I was operated for rectal avscess, and just when the wound was being healed up I was given violet-ray treatment and after my discharge I was told by the experienced nurse to expose the affected part for about 15 minutes to the sun. This subject is indeed very educational, instructive and beneficial to the suffering humanity, and I hope other readers and doctors will enlighten the public on the theory that "Cure by exposure to sun or sun-bathing is real and good."—Yours, etc.,

"SUNSHINE."

Bombay, Nov. 13.

II.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the letter published on Wednesday in your columns in which a correspondent inquires about treatment of eye troubles with sun rays, I beg to refer him in the matter to Mr. Ruttansha Kersasp Dadachanji, B.A., LL.B., Pleader, Princess Street, Dhobhi Talao, Bombay who some years ago published an article on the subject in the Press and who will give your correspondent the necessary information on the subject.—Yours, etc.,

ZOROASTRIAN.

Municipal Bye-Election

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—I have read the appeal signed by prominent citizens in support of Dr. Deshmukh's candidature in "Bombay Chronicle." I think it is highly advisable in the interest of the Congress Party in the Assembly as well as in the interest of the nation as a whole that Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, M. D. (Lond.), F. R. C. S. (Eng.) should withdraw himself from contesting the said election and some other Congress Candidate should seek the same. On some occasions Dr. Deshmukh's presence will be needed in both the Houses equally and urgently which he will be unable to manage. Secondly, on such supreme occasions one vote in favour of the Congress Party in the Assembly is of utmost importance which would give either defeat or success of important resolutions of vital importance. Besides, in the Corporation the same difficulty may arise. Therefore Dr. Deshmukh's election to the Corporation instead of being a help to the Nationalist Party would defeat the very aim with which Congressmen have entered the Corporations, Provincial Councils and the Legislative Assembly. Hence I appeal to Dr. G. V. Deshmukh in the interest of the Congress Party in the Assembly and in the name of the Nation as a whole to withdraw from the Municipal Election and thus allow some other Congress Candidate to serve the Corporation. Lastly, I would like to draw the attention of the Parliamentary Board of the Congress to prevent Congress M. L. A.'s from contesting any other election on the same lines as the British Labour Party have recently decided that Labour M. P.'s should not be Corporators or Councillors.—Yours, etc.

N R. PURANDARE.

Versova.

Vote For Dr. Deshmukh

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The voters of A Ward must do their duty by the City by electing Dr. Deshmukh to the Municipal Corporation.

Dr. Deshmukh's services to the City through the Corporation have been too valuable to need any emphasis. When Mayor during the Hindu-Muslim riots of 1929 Dr. Deshmukh did yeoman's services in helping to restore peace.—Yours, etc.

CITIZEN.

"A" Ward Election

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—There is to be a bye-election from the "A" ward on the 19th instant, caused by the death of Mr. G. Griffiths, and so far there are only two candidates in the field, Dr. G. V. Deshmukh and Mr. J. P. Katgara, proprietor of Messrs. Jeena and Company, Bombay.

Your readers will agree that since "A" ward is predominently a commercial ward, it should return a candidate who is acquainted with the commercial problems of the city and as such, Mr. Katgara of Messrs. Jeena and Co., who has been in business for over 30 years, is the fit candidate.

The services of Dr. Deshmukh to the City began by his having been returned to the Corporation from the "D" ward, and ultimately he became its Mayor.

I think it is generally admitted that any man, no matter how capable he may be, should not attempt to do too much, or have too many irons in the fire.

Take the case of Mr. L. R. Tairsee, who, though approached, did not stand from "A" ward for the said election, because he has enough to do in the local Legislative Council; if he had stood, he had the best chance of being returned from the "A" Ward, as being a resident of that ward for over 50 years, and also being a businessman was capable of looking to the commercial interest.

I am sure that if he had stood, he would undoubtedly have been elected.

May I therefore request Dr. Deshmukh to withdraw his candidature in favour of such a commercial man as Mr. Katgara?—Yours, etc.,

AN INDIAN VOTER.

CHINA NOT OUT FOR INFLATION

Vice-Consul Repudiates Rumour Of Negotiations For British Loan

BOMBAY, Friday.

The following communique has been issued by the Vice-Consul of the Republic of China in Bombay:—

Cable information has been received at this Office that with effect from November 4 the bank notes reserves of the Central Bank of China, the Bank of China and the Bank of Communications shall be placed under united control. The Bank notes issued by any of these banks shall be full legal tender. All holders of silver are required to exchange their silver for legal tender notes. Government will impose heavy punishments for attempts to hide or smuggle silver.

STABILISING THE MARKET.

The notes of all other issuing banks will be allowed to continue in circulation. In order to enable Government to gradually replace the notes of all the other issuing banks with those of the Central Bank, no new notes will be issued by those banks and those already in circulation will be withdrawn. All their unissued notes are required to be handed over to the Central Bank and these will be redeemed by the legal tender notes. The Government banks referred to will buy silver unlimitedly and buy and sell foreign exchanges in unlimited quantities so as to stabilise the market. The exchange value of the Chinese dollar will be stabilised at the present level.

The policy of the Government is to prevent silver from going out of the country. It is neither a policy of inflation nor of paper currency.

The present legal tender is received with hearty welcome by the public.

The rumour in circulation that the Chinese Government has negotiated a loan of 10 million Pounds Sterling from the British Government is entirely baseless.

COLLEGE TRAINING IN NAGPUR

University To Consider Move To Raise Standard Of Teaching

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Nov. 13

Mr. N. G. Oka, an energetic member of the Nagpur University Court intends to move resolutions in the ensuing meeting of the Court to be held on the 6th December, that in view of the fact that the students of our province do not get admission into the Medical or Engineering Colleges in other provinces the Court is of opinion that a subcommittee be appointed to consider the feasibility or the practicability of raising the present Medical and Engineering Schools at Nagpur to the status of a college and then to get them affiliated to the University or to suggest any other remedy to remove the above difficulty.

Mr. Oka also desires that the University should try to obtain the full statistics of the unemployed graduates and undergraduates in every district of the province with the causes preventing them from getting an employment and the University should suggest some remedies if possible to alleviate the present unfortunate circumstances; to consider the feasibility and desirability of establishing a faculty of commerce or introducing commerce subjects in the present B. A. course; and to consider whether it is practicable and feasible to introduce extra-mural lecture system or to affiliate any educational institution ready to do the above work to enable the poor but intelligent students or clerks in Government offices to get higher education.

WATERY GRAVE FOR FOUR CHILDREN

Drowning Fatality At Jamshedpur

JAMSHEDPUR, Nov. 14.

Four children of a family met with watery grave under tragic circumstances.

The father of the boys, a Mistry in the Machine Shop of the Steel Company with his wife and the 4 children two daughters and 2 sons, went on the full moon day to bathe at the confluence of Kharkai and Subarnarekha. The father got out from the river after finishing his bath and the mother was preparing tea for the children on the bank of the river while the children were still bathing. Suddenly all the children went beyond their depth and were drowned.

The dead bodies were recovered after a long search.—United Press.

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OUR ABYSSINIAN LETTER

(Continued from Page 20.)

the troops of Dedjaz Masn are penetrating Eritrea from this side.

HARRAR NOT TO BE BOMBED

It is known through the French Consulate that the Italians have now assured the French that Harrar being a historic Muslim town and having some very ancient tombs will not be bombarded by them.

U. S. PUTS EMBARGO

President's Recognition Of Abyssinian War And Its Sequel

NEW YORK, (By Air Mail).

The President of the United States has recognised the actual existence of a state of war between Ethiopia and Italy, although neither of the belligerents has declared war.

The consequence of this recognition of a state of war between Ethiopia and Italy has been that the United States has put an embargo on war materials such as arms, munitions, airplanes and parts, etc. Neither of the belligerents can secure these proscribed items, nor can American citizens sell them.

AMERICA SHUNS WAR

America sincerely shuns war and has no desire to participate in any if she can help it, either directly or indirectly. She does not want to make even commercial profits out of any future wars, for the good reason that there will not be any. In the last war she sold billions of dollars worth of goods to the allies but failed to collect most of her money.

America was badly bitten then and therefore will be more than twice shy in the future as regards war profits.

There is no doubt that America abhors war. All observers have noticed it and also foreseen American embargoes in future wars.

STORING WAR MATERIALS

Since a general war is anticipated everywhere within a near future, the Great Powers have been storing war materials from America for some time now.

During the last eight months Japan, Great Britain and Italy have been heavy buyers of war materials here, in the order named.

Japan has bought 348,971,135 pounds of cotton, 11,337,336 pounds of linters, 889,232 tons of iron and steel scrap, 23,148 tons of waste tinplate, 5,709 trucks and buses, 7,798 tons of nitrogenous fertilizer and 24 302 pounds of gases.

Great Britain purchased 223,319,355 pounds of cotton, 16,[illegible]548 pounds of linters, 169,197 tons of iron and steel scrap, 2,725 tons of waste tinplate, 1 208 trucks and buses, three planes, 20,000 safety fuses and 200,416 pounds of gases.

ITALY BUYS

Italy purchased 148,803,436 pounds of cotton, 5,747,384 pounds of linters, 237,808 tons of iron and steel scrap, 324 trucks and buses, 3,364 tons of tinplate scrap two planes, 957 pounds of ammonia annydrous and 2,897 pounds of other gases.

Also France bought 8 310,337 pounds and Germany 6,668 pounds of gases respectively.— United Press.

CONTRABANDS CAUSE LOSS OF LAKH TO ASSAM EXCISES

SHILLONG, (By Mail).

A statement that a lakh of rupees a month is lost to the revenues of Assam through illicit distillation is contained in the adminstration report of the Excise Department of the province for 1934-35.

A progressive decline in consumption of liquor and in revenue, together with a remarkablt rise in excise offences has been recorded from year to year. The receipts from country liquor during the year were Rs. 11,62,164, the lowest on record since 1911-12.

The downward trend of consumption and revenue continutd during the year though in a less degree. The total receipts (excluding advance collections) amounted to Rs. 30,03,424, as against Rs. 31,71,618 in 1933-34. In 1928-29 the revenue realised was 66,36,860. The fall in receipts during the year amounted to about 17 per cent. of the present total provincial revenues.

Opium consumption fell from 317 maunds 14 seers to 293 maunds 33 seers and revenue there from by 7.4 per cent. namely, from Rs. 18.69.604 to Rs. 16,13,926.

Revenue from ganja fell from Rs. 3,76,315 to Rs. 2.72.108 but consumption rose from 220 maunds 24 seers to 224 maunds 19 seers.—United Press.

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Motor Taxation Bill Becomes Law

Europeans & Non-Brahmins Walk Into Govt. Lobby

(FROM OUR LOBBY CORRESPONDENT.)

The Third Reading of the Motor Vehicles Taxation Bill was passed by the Bombay Legislative Council by an overwhelming majority and the Act will come into force from next financial year.

The Government were able to carry with them as many as 52 members into their lobby, while only 24 voted against the Third Reading. Many of the non-Brahmin members and the Europeans joined the Government, while some others who had opposed the Bill during the First and Second Readings walked into the Government lobby as they did not want to be "a party to throwing out the Bill at this stage"

Points From Speeches

Mr. S. D. Saklatvala, the millowners' representative put in a plea on behalf of the poorer classes and said that the Bill had been brought before the House because of the agitation of some well-to-do motorists. Government probably believe that it was meritorious to "rob Peter to pay Paul".

Mr. L. R. Tairsee said that Bombay City had been very unfairly treated by the Government and Bombay which knew it was in the right would fight for its rights.

Sir Rafiuddin Ahmed, who made a fine speech spoiled the whole effect of it on the House by going headlong in his attack the Finance Member side by side with the praise of the Home Member.

BAD ACCOUSTICS.

Since nothing tangible had been done to improve the accoustics of the Council Hall, especially after the persistant complaints made by Press representatives, it came as a surprise to many that Mr. Gough the Secretary of the European group, who had been sitting for the last few days in one of the galleries, should have been allowed to sit on the floor of the House. On enquiries made, I was informed that there is a precedent for this action of the authorities concerned. Whether there is a precedent for any action of the authorities or not, it is very essential that they should take the earliest opportunity to see that Press Representatives are provided a place from where, they will be able to hear clearly.

ATTACK ON P. A. C. REPORT.

After the passage of the Third Reading of the Bill, the House took up for consideration the Public Accounts Committee Report. Both Rao Saheb Kulkarni and Mr. L. R. Gokhale, who seemed to have made a thorough study of the Report made a vehement attack on the administration of the different Government Departments.

PROBLEMATIC POSITION.

The last clause of the Bombay Motor Vehicles Taxation Bill during its second reading was taken up for consideration by the Bombay Legislative Council to-day, with Sir A. M.K. Dehlavi in the chair.

Clause 22 runs as follows:

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Motor Vehicles (Bombay Amendment) Act, 1935, any fees payable in respect of and incidental to registration of motor vehicles for any period after the commencement of this Act shall be levied at such rates as may be prescribed under rules made under section 11 of the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914, as if the said Act had not been amended by the provisions of the Indian Motor Vehicles (Bombay Amendment) Act, 1935.

Dr. M. K. Dixit (Poona) moved the following amendment:

In Clause 22, after the word "incidental" delete the word 'to' and substitute the words 'only to cover up the charges for effecting.'

The Finance Secretary, Mr. C.G. Freke, moved another amendment, which was a verbal improvement on Mr. W. G. Lely's amendment, which was not moved.

In Clause 22, add the following proviso:—"Provided that the rates so prescribed shall be such that the fees to be collected shall not exceed the cost of administration as determined by Local Government."

Mr. M.A. Gazdar (Karachi), moved still another amendment to the following effect:—

Add a proviso to Clause 22:—

"Provided that the following will be the maximum rates so prescribed:—

First Registration of a motor vehicle Rs. 8.

Re-registration of a motor vehicle Rs. 2.

Transfer of registration certificate of a motor vehicle Re. 1.

New driving licenses Rs. 5.

Renewal of driving licenses Re. 1.

Temporary driving licenses Rs. 2.

Duplicate certificates or licenses Re. 1.

Problematic Position

Mr. L. R. Gokhale (Poona), supporting Mr. Gazdar's amendment, said that so far the achievements of the House had been in accordance with the Government's intentions, but now the speaker wanted that this last amendment at least should be accepted by the House. Mr. Freke's amendment showed exactly what the Government wanted to do. The House had no idea about the total cost of administration that would be incurred in this connection. "What is the good of having such a problematical position?" The speaker asked.

It was the duty of the Government to supply the members with the necessary figures. The Bombay public would be hard hit by this taxation, as the collection of the Municipal wheel tax still continued. The speaker felt certain that the amount that would be collected by this provision would be much more than what was anticipated. It looked as if the tax would be imposed with a view to give protection to the railways in places where buses competed with them.

Dewan Bahadur Patil, supporting Mr. Gazdar's amendment strongly recommended the Government to accept the amendment.

ANOTHER AMENDMENT.

Mr. G S. Gangoli (Karwar) moved the following amendment to the Finance Secretary's amendment: Add words 'of the Indian Motor Vehicle's Act 1914' between the words 'administration' and 'as.'

He said that the Government had stated before that they would not collect the motor registration fees. As a matter of fact the amount of such fees had been included in the tax that would be collected under the Act.

FINANCE MEMBER YIELDS.

The Finance Member, Khan Bahadur Cooper, climbed down and said that since the known officials seemed to have a doubt about the intentions of the Government though it was stated that nothing more than necessary for the administration would be collected through the registration fees, he had thought it to accept Messrs Gazdar and Gangoli's amendment to the Finance Secretary's amendment provided it was put into proper phraseology.

On the Finance Member accepting the amendments Messrs Gazdar, Gangoli and Dr. Dixit withdrew their amendments.

The Finances Secretary's amended amendment was carried, and thus the second reading of the Motor Vehicles Taxation Bill was passed.

The Finance Member moved the third reading of the Bill.

THIRD READING.

The Finance Member, in moving the 3rd reading of the Motor Vehicles Taxation Bill, thanked the House for enabling him to get to that stage. This was a Bill which was sought to be brought before the House a long time before, but it was not possible to do so.

The Finance Member thought that the Bill would be a great help to the people as a whole as the tolls, which were in existence since 1864, would totally disappear, excepting in a few cases. It was certainly a great achievement since every attempt to do away with the Tolls in the past had failed. This would be a great help to the agriculturists since the Tolls on almost all the roads would be abolished.

"METHOD OF TAXATION KILLING."

Referring to the complaint about the crushing motor trade, he said that it was not the tax that was killing the trade but the method of taxation.

The House would be doing a real service to the country by passing the 3rd Reading of the Bill.

Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale opposed the Third Reading of the Bill.

Denouncing the bill as a whole, Dr. Collaco said that no case had been made out by the Finance Member for the acceptance of this Bill. The principle underlying this bill seemed to him to be that 90 per cent of the people should pay for the benefit of 10 per cent. He could not understand how the abolition of the tolls on the bullock-carts concerned this bill at all. The roads of Bombay were not being ploughed by bullock carts but by motor vehicles. "For the novelty of the thing this bill surpasses all other bills," the speaker continued, and added that he would like to know if the Finance Member took pleasure in the suffering of those people who would be hard hit by this measure. Dr. Collaco felt that the motive behind this bill was something which the Finance Member had not divulged to the House.

Opposing the Third Reading of the bill, Mr. S. D. Saklatvalla said that the preamble to the Bill itself stated that it was expedient to impose taxation of this kind. He wanted to know what the expediency was and where it lay.

"Granting that the necessity for removing the tolls is proved to the bill," the speaker proceeding said, "have the Government proved to us that the general financial position is such that the imposition of this taxation is desirable?"

Mr. Saklatvalla further said that this bill was introduced merely because of the agitation of some motorists belonging to well-to-do classes to abolish tolls because they considered them a nuisance. Thereby the Government were doing a palpable injustice to the poorer section. No reason had so far been advanced for rushing this bill.

UNFAIR TO BOMBAY.

The representation of the Bombay Corporation had been brushed aside. Could the Government show, the speaker asked, any shadow of public opinion for maintaining this Bill? Throughout the debate it was made clear that the city of Bombay was to be penalised for the betterment of the moffussil. Evidently the Government believed it was a meritorious act 'to rob Peter to pay Paul.'

Mr. Saklatwalla further pointed out that the European group had taken the attitude of least resistance concerning this bill. He appealed to the House, excepting the Government bloc who, according to him, were creatures of circumstances, to throw out this bill.

Taking strong exception to the theory advanced by the Finance Secretary during the reading of the bill that the mofussil could do without the city, Mr. L. R. Tairsee said that he was glad that even a moderate member like Mr. Saklatvala had told Government something which they did not expect to hear from that quarter.

Paradoxically speaking Bombay was a city and the whole of India its suburb. This city had not been fairly treated by the Government because, as far as he could estimate, Bombay was overcharged approximately to the extent of rupees five lakhs by this measure. "Bombay," he said, "has short memory but sometimes it acts and when it acts it creates trouble for the Government. Please do remember that Bombay will feel this injustice and I say that when Bombay knows it is in the right. Bombay will fight for its rights."

Rao Bahadur Navle in supporting the Third Reading of the Bill said that it would not be a hardship to the motorists of Bombay and he thought that the House would be well advised to pass the Bill without division.

BAD BILL AND WORSE PILOT.

Sir Raffiuddin Ahmed, who strongly opposed the Bill said that the Government had treated the non-officials with such contempt during the discussion of this Bill, the like of which he had not seen in his lifetime. This Bill would contravene all the good tenets of the principle of taxation. It would legalise "plunder" of the motor industry. The speaker attacked the Finance Member and said that it was a misfortune that the least fitted man had been chosen to pilot the Bill. The Finance Department was the most important Department of the Government and few realised that the happiness and prosperity of the whole presidency depended on the Finance Member. The Bill itself was bad but the pilot was worse. He praised the Home Member and said that the House had the fullest confidence in the Home Member. Speaking about the attitude of the Government benches towards the non-official amendments, the speaker said that they had not gracefully accepted even the one amendment that had been passed.

Mr. L. R. Gokhale opposing the Third Reading said that the opposition of the non-officials to the Bill should not be taken as their approval for the retention of the tolls. They were opposing the Bill because the Government were

(Continued on Page 19 Col. 5.)

BOMBAY CRICKET STADIUM CONTROVERSY

No Definite Decision Taken At City Cricketers' Conference

"CHRONICLE" SPECIAL

It is yet possible to say definitely whether the Cricket Stadium would be built in Bombay.

From conversation with some of the leading representatives of cricket in Bombay, such a possibility seems to be remote, since such a structure is not regarded as advantageous to themselves by the Gymkhanas in the city.

From the Quadrangular or other All-India Cricket Tournaments that have been held so far, the four gymkhanas used to derive great financial gain, which will be denied to them if the Stadium is constructed.

NO APPRECIABLE PROGRESS

No appreciable progress seems to have been made by the Conference of the representatives of the Cricket of India, the Presidency Cricket Association and the four leading Gymkhanas in the city, which was held at Government House on Friday evening under the chairmanship of Lord Brabourne.

The following were among those present:—

Lord Brabourne, the Maharaja of Patiala, Mr. De Mello, Sir Chunilal Mehta, Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Sir Nowroji Saklatvala, Sir Joseph Kay, Mr. L. R. Tairsee, Mr. Jasdenwala, Messrs. Kanga, S. A. Shete and P. D. Lam.

It appears that the meeting lasted for about two hours during which time the four Gymkhanas put forward their views about the scheme. The three Indian Gymkhanas seemed to have made a united plea that their position at present was better than it would be after the Stadium was erected. As for the Bombay Gymkhana, they have been although enjoying a privileged position. They have not had to contribute anything towards the cost of erecting pavillions or shamianas for their members, as the matches were played always on the Bombay Gymkhana grounds. In the event of the Stadium being erected they also would have to pay for their stand in the Stadium.

PATIALA EXPLAINS

It is understood that the Maharaja of Patiala, who was very enthusiastic about the Stadium in Bombay, put forth a scheme and said that each of the four Gymkhanas would be allotted a separate stand with an accommodation of 1,000 persons. Each one of the Gymkhanas should pay to the Cricket Club of India in return anything between Rs. 2 and 3 per seat, as may be fixed later. The Gymkhanas might fix their own rates for the seats later. The other Gymkhanas and Clubs in the city would be allotted a separate stand with a capacity to seat about 6000 persons. The Grand Stand would accommodate about 5000 persons.

The four Gymkhanas were to bear the repair and other minor charges although seats would be provided by the Cricket Club.

WANTED MORE SEATS

Some of the Gymkhana representatives put forth a plea that the number of seats allotted would not be enough and they wanted more seats. But since they were told that it might not be possible to increase the number of seats, the representatives said that they could not give an off hand reply unless they consulted their respective Gymkhanas.

In the meantime another point seems to have arisen. One representative asked about the representation of these four Gymkhanas on the Committee of the Bombay Branch of the Cricket Club of India. The Maharaja of Patiala is stated to have assured them to place the matter before the Board of the Cricket Control and in all probability a few representatives from the Gymkhanas would be coopted into the Provincial Committee of the Cricket Club.

NO DEFINITE DECISION

The representatives of the Gymkhanas were requested to call the general body meetings of their respective Gymkhanas and consult them about the suggestions made at the Conference and give a definite reply at the earliest possible moment. At this stage the Conference rose, without coming to any definite decision on the question.

P. C. C. Prepares For Congress Elections In City

ELECTORAL TRIBUNALS TO BE SET UP FOR CHECKING MALPRACTICES

A special meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee was held on Friday, at the Congress House to consider, the Rules framed, and amendment to the Congress constitution recommended by the Constitution Sub-Committee.

Mr. K. F. Nariman presided.

The Rules in extenso referred to the regulation of business of the District Congress Committees and also to the procedure in case of election disputes arising out of elections to the Provincial Congress Committee.

Mr. P. R. Lele, who moved for the acceptance of the Rules by the House, at the outset pointed out that the proposals were noncontroversial and were intended to facilitate the working of the Congress constitution.

PENALTY FOR MALPRACTICES.

The functions of the Election Tribunals which it had been decided to set up, at a previous meeting of the B.P.C.C., were elaborately defined and provision was made for penalty in case of malpractices at the elections.

The following important proviso was accepted: "Unless set aside or modified by the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress the decision of the Tribunal shall be binding on, and given due effect to, by all persons and committees concerned, provided, however, that pending the decision of the Working Committee, the President of the Committee shall be entitled to apply for such directions as under circumstances he may deem proper; and the Committee shall have the authority to act according to those directions, notwithstanding the decision of the Tribunal."

This amendment moved by Mr. Nagindas T. Master was unanimously acceuted.

The Election Tribunal was by means of another Rule given powers, "in so far as no provision is made in these Rules, the Tribunal may regulate its own procedure."

ELECTION TRIBUNALS.

A transitory Rule stated: "So far as elections of delegates for the ensuing session of the Congress are concerned, the existing Council of the B.P.C.C., shall appoint the Election Tribunal or Tribunals according to the provisions of the foregoing Rules (mentioned at the meeting) and shall also do all the acts necessary to carry out the orders of the Tribunal."

Considerable discussion followed on the issue of non-delegates (according to the new constitution) participating in the proceedings of the future Provincial Congress Committee.

Mr. P. R. Lele moved and Mr. S. K. Patil seconded: "The secretary of any of the following Sub-Committees, even though he may not be a delegate, shall have the right to be present at and to participate in the proceedings of the Committee, but shall not have any right to vote:—

(i) Estate and Finance Committees.

(ii) Harijan Sub-Committee,

(iii) Labour Sub-Committee,

(iv) Constitution Sub-Committee."

(v) Khadi and Swadeshi Sub-Committee.

Mr. Yusuf J. Meherally in opposing the proposition said that it was implied in the Constitution that non-members of the B.P.C.C. could not be the executives of the Sub-Committees.

NON-MEMBERS AT B.P.C.C. MEETINGS.

Mr. S. K. Patil pointed out that in view of the limited membership of the B.P.C.C., of 21 delegates, it would be difficult to carry on the Congress programme without the aid and co-operation of non-members as well, who were taking keen interest in various activities of the Congress. There was already a provision which was accepted by the House previously, that non-members could act on the Sub-Committees, provided that the number of such non-members was not greater than that of the delegate-member. If by chance, any non-delegate was elected Secretary of the Sub-Committee, the present additional clause would apply in such instances. The non-delegate Secretaries of any Sub-Committees would be thus enabled to take part in the proceedings of the B.P.C.C., without enjoying the right to vote.

Mr. Meherally observed that at the time of the Bombay Congress, when the new constitution was being drawn up by Mahatmaji and others, it was made clear that the constitution had to be "tightened" up in the interests of closer co-ordination of effort and, therefore, the membership of Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, in accordance with the general scheme, had to be curtailed. The present move was therefore aganst the new constitution.

Mr. Patil enquired if such an interpreation as given by Mr. Yusuf J. Meherally was correct, when he said that the present proposal went against the Congress constitution itself.

NARIMAN'S RULING.

Mr. Nariman in the course of his ruling in favour of Mr. Patil, said that the B.P.C.C., had accepted that non-delegates could be appointed on the Sub-Committees, provided, of course, that their number was not greater than that of the members of the B.P.C.C. Mr. Nariman observed that in the absence of specific regulations to the contrary, the member of any Sub-Committee, became eligible for election to any office in that Sub-Committee.

The rejection of the present proposition, added Mr. Nariman would mean that the non-member might be prevented from attending the B.P.C.C., meetings to participate in the proceedings, but all the same, there was nothing to prevent his being elected to any office in that particuar Sub-Committee. The only course to stop this would be by amending the constitution of the B.P.C.C.

Mr. Meherally opposed the resolution mainly on the ground that non-members could not participate in the proceedings of the B.P.C.C., under the new constitution.

The resolution was passed by a majority.

The meeting then adjourned, postponing the consideration of the recommendation to the next Congress to give the Provincial Congress Committees the option of adopting either the single transferable vote or the cumulative vote system as convenient.

The Quadrangular Tournament

Teams And Their Prospects

(By J. C. MAITRA)

MUSLIM TEAM WEAKENED

From to-day all roads will lead to the Azad Maidan where the four communities, Mahomedans, Europeans, Hindus and Parsis, will measure their strength for supremacy of Cricket in communal India. Last year's champions' the Mahomedans, who are to play the first match with the Europeans commencing from to-day, have not announced their team as yet, that is, up to the time of writing. The delay is due to the absence of news from two of their stalwarts, Nazir Ali and Baqa Jilani. Now it transpires that both these players will be unable to come here and participate in the tournament as they could not obtain necessary leave. Needless to mention their unavoidable absence will be keenly felt by their team and the community, coming as it does on the top of the refusal of the Nawab of Pataudi to assist his community on the ground of unfitness.

STILL FORMIDABLE

I am told that the rest of the players are here. The team will be like this:—(1) Syed Wazir Ali, Captain, (2) Faiz Ahmed or Nakhuda, (3) Mohamed Nissar, (4) Mubarak Ali, (5) Omer Elahi, (6) Mushtaq Ali, (7) Lt. Mahomed Hussain (8) S. M. Kadri, (9) A. E. Baporia, (10) M. E. Sheik and (11) S. Heptulla. I expect A. A. Hakim and A. Peerbhoy will have a fighting chance to come into the team at the expense of one or the other of the last two. I should not also be surprised if Faiz Ahmed instead of barring the way of Nakhuda, comes in on his batting and fielding merits alone as he did last year. I need hardly say that this team will be appreciably weaker than was originally expected. It is hoped, however, that the three players who now have cried off, will be able to find their Day to participate in the final match.

SEVEN NEW PLAYERS AMONG EUROPEANS

The Europeans have placed a number of new names on the card, with the exception of T. C. Longfield, their skipper. P. N. Miller, H. G. Hopkins and F. Warne, the rest are strangers to Quadrangular Cricket. Almost half their side comes from Calcutta, namely, Longfield, C. K. H. Hillwood, R. A. Gourley, A. G. Skinner and P. I. Vander Gucht. Only two Hopkins and Tew are from Bombay. Among the rest, Patna claims Miller, Lahore Capt. F. G. Arnold, Patiala Warne, Jallundur Capt. H. P. Mallinson and Karachi the twelfth man, F. Syret. The omissions from last year are M. Mackinnon (Captain), R. J. O. Meyer, L. H. Gilbert, G. A. Reinbault, K. Horton, R. C. Musket, R. C. Summerheys, Plec Beevers and K. King (wicket-keeper) who are either not available or have been displaced. Of these Meyer is the only player whose absence would be keenly felt by the Europeans.

THEIR BOWLING ADVANTAGE

The Europeans will have the benefit of two left-hand bowlers in Hill-wood and Warne. The former is a fast medium Oxford Blue and has also assisted his county, Derbyshire. The latter is the well-known Australian professional who shined so well last year both in his slow spin bowling and steady batting. In this the Europeans have a decided advantage over the other communities. The other stock bowlers are Arnold, a fast medium right-hand bowler who has represented the Army in England, and Gourlay, a slow medium right hand bowler, who claimed the best analysis in Calcutta last season. Besides, they will have Longfield to help them.

"THE DARK HORSES"?

Now they have a much better array of batsmen than they had last year. Longfield, Miller, Hopkins, Skinner, a leading batsman from Calcutta who is said to have done well in Minor County Matches in England, Warne, Mallinson, Tew and last but not the least their wicket-keeper batsman, Vander Gucht are all expected to shape well with their bats. Their fielding also should be pretty sharp. According to Bori Bunder; the European team might be the "dark horses" of the Tournament. In any case, they look like a well-balanced side. It remains to be seen, however, how they can withstand the formidable attack of their opponents, the Mahomedans.

VAJIFDAR CAPTAINS AGAIN

It is, indeed, creditable of the Parsi Selection Committee to smoothen their differences in a sporting manner. By re-electing Homi Vajifdar to the leadership of their team they have shown that they have not lost confidence in their old skipper. The re-appearance of Bahadur Kapadia, the famous wicket-keeper, in the side which he led in 1929 but now under the Captaincy of Vajifdar, is a welcome sign of healthy team-spirit and it deserves to be imitated by others.

The Parsis have also made several changes in their last year's team. N. D. Marshall, F. E. Kapadia, J H Wadia, Minoo Patel and K. R. Meherhomji have been dropped, and this was expected, except in the case of Jal Wadia who has been batting consistently well this season. Still there are eight players in the team who have played for their community before, namely, H. J. Vajifdar, B. E. Kapadia, S. Palsetia from Karachi, R. J. D. Jamshedji, D. R. Havewalla, N. D. Nagarwalla, S. H. M. Colah, and P. E. Palia, The new comers are H N Contractor, J B Khot, and J. N. Bhaya.

MORE NEW BLOOD

The Parsi selectors have done well in infusing more new blood in the team as the Hindus have done. The encouragement they have given to Dadyseth, Canteenwalla and Gai by placing them in the reserve is sure to bear its fruit before long. The Parsis have again to depend on their old bowlers. Vajifdar, Jamshedji, Havewalla and Palsetia with Palia and Nagarwalla to lend a helping hand. Jamshedji has been bowling very well of late and is expected to do a lot of damage to the Hindu wickets. Vajifdar can always be depended upon to rush into his destructive element with the leather, as he did in the Quadrangular and in the All-India Championships last season. Havewalla and Palsetia are also bound to be very useful in this department, where the Parsis have a scarcity of top-notch bowlers.

WILL THEY RISE TO OCCASION?

The Parsi batting is of doubtful strength. Most of the old hands depend upon their past reputation to bring in a crop of runs. If some of them get into their strides they may pile up a big total. A lot will depend how the youngsters shape. I do not, however, see how this combination will beat their redoubtable antagonists, the Hindus, even though they are poorer by the absence of Amar Singh.

Sikhs Arrested For Alleged Sale Of Swords

LAHORE, Nov 15.

Following a surprise visit by the city Magistrate to the Shahidganj Gurdwara this evening two Sikhs, who it is alleged were found selling swords and hatchets without a license, were arrested under the Arms Act.

About thirty swords and a large number of hatchets were seized.—A. P.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Katak Vad 6, 1992
Muslim: Saban 19, 1351
Parsi: Khodad 11, 1305
Hightide: 3h; 15-3h
Lowtide: 10h2; 21-16
Sunrise: 6h 46m.
Sunset: 6h 1m.
Legislative Concil, 10 a.m.
Quadrangular Cricket Tournament, Europeans v. Muslims, Bombay Gymkhana ground, 10-45 a.m.
S. S. 'Catnay' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Race: Winter Meeting, First Day.
Camera Pictorialists of Bombay: Indian Salon of Photographic Art: Exhibition to be opened by H. E. the Governor, Town Hall, 9-15 p.m.

SUNDAY, November 17.

Quadrangular Cricket Tournament: Europeans v. Muslims, Esplanade Maidan, 10-4 a.m.
Indian Salon of Photographic Art Exhibition, Town Hall, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 5 p.m. to 8 p.m.
I. M. M. T. S Dufferin Athletic Sports, Hay Bunde Sewree, 3-30 p.m.

MONDAY, November 18

Quadrangular Cricket Tournament: Europeans vs. Muslims, Esplanade Maidan, 10-5 a.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m. special meetin, 4-40 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

REGAL—"Bonnie Scotland" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Mithi Maje" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Bright Lights' Daily at 6-30 and 9-30 p.m Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 4 p.m.
PATHE—"The Crusades" Daily at 3-30 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"Let's Live To-night" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Noor-e-Vatan" Time as usual.
MINERVA—"Devdas" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 3 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Painted Sin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jawani-Ki-Hawa" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bridegroom Wanted" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday at 2-45 p.m.

MAPUCA UNION.

The annual social gathering of the Sons of Mapuca will be held to-day Saturday, at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at the Institute Luso-Indiano Hall; Dabul.

THE REGAL

DAILY 3 SHOWS at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

60 MINUTES OF FUN!
Presented by HAL ROACH
A laugh-tonic for any blues, as the world's favorite comics go Scotch, bu hand out more howls than ever before . . . in their most insanely funy FULL-LENGTH Screamie!
STAN LAUREL-OLIVER HARDY
in
"Bonnie Scotland"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

NOW HE'S A 42nd STREET-ER!
in a show as big, as merry, as tuneful as "42nd Street" ever was—and twice as funny because that heart-breakin' old Latin from Manhattan—Joe E. himself—heads the huge cast!
Gags and girls! Roars and rhythm! Laughs an' everything!
JOE E. BROWN
in
"BRIGHT LIGHTS"
A First National Picture with
ANN DVORAK • WILLIAM GARGAN
PATRICIA ELLIS • JOE CAWTHORN
Yes indeed, it's Rudy Vallee's own screen sweetie ... learnin' from bitter experience how a love song should be sung!

To-day & To-morrow at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

THE CAPITOL

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-0 noon Running Commentary on the Quadrangular Cricket Tournament 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. Indian Programme Gramophone Records. European Programme. 1-30 p.m. Sydney Gustard, Cinema Organ with The Comedy Harmonists. (H.M.V.) 2-0 p.m. Close down.

3-45 p.m. Running Commentary on the Quadrangular Cricket Tournament. The Children's Hour. 5-0 p.m. Auntie Beth and Uncle Dick. 5-30 p.m. Rasik T. Vin (Stories in Gujerati). European Programme. 6-0 p.m. Relay of Music from Regal Cinema, The Theatre Magnificent. 6-30 p.m. "Old Words to New Music." A Satire with Music. Book and Lyrics by James Dyrenforth. Music by Kenneth Leslie-Smith. The B.B.C. Theatre Orchestra 7-45 p.m. Dance Music. 8-0 p.m. The "Request" Hour. A Weekly selection from listeners' requests. The News. 8-45 p.m. Weather Report, News Bulletin and Commercial News. Indian Programme. 9-30 p.m. Light Classical Music. By Bai Saraswatibai Fatarpekar 11-0 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The Coventry Hippodrome Orchestra, conducted by Charles Shadwell, relayed from the Hippodrome Theatre, Coventry. 8-00 p.m. Musical Oleographs—No. 3: "The King's Music." 8-30 p.m. Harold Ramsay, at the Organ of the Granada, Tooting. 9-00 p.m. The B.B.C. Military Band; conductor, B. Walton O'Donnell. Arthur Cranmer (Baritone) 10-00 p.m. News. 10-15 p.m. The B B C Dance Orchestra, directed by Henry Hall. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

INTER-CASTE MARRIAGE

The engagement of Mr. Govindrao Raghunath Tadhane of Kayastha community with M. Vidyawati, a parwar lady terminated in a mariage ceremony which took place at Mouza Pipla in the Nagpur District recently. The function was performed by Swami Brahmanand.

LAJPATRAI ANNIVERSARY

Under the auspices of the local Arya Samaj, Lala Lajpatrai's anniversary will be celebrated at various centers. Swami Omkar Satchitanand, Pandit Dwijendranath, Pandit Pardhubhai Sharma, Pt. Vijayshanker, Pt. Laxmanrao Oghle, Syt. Ranchhodlal Gyani and Syt. Vallabhadas Mehta, will speak on the life and work of the departed leader. At Matunga the function will be celebrated to-day Saturday evening at Chichpokali and Fort to-morrow, Sunday, at 8-30 a.m. and at Girgaum at 6-30 p.m.

ITALO-ABYSSINIAN WAR

Under the auspices of "E" Ward Congress Committee a public meeting will be held at Kalapani, Madanpura, to-day (Saturday) when Messrs. Noorally, Dr. Shetty, Majid Hakim and others will speak on the Italo-Abyssinian War. Mr. Abdul Hameed will preside.

MUSLIM PROTEST MEETING

Under the auspices of 10 Muslim Anjumans a mass meeting will be held to protest against an alleged scurilous article in Every Woman's Magazine, London concerning the Holy Prophet of Islam, to-day, Saturday at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at the Chhota Qabrastan, when Pir Jamaat Ali Shah, the Shahidganj Dictator will preside.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

Members will visit the Gilder Tank Playground, opposite Swastika Cinema, Lamington Road, to-day Saturday, at 5 p.m. (S.T.)

MAZGAON NOOTAN WYAYAM MANDIR.

Under the auspices of the above Mandir, the Annual Celebration will be held at Tara Baug, Love Lane, Mazgaon, to-day Saturday at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) Mr. M. N. Talpade, will preside and Messrs. P. K. Sawant, and Dhoundker, will speak on 'Physical Culture'.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed unregistered Mails for Italy and Austria per S.S. "Conte Rosso" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 9-0 a.m. on Thursday the 21st instant.

GOWD SARASWAT B. S. LEAGUE

The 19th annual general meeting of the above League will be held on Sunday, the 17th November, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Forbes Gujarathi Hall, opposite Amin Nursery, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaum, for adopting the Report, electing Office-bearers etc.

S. V. S. MANDALI ELOCUTION COMPETITION

The annual elocution competition for the Hirabai Sakharam Rajadhyaksha Memorial Prizes under the auspices of the Saraswat Vidyarthi Sahayak Mandali, will come off at the premises of the Maratha High School (Near Opera House Tram Terminus, Girgaon) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) on Sunday (15th December). Particulars could be had from the Hon. Secretaries of the Mandali, care of the Saraswat Brahman Samaj No. 264, Charni Road, Girgaon, Bombay.

VENGURLA EDUCATION SOCIETY

A benefit performance of the Prabhat Film "Chandrasena" will be given on Sunday (17th Nov.) at 9 a.m. at the Krishna Talkies, Tribhuwan Road in aid of George English School Building fund. The institution has been doing excellent work in the field of high school education and it is hoped that sympathisers will help it by attending the show in large numbers.

AURORA SOCIAL CLUB

"Aurora Social Club Mask Ball will be held to-day Saturday, at 9 p.m. in the Hall of The Bombay Port Trust Sports Club, Thakersey Building, Graham Road, Ballard Estate."

ARYAN EDUCATION SOCIETY

A social gathering of the past students of the Society will be held to-day Saturday, at the school premises. Among other items there will be a programme of music concert by Mrs. Hirabai Barodekar. Subscriptions can be paid at the school at Vithalbhai Patel Road.

ANNUAL REPORT OF V. AND A. MUSEUM

Describes Historic Models, Ivory Work, And Library

The total number of visitors to the Victoria and Albert Museum, Bombay, during the year 1934-35 was 1,090,503, as against 1,032,233 in 1933-34. The daily average during last year was 3,431 as against 3,298 in the previous year.

The steady increase maintained during the course of past years in the number of visitors to the Museum bears ample testimony to the increasing popularity, which the Museum enjoys amongst the people of the city, due mostly to the efforts of the staff in making the various collections more interesting and intelligible, says Mr. D. A. Pai, the Curator, in his annual report.

It is a matter for regret, that owing to financial stringency, the grants for purchasing specimens and show-cases were greatly reduced. The reduction came greatly in the way of our making further improvements which alone prevent a Museum from being out of harmony with the present time and circumstances. However with what little we were provided with, we were able to make the following changes.

A plaster model of purely historic and Ethnological interest was made in the Museum by Mr. S. L. Bagwe showing Shri Chatrapati Sivaji in captivity with his son Sri Sambhaji and his two associates Hiroji Pharzand and Raja Ram Sing in the Fort at Agra, under the order of the Emperer Aurengzeb. The model conveys an idea of the dress and accoutrements of the Maratha warriors of the time.

HISTORIC MODEL

Another plaster model was made of the Island of Bombay and the surrounding country, from an old map in the possession of the Museum. The map appears to have been made between 1770 A.D. and 1799 A.D. and its importance lies in the delineation of several old cities, whose glory has now vanished, of several old churches and temples, of many forts and fortifications erected by the Portuguese, which played a very important part in the history of this part of Western India, when the Portuguese held sway, and were contending for political supremacy with the Marathas, the Muhammadans and the British. A note giving a short account of the various places, forts, and fortifications shown in the map is prepared by the Curator by reference to Government publications.

Amongst other specimens of lesser importance under metalware, carved woodwork, etc., one of ivory of the idol of Sri Chamundi may be mentioned, which was purchased for the collection of ivory specimens.

The work of mounting the two specimens of a Bengal Tiger and an Indian Crocodile, which were received some time back from the Superintendent of Gardens, was completed during the year.

The plaster busts of H. M. late King Edward VII when he was Prince of Wales and Lady Frere had become unrecognisable owing to incrustation of layers of several coats of white paint, which were super-imposed during past years. The likeness of both had almost vanished and the drapery completely obliterated. These models were restored.

Seventeen new books under history, religion and philosophy, arts and other allied subjects were purchased and added to the collection of books in the Museum Library.

CAMERA-CRAFT AND ART

First Rare International Exhibition

Opens To-Night At Town Hall

The first International Salon of Photographic Art which will be opened to-night at the Town Hall by Lord Brabourne is, in many ways a rare event.

TWENTY-FIVE COUNTRIES.

Over eight hundred prints were offered for exhibition by contributors from twenty-five countries. The jury responsible for the selection have displayed 194 overseas and 50 Indian prints.

The pictures have been displayed with appropriate attention to lighting height and space. The light is even and without reflection of the glass frames or intervening shadows.

TECHNIQUE AND ORIGINAL COMPOSITIONS.

Both in technique and in the originality of outlook and composition the exhibition reveals a wide range of fascinating and instructive studies. A detailed review of the exhibition will appear here early next week.

The exhibition will remain open for a fortnight.

STUDENTS ART SOCIETY

Inaugurated At The Opera

The Students' Art Society inaugurated its activities with an interesting "International Variety Entertainment" at the Opera on Thursday evening. Atiya Begum Saheba presiding. The programme was varied and included Hawaian music, tap dancing, as well as "Garba". The costumes of the "Garba" were delightfully throughout. For the dance items, Kumaris Kailas Desai, Devjani and Pradhan were mainly responsible. Kumari Devjani had restrained, thoughtful rhythms. Kumari S. Pradhan revealed, however, an instinctive response to the dance which with adequate training promises her a good place as an artiste. Atiya Begum Saheba in wishing the Society success, observed that it was necessary that students should work hard and obtain the requisite training in art. She expressed her great desire to promote "Shastric" music.

GREETINGS TO MENAKA.

Mr. Chandy, one of the secretaries of the Society in expressing his gratitude on behalf of the students offered his greetings and congratulations to Menaka for her pioneer services in the cause of Indian dance renaissance and wished her a "bon voyage" and the best of lucks for her forthcoming Continental and European tour.

"HINDU WOMAN"

Under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association Mr. K. S. Daundkar, will deliver a lecture on 'The Hindu Woman' in the Prarthana Mandir to-day Saturday, at 6 p.m. Mrs. Krishnabai Wagh will preside.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ

Mr. L. Kameswaran, Secretary, Naturopathic Association, Puddokottah, will deliver two lectures one to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. and the other to-morrow (Sunday at 5) p.m. in the Samaj Hall on "Marvels of Drugslessness" and "Nature's Miracles of healing" respectively.

BAND AT ESPLANADE

The Band of the 1st Bn. G.I.P. Rly. Regiment A.F.I. will play at the Bandstand Esplanade to-day Saturday commencing at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.)

ASTHIKA SAMAJ.

"Under the auspices of the above Samaj, Sjt. Srinivasa Iyengar will conduct discourses on "Krithikapuranam" for one month from to-day Saturday, daily in the Samaj Hall from 3 p.m. "Mandalavaram" by Purohits well versed in Vedas, will be conducted from to-day Saturday, for 40 days daily from 7 to 8-30 p.m. in the Samaj Hall."

"G" WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

It has been found that some members, who have enrolled as members of "G" Ward District Congress Committee are not residents of "G" Ward and also are not carrying any business in the Ward and as such they have no right to vote at the time of the election of members to the B.P.C.C. or to the District Congress Committee of "G" Ward.

Those desirous of exercising their votes are requested to get their names transferred to their respective Wards where they reside or were carrying on business by applying to the Secretary on or before the 25th instant.

MUNICIPAL GIRL GUIDES

The Bombay Municipal Schools Committee at its adjourned meeting on Friday decided to take steps for the formation of a separate local association of the Municipal Girl Guides.

Mr. M. V. Konde said that it was high time that the Municipal schools had a Municipal Girl Guides Association. He suggested the appointment of a Deputy Commissioner to help the District Commissioner.

The Committee requested the Secretary to inform the Provincial Commissioner of Girl Guides, and to lay before the Committee the details of the scheme for the formation of the Association.

Y. M. UNION CRICKET CLUB

The third Anniversary of the above Club will be celebrated at "Damodar Nivas", 16th Road, Chembur, to-day Saturday, at 9-30 p.m. when Mr. R. W. Potnis First Class Magistrate, Kurla will preside.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

School of Indian Music is arranging a public concert in their School Hall to-day Saturday, (Benham Hall Lane) at 5-30 p.m.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

bus for the matriculation and intermediate examinations and to make physical fitness a condition, precedent to the passing of these examinations". The subject-matter of the resolution is, indeed, a very important and urgent one, but it must be considered by the Senate of the University itself. It is a wrong principle to permit the Government to dictate to the University.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents).

"Chronicle" Lucky Number

Master S. Swaminathan of 9, Kohinoor Road, Dadar, has sold his copy bearing No. 325683 of the "Bombay Chronicle" Sunday Edition for Rs. 100. Master Swaminathan, who is hardly eleven years old, came to this office with his copy of the "Chronicle" and proudly stated that he was a regular reader of the Children's Corner of our Sunday Edition, a copy of which he never misses.

Road Repairs

After the monsoon, the Municipal contractors are getting busy with road repairs. There are numerous places in the city where roads are under repairs. The Municipality should see that no unnecessary delay is made by the contractors in completing their work. As an instance, near the Bombay Central Station a large portion of the road has been dug up for the past few days with a view to repair, but beyond digging operation, nothing further is done. In consequence, the police constables have to be on special duty to prevent accidents, bus stands have to be changed and the passengers are compelled to walk a great deal, school children have to walk a great distance to take their school buses as half the road presents the sight of a trench on the battlefield. The Municipal Executive will do well to insist on the contractors hurrying up with the work before any accident takes place in this locality.

University And Physical Culture

Not a few of the students who either enter the colleges or some profess on after passing the matriculation examination are physical wrecks. Some of them not only look older but act as if they were older than their fathers. Several times it has been impressed upon the youth of Bombay in these columns that physical culture is more essential then mere passing examinations in schools and colleges. It is a fact, which every youth ought to know, that even if one has taken as many degrees as there are words in the alphabet, one's education will be useless if one is a physical wreck. Mr. B. P. Wadke proposes to move in the present sessions of the Bombay Legislative Council a resolution on this subject. The resolution reads thus: "This Council recommends to Government to require the Bombay University to include a "physical culture course" as one of the compulsory subjects in the syllabus.

(Continued in Col. 5.)

2nd CENTURY Scored, and STILL NOT OUT TO-DAY 205th SHOW Running 10th WEEK

CRICKET MATCHES ON SCREEN

The Cricket Matches commencing from to-day will be exclusively filmed by Bombay Talkies Ltd. with a running commentary. This Film will be shown with "Jawani-ki-Hawa"

BOMBAY TALKIES' PICTURE

Jawani-ki-Hawa

Starring:—

DEVIKA RANI

Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Sat. & Sunday extra matinee 2-30 p.m.

Imperial Cinema

Lamington Road.

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"A MID SUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM"

from the classic comedy by

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE

accompanied by the immortal music by

MENDELSSOHN

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The Bombay Chronicle

Bell House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1935

RURAL ORGANISATION

It is most remarkable that all responsible political parties in the country and even Government have come to realise the supreme and urgent necessity of bettering the condition of our villages. The lead in this matter was unquestionably given by the Congress through its khadi movement. The primary object of this movement was and is to ensure an addition, howsoever small, to the miserably low income of the villager. But no sound economic movement is without some social and political advantages. The very contact between Congress workers and the usually isolated villagers narrowed down the gulf between the classes and the people and made the latter conscious of their rights and grievances; and the earnest constructive work of the Congress workers made a large number of villagers deeply attached and devoted to the Congress. In many cases the villagers went much farther than their leaders in making sacrifices and braving risks in the last national struggle. The public and the Government alike discovered what great potentialities lay in the organization of villages even on purely economic lines.

An Extended Programme

The influence of this discovery on the Congress can be easily seen. The resolution of the Karachi Congress session on fundamental rights may well be regarded as the People's or the Peasants' Charter, guaranteeing to them some elementary rights under Swaraj. It was expected that Congress workers would spread themselves all over the country and explain to the villagers the meaning and significance of this Charter. But it is a pity that, while many Congress workers are vehemently discussing in the cities the merits and the short-comings of the Karachi resolution, very few make an actual use of it by carrying the Congress message into the nooks and corners of the country. The Congress considerably extended its rural programme last year by establishing under its auspices the All-India Village Industries Association. The work of the Association is beset with many difficulties. But slowly and steadily its programme is being formulated and widened, and it is not difficult to see that this latest scheme of Gandhiji has mighty potentialities. But it is essential for the success of the scheme that there should be thorough co-operation between the workers of the Association and those of the Congress.

Need For Work

The position now is that different political parties, with different aims and methods of work, are all agreed on the urgent need for ameliorating the condition of villagers. The Congress policy in this matter has already been indicated. The Socialists, both in and outside the Congress, give the foremost place in their programme to peasants' uplift and organization. The newly formed Nationalist Party, though it is in some respects the rival of the Congress Party, is formulating a programme very much on the lines of the Congress rural programme, to judge by the resolutions of the Bengal Nationalist Party's Conference, held only a few days ago. The resolutions of a political conference of Congressmen and non-Congressmen held at Nagpur, also a few days ago, devote special attention to rural reconstruction. And last but not least, almost all provincial Governments are laying special stress on this subject, and we are now told that even Indian soldiers are asked to co-operate in and learn this work. Whatever may be the aims and methods of official propaganda, it should convince all non-official parties of the supreme importance of work in villages and for and among villagers. There is no exaggeration in the remark made by Mr. S. Satyamurti in his presidential speech at the Coonoor Taluka Conference, that "one disinterested Congress worker in each village will bring Swaraj much nearer than any other devices can." But the pity of it is that at the present moment there is more talk and less work about work in villages. It is to be hoped, however, that the ensuing Congress session will place before the country a clear, comprehensive and thoroughly practicable programme of rural organisation and that this programme will be actually worked out all over the country.

No Change

The state of parties, according to the latest cables received at the time of writing, leaves the "National" Government of Great Britain in power with a decisive majority of 256. The result is, of course, unfortunate in so far as it is the victory of Conservatism over a comparatively progressive element. Except for a mild disappointment for that reason, India cannot feel any deep regret for the failure of the Labour Party, because where it is a question of India the Labourites are only a shade less imperialistic than the Tories. As to the people of Britain they have undoubtedly made a mistake, which may quite likely prove a blunder later. But they are not very much to blame for the mistake.

The failure of Labour is Labour's own fault. It lacked courage of its professed conviction and betrayed that lack pitifully during the last fortnight. In the desire to be "statesman-like" its leaders openly wobbled. Little wonder that they lost the election. The election is not, however, without its bright feature, the fate of the MacDonalds. Mr. Malcolm MacDonald has been defeated and so also Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, the man who dealt a treacherous blow to his party from which it has not yet recovered. It is a sad end to a career. But Mr. Ramsay MacDonald richly deserved it.

Confusing The Main Issue

Much as we appreciate the sensitiveness of Sir Chimanlal Setalvad to racial prejudice that symbolizes the exclusiveness of institutions like the Byculla Club we cannot enthuse over his open letter to Lord Willingdon. We certainly acknowledge the courage that Sir Chimanlal has displayed in appealing publicly to the Viceroy to boycott the Byculla Club dinner. It shows that even Indian Liberalism, which clings to many a pathetic delusion as regards "goodwill and equal partnership" through petitions, smarts under the blatant manifestations of race superiority by a very large section of Europeans in India—a manifestation that is connived at by the rest. But too much insistence on securing a sort of cheap dinner table status betrays an inferiority complex, an unconscious lack of dignity and almost a confession that the self-respect of an Indian depends on the gracious condescension of the Englishman.

Moreover it is apt to confuse the main issue. The main issue is the insult involved in the domination of Britain over India. As to the essence of the advice to Lord Willingdon it is not without its value to His Excellency and also to other members of the Administration in India. It is of value becauses formal association, even as guests, with such institutions directly contradicts those very professions which our Governors and Viceroys never tire of proclaiming.

MUSHROOM SCHOOLS

Why They Are Started

(By K. G. WARTY,

In recent years a number of new schools have come into existence to compete with the well-established schools of the locality by fair as well as unfair means. Even this year there has been a goodly crop in Ahmedabad, Bombay and other thickly populated towns and cities, the mofussil localities being comparatively free from it. Schools recognised by the Department or the University have begun to feel the pinch by the existence of these new schools which are not bound by any rules or regulations which the recognised schools have to observe. Naturally complaints have appeared in the press and outside against such schools, against the departmental indifference and the latitude given by the University to such schools. Many of these correspondents have laid the blame at the door of the University for recognising such schools for the purposes of the Matriculation. It is unfortunate that no effort has yet been made to analyse the whole situation and the circumstances under which scope is found for such schools.

Two Possible Reasons

One possible reason for starting a new school in any locality is that the parents are dissatisfied with the methods of teaching and the manner of training the older schools have adopted. It is true that every new school, while issuing its first announcement, refers to the unsatisfactory state of the older schools and promises to remedy the defects. But our sad experience is that inspite of their high ideals the new schools are no better, and many a time are worse than the older ones.

Another reason for starting new schools is the need of such schools to accommodate the increasing number of school pupils. It is an undeniable fact that many schools in Bombay and other big cities are overcrowded and cannot find sufficient space for the increased number. But inspite of want of space the school authorities wish to admit pupils in their schools with the sole intention of getting more money out of the fees of these students. The department has not yet thought it advisable to put a stop to unlimited admissions to schools, some of which claim to have more than 1,500 pupils on their roll. This overcrowding of pupils with its natural consequences of negligence and lack of individual attention towards the pupils decidedly goes to establish the need for fresh schools in the localities concerned. Whether we should multiply the existing types of schools or endeavour to strike a new path is a question which need not be discussed here.

Apart from these considerations, however, the foremost cause of mushroom schools is the unemployment among the educated class of people. The teacher's profession is supposed to be the easiest one and requires no capital. To be a pleader requires a "Sanad," to be a medical practitioner requires a certificate of registration, to be employed in some industrial concern requires technical knowledge, why, every other profession requires a certificate of eligibility, while any Somya or Gomya who had the good fortune of attending a school or a college for some time, can gather a few pupils dissatisfied with their teachers or schools, assemble them under the shade of a Bunian tree and call it a new type of open air school. Coaching the candidates for Matriculation in a year or two is the most popular inducement offered by such schools in these days. So the unemployed graduate finds it good and sometimes very profitable occupation for him to start a new school and trade on the ignorance of the pupils and the parents.

(to be continued)

FRAMJI CAWASJI HALL

A Timely Warning

By K. F. NARIMAN II

It is interesting also to note the origin of the Native General Library. It was started with a small beginning in the year 1845 as a result of the labours and efforts of the Indian staff and clerks of the Government offices, particularly of the Military Branch. One enthusiastic and liberal-minded Head Clerk, Mr. Raghonath Janardnan, initiated the move and by his persistent efforts was able to develop one of the first class libraries in the city, mostly patronised by the Indian clerks and staff and also by the general public. Thereafter as a result of substantial help and donations, the name was altered and the Library was called the "N. M. Wadia Native General Library." The hall, being the largest of its kind in Bombay next to the Town Hall and very conveniently situated, was well-patronised by all sections and classes of citizens and was very much in demand. The history of the various activities and public organizations of this city is closely associated with this Institute and Hall. This place constantly figures in the narration of several prominent and important political and civic functions of the city. The management of the Institute was vested in a Board of Trustees and a formal deed was executed in 1881. Such prominent citizens as the late Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta, Sir Dinshaw Vacha, Mr. Fardoonjee M. Banajee, having occupied the chair of the Board at different periods.

Dismantled

However, this happy and satisfactory state of affairs did not last very long. Shortly before Sir Pherozeshah Mehta's death, an engineering survey of the building disclosed that the building was in an unsafe condition and immediate repairs were considered necessary; but, probably for want of funds and other difficulties, as no proper endowment funds were provided, the necessary repairs could not be carried out till ultimately it was decided to close the large hall and the first floor which had the capacity of accommodating 1,500 to 2,000 people, and instead, a small hall on the ground floor accommodating about 300 people was made available. A further closer examination of the building some time after in 1916 showed further deterioration and dilapidated condition and it was considered unsafe to permit its use any longer without thorough overhaul and repairs, costing about Rs. 30,000. Hence the N. G. Library had to be shifted, which was a great blow and an unexpected loss to that institution. In view of the architects' report, the then Board ultimately decided, instead of wasting large funds on repairs on an insecure structure, to build a new structure, which might mean additional cost but would also mean security and stability for the future. Hence the old building, which had served the City so well and had become a traditional and historic civic land-mark in the City, had to be dismantled, much to the loss and regret of the citizens.

Significant Comment

It would be interesting to note a newspaper comment that was made at the time when this great civic loss occurred. Referring to the other available halls it stated: "There is, no doubt, the historic old Town Hall and there will be, when the war allows of it, the Cawasjee Jehangir Hall, but it must be well borne in mind, these are not readily available for the many public purposes and functions, such as the Bombay public is every day more and more so keenly interested in promoting and for which officialism has such scant sympathy. It will be remembered too that some years ago a lady of the Petit family offered four or five lakhs of rupees to the Municipality for building a public hall for Bombay; but the offer was hedged in with such illiberal and restrictive conditions that Sir Pherozeshah Mehta and many others stoutly opposed acceptance of the offer and the proposal fell through. This shows that the people of Bombay do not care to have a public hall, which they could not freely use." This comment, made several years ago, is so significant as to make us feel that the condition in this respect has not altered during the past many years and the same complaint has got to be repeated nearly twenty years after.

Benefactors

The cost of the new building proposed to be erected was estimated at about rupees two lakhs and the problem before the Board was how to make up this large amount. However, this difficulty was soon solved by that public-spirited and liberal-minded millionaire citizen, Sir Shapurjee Bharucha, who came forward and generously offered to contribute a lakh of rupees for the purpose of erecting a new hall. Another large contribution came from the Trustees of the N.M. Wadia Charities. In addition to the princely donation of rupees one lakh, Sir Shapurjee bestowed a further sum of Rs. 25,000 to be set apart and held as a maintenance fund. The Wadia Trustees donated

(Continued on page 14—Col. 5.)

Frankly Speaking

LEAGUE MUST BEWARE!

The Italian Government, that is to say, Signor Mussolini, have prohibited the publication of information and statistics relating to finance and trade. The ban is due not so much to a desire to prevent "the enemies of Italy" from using the information as to the anxiety lest the inevitable consequences of the enforcement of Sanctions should produce a natural and corresponding effect on the people of Italy themselves. For Sanctions are bound materially to affect the economic routine in Italy and the consequent discontent in the nation will prove gravely injurious to the Duce and his adventure. So they are to be fed on propagandist suggestions that everything is progressing splendidly in spite of the world opposition. There is, we suspect, another motive also behind the ban. Signor Mussolini hopes to defeat the Sanctions with the secret help of some League Powers themselves too. And publicity would prevent that help. Il Duce is a shrewd man, and it behoves the League to be constantly and closely vigilant.

SOLIDARITY OF SANCTIONIST.

The attitude of League Powers towards the threat by Italy of reprisals shows that they have not attached any importance to it. It deserved to be ignored altogether with contempt. In this connection the decision arrived at after conversations between M. Laval and the British Ambassador is somewhat disappointing. It has been agreed that there is no time to assemble the Sanctionist Powers at Geneva to draft a collective reply to the Italian Note and the Powers will, therefore, confer diplomatically with a view to making replies identical in sense "and thus demonstrate their solidarity." A demonstration of solidarity is always welcome enough. But a joint reply would have further demonstrated that the Powers think and act in terms of the collective principle as if they were one and indivisible Party.

INDIANS IN IRAQ.

The letter of Mr. S. A. Waiz, that we published yesterday, is a conclusive answer to the apologia of the Acting Consul-General for Iraq. "Iraqis" says the Acting Consul-General, "have nothing in particular against Indians". This is quite true, Iraqis have no reason to hold otherwise. But the many instances of facts cited by Mr. Waiz prove that the Iraq Government's campaign—It is nothing less than a campaign—amounts to discrimination and wholesale discrimination against Indians. It is easy for Indians to appreciate the desire of Iraq to "Iraquanise" their services. But the Iraquanising of every trade and profession embracing in its range Indians from doctors to dhobis savours of Hitlerism and not of that treatment which the special relations of Indians with Iraq demand. We agree with Mr. Waiz that the Government of India should move in the matter. But we would prefer that the Iraq Government themselves did justice to the unfortunate Indians there.

A RIGHT RULING.

An interesting point of order was raised in the Bombay Legislative Council on Thursday with regard to the voting on an amendment to a clause in the Motor Bill on the previous day. It appears that three members who wished to vote with Government actually voted in the wrong lobby. They subsequently requested the Teller to cancel their votes but he failed to do so, with the result that because of these votes Government were defeated. The Home Member raised a point of order urging that, as the votes meant to be cancelled were not cancelled, the voting be declared null and void. The President rightly ruled that once certain members voted one way or other with their eyes open, that decided the matter, though later they found that they had made a mistake. If it were open to members to get their votes cancelled, it would encourage undue pressure being brought to bear upon them even after voting.

PROHIBITION PROPAGANDA.

A question in the Legislative Council elicited the surprising fact that there was an appreciable decrease in liquor revenue in 1935-36 as compared with the year 1934-35. The decrease is surprising because of the recent increase in the number of liquor shops. The decrease seems to be due far more to continued economic depression than to any prohibition propaganda. But it is time such propaganda was carried on in a systematic manner. No rural uplift scheme can be complete without temperance or prohibition propaganda. And this needs to be carried on by the public only because there is no chance of Government themselves undertaking it in their schemes of rural uplift.

—PRESS VIEWS—

Sylvain Levi

It is with a heavy heart that we announced the death of Professor Sylvain Levi, which melancholy event took place in Paris on 31st. October last. The late professor was an old and sincere friend of the Poet and through him his connection with the Asrama was deep and intimate. When the Visva-Bharati was formally opened in 1921, Professor Levi inspite of his numerous important engagements in Paris where he was for a long number of years the head of the Indology Department in the Sorbonne, readily accepted the invitation of the Founder-President to be the First visiting Professor in Visva-Bharati. It was he who started the Sino-Tibetan studies at our Vidya-Bhavana and the Chinese Hall which is soon to be put up here is in a way a tribute to his pioneering work. We offer our sincere and respectful condolence to Madame Levi.—"Visva Bharati News."

Funeral Of Religious Books

The only useful purpose which the recent burning of Hindu religious books at Nasik can serve is to show how intensely the "untouchables" feel on the subject of their present inequality and the glaring and intolerable disabilities under which they labour. But the advantage which the so-called depressed classes may gain by this exhibition is bought at an enormously heavy price. This price is the stiffening of the back of Hindu orthodoxy. However strongly the wise and more reasonable section of the orthodox Hindu community may disapprove of those portions of the Hindu religious books which seem to favour untouchability, the books themselves and taken as a whole are held in great respect and reverence by all religious-minded Hindus and the burning of such books cannot but injure their feelings deeply. Acts of fanaticism like this are calculated not to shorten but to lengthen the road to the ultimate disappearance of the curse of untouchability. We have no doubt that the better mind of the depressed classes themselves will disapprove of the Nasik incident.—"Tribune."

隻言片語

In reply to a query particularly addressed to him by an ignorant correspondent, our Junior Colleague writes:—

"The Quadrangular which begins to-day is a grim contest with leather and willow for supremacy and is fought annually among the following religions of India:—

(1) Hinduism
(2) Islam
(3) Zoroastrianism, and
(4) Europeanism-In-India.

* * * *

There is a proposal to prepare gramophone records of the speeches and messages of national leaders for circulation in the villages on the occasion of the Congress Jubilee.

We can't say off-hand if this would be permitted by the Government unless we finish a careful study of the Criminal Law Amendment Act and the Emergency Power. Acts

* * * *

By the way, now that Government are so keen on village uplift how about preparing gramophone records of the Secretary of State for India, the Viceroy and the members of his Executive Council? Then at last the Indian villager will be able to hear—His Master's Voice.

The objection that he won't understand it is no objection at all. In fact it is a strong recommendation in favor of the idea—of which we make a present (gratis and no mention please,) to Mr. Stepens.

* * * *

In the debate on the Motor Taxation Bill, the Finance Member climbed down and accepted on behalf of the Government a popular amendment.

Such lapses into common sense, we protest, are inexcusable in a Government Member.

* * * *

Indians As Untouchables In Their Own Country!
—Headline.

But Sir Chimanlal Setalvad doesn't contemplate changing his country.

* * * *

The rumour lacks authoritative confirmation that Sir Chimanlal Setalvad thought long and earnestly before he "ventured" actually to publish his open letter to Lord Willington.

In fact there is internal evidence in the letter itself to prove that he need not have been nervous. Its humility, an appropriate moderation leave nothing to be desired. In fact His Excellency himself will readily grant that it is not a protest against "race arrogance" but a respectful suggestion.

* * * *

"Your Excellency," says the faithful Liberal, "I may be permitted to say, has shown great strength and courage in putting down forces of disorder in the country."

Permission graciously granted by His Excellency.

* * * *

The Commissioner of Sind presented to the "The Indus," the flagship of the Royal Indian Navy, a miniature sailing boat.

Rather an appropriately symbolical present to the "Royal Indian Navy."

* * * *

From the report of Sir N. N. Sircar's recent visit to the Aligarh University and his reception in the Union Hall:

The Pro-Vice-Chancellor's remark that "Sir N. N. Sirkar is not only a lawyer of great fame but is also a leader and, of course, a leader on the Government side," was received with great laughter and ironical cheers by the students.

Two points—both very pointed—clearly emerge from the above episode.

(1) The P. V. C.'s use of the adverbial phrase (?), "of course", was rather unfortunate and uncalled for. Sounds to us like a rather neat left-handed compliment.

(2) The students' indulgence in "ironical cheers" at the expense of "one-sixth of the Viceroy's Executive Council" calls for severe censure. Doctor Ziauddin too cannot escape responsibility. Six months should have been quite sufficient to make them loyal and ironical-cheers-proof.

* * * *

German public debts now stand at 33,000 million marks.

But Nazis do not worry and need not. The situation is more or less well in hand. That is to say the properties of Jews in Germany.

* * * *

Chelsea has again returned Sir Samuel Hoare to Parliament.

But then one can't expect realism from the headquarters of Art.

* * * *

Oh, My Painted Aunt!

"Are those two girls sisters?"

"No, they have been to the same Beauty Parlour."

Oxenham Repeats Townsends Feat

TAKES SEVEN WICKETS IN FIRST INNINGS

Rajputana Put Up Poor Score On First Day Of Ajmer Match

On the first day of the Ajmer match between Patiala's "Aussies" and the Rajputana & C. I. Team, Bryant retrieved the favour of the coin which he had successively lost thrice in the tour, but allowed the Home team to go to the crease first.

Dhanmal and Jagdale opened the Rajputana batting with a fine partnership.

OXENHAM'S DEADLY BOWLING

But Oxenham coming on the scene took 3 wickets in 15 minutes and continued his deadly bowling piling up 7 wickets, dismissing the Home team for a poor 131 runs.

When the Aussies commenced their innings the Home team displayed some fine fielding and bowling dismissing Bryant for a catch for 5 runs.

At the end of the day's play the Aussies had made 50 for 3 wickets.

THE SCORE (First Innings)

Rajputana And C. I	*131*
"Aussies" (For 3 wickets)	*50*

HOME TEAM'S FINE FIELDING

AJMER, Nov. 15.

For the first time in the course of the present tour, a pleasant weather favoured the Australians when they began a three-day fixture against the Rajputana and Central India team on the Mayo College ground here to-day.

Ryder has dropped Macartney (who is having his second consecutive rest), Love, Leather and Mair. The Australian Captain broke his sequence of failures with the spin of the coin but sent the Home side in to bat. The latter who include three Central India players namely, C. S. Naidu. Jagdale and Ziaul Hussain, are described as strong in batting and fielding.

THE TEAMS

The following are the teams:—

AUSTRALIANS:—Ryder, Ellis, Bryant, Allsopp, Morrisby, Nagel, Hendry, Oxenham, Ironmonger, Wendell Bill and Alexander.

RAJPUTANA & CENTRAL INDIA:—Maharawal of Dungarpur, Azim Khan, W. H. Bradshaw, Hansraj, C. S. Naidu. Rao Himmatsingh, Akbar Ali, Jagdale, Ziaul Hassan, Dhanmal and G. R. Naidu.

BEST OPENING PARTNERSHIP.

Dhanmal, who did so well as a batsman at the time of the M. C. C. visit to Ajmer two years ago, and Jagdale opened the Home innings to the bowling of Alexander and Nagel and established the best opening partnership of the tour so far.

"AUSSIES'" MISFIELDING

About first instance of Australian mis-fielding was seen when Wendel Bill at mid-off let a hot drive by Dhanmal get to boundary and at off another hit by the same player which he threw over rashly giving another four runs. Jagdale also hit heftily and followed up three strokes to boundary with a tremendous sixer right over the sight screen. With perfect square cut to boundary off Ironmonger Jagdale then sent up fifty of the innings in 35 minutes' play.

OXENHAM'S DEADLY BOWLING

With the score at 55 Oxenham, who had started his bowling today with three consecutive maiden overs, caused a landslide and in fifteen minutes had taken three wickets with the analysis of 6|4|2|3. The first to go was Jagdale who had batted really well for 32 and Dhanmal and G. R. Naidu followed.

The wickets fell at 55, 55, 56, 66 and 72. Ryder came on a few minutes before lunch and C. S. Naidu after hitting him powerfully to the screen gave a difficult catch to Hendry in slips which the latter held one-handed in excellent style.

At lunch the score was 73 for five.

DUNGARPUR'S FLUENT PLAY

Dungarpur and Himmatsingh partnership for the sixth wicket was the second best of the Home side's innings. The Maharawal of Dungarpur playing as fluently and gracefully as he did on the occasion of the Gilligan and Jardine teams' visits to Ajmer hit out vigorously. Once he had got the pace of the pitch and repeatedly lifted Oxenham over the heads of fielders in Maccartney style. He hit a fine four off a no-ball from Oxenham but off the next delivery he repeated the stroke and was well caught by Allsopp at the foot of the sight screen.

Oxenham breaking tremendously from leg bowled the next three batsmen with deliveries which all took the off bails and Alexander next taking his first wicket of the tour by bowling Akbar Ali finished off the innings for 131.

TOWNSEND'S PPERFORMANCE RECALLED

Oxenham taking seven wickets for 31 runs recalled the memories of Townsend's performance in the M. C.C.'s match here two years ago on which occasion he took seven wickets for just over two runs apiece.

KEEN FIELDING & BOWLING

The Australians lost Bryant's wicket for five runs when they went in about half an hour before tea. Bradshaw bowling medium fast leg-breaks had Akbar Ali at the forward short-leg and the latter's anticipation was rewarded when he held a low catch to dismiss Bryant. Wendell Bill and Morrisby were not out with 11 and 7 respectively at tea with the score at 22 for one wicket.

Two l.b.w. decisions accounted for two Australians' batsmen soon after the resumption and at 5 o'clock they had lost three wickets for 43.

The bowling and fielding of the Rajputana team were very keen and a number of ground shots were excellently fielded. Hassan captured both Wendell Bill's and Hendry's wicket and Allsopp joined Morrisby for the 4th wicket and the two were not out with 14 and 5 respectively at the close of the day's play.

RAJPUTANA & C. I. (I Innings)

Dhanmal l.b.w. b Oxenham ..	19
Jagdale l.b.w. b Oxenham	32
G. R. Naidu, b Oxenham ..	0
Hansrai c Bryant b Ironmonger	6
C. S. Naidu c Hendy b Ryder	10
H. H. of Dungarpur c Allsopp b Oxenham	21
Himmatsingh b Oxenham ..	12
Azim Khan b Oxenham	14
Bradshaw b Oxenham	2
Akbar Ali b Alexander	9
Ziaul Hussain (not out)	1
Extras	5
Total	131

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Alexander	7.2	0	25	1
Ironmonger	15	5	44	1
Nagel	3	0	11	0
Ryder	2	1	4	1
Hendry	4	1	10	0
Oxenham	15	5	31	7
Bryant	1	0	1	0

AUSSIES' SCORE (I Innings)

Wendell Bill l.b.w. b Hassan	18
Bryant c Akbar Ali b Bradshaw	4
Morrisby (not out)	14
Hendry l.b.w. b Hassan	8
Allsopp (not out)	5
Extras	1
Total (for 3 wkts.)	50

CONGRESS PROPAGANDA ABROAD

Rajen Babu's Reply To Dr. Anklesaria

CALCUTTA, Nov. 14.

Dr. Manek Anklesaria, who had addressed a letter to Babu Rajendra Prasad giving suggestions as to the scheme of propaganda in foreign countries on behalf of India, has recieved the following reply from the Congress President:—

The question of foreign propaganda was considered by the A. I. C. C. and we are going to consider a detailed scheme later on. But it seems very difficult to undertake it on an extensive scale. You may have seen the statement made by me to A. I. C. C. We shall try to strengthen our office staff and see what can be done. There are difficulties about finance and personnel to whom the work could be entrusted in foreign countries and we do not like to undertake burden we may not be able to carry. But we shall consider what can be done.—United Press.

MONEY-LENDER SPIRITED AWAY

Outlaws Demand Rs. 5,000 As Ransom

GWALIOR, Nov. 14.

According to a Bhind message, Seth Bhagchand, a village moneylender of Baroni, is reported to have been kidnapped by a gang of notorious outlaws, who are now demanding a sum of Rs. 5,000 as ransom for his release.

It appears from the details available that Bhagchand while returning to his village from Bhind was waylaid on the way and ambushed by the gang of the outlaws and removed forcibly.—United Press.

NO INTERNATIONAL COLOUR

Nomenclature Of "Aussies" In Future Matches

(From Our Correspondent).

AJMER, Nov. 15.

Important alteration will, it is understood, be made in the nomenclature of the four-day fixture in present tour of the Maharaja of Patiala's cricket team in India to be played in Bombay, Calcutta, Lahore and Madras. They will not be called "unofficial tests" or even matches against All-India but simply the "Maharaja of Patialia's team" vs. C. K. Naidu's team or Pataudi's team, etc., according as who is captain of the team opposed to the Australians.

It is said the Australian Board of Cricket look with disfavour upon any international colour attaching to these matches even by name.

ELECTION RESULTS

The following are some of the important election results:—

BIRMINGHAM (Edgbaston).

Mr. Neville Chamberlain (Con)	23,243.
Mr. Adshead (Lab.)	6,331

CHELSEA.

Sir Samuel Hoare (Con.)	18,992
Mr. Sandilands (Lab.)	6,343

WOOLWICH WEST.

Sir C. Kingsley Wood (Con.)	25,649
Mr. Wansbrough (Lab.)	17,373

HYTHE.

Sir Philip Sassoon (Con.)	15,349
Sir Godfrey Ellis (Lib.)	8,682

DERBY (Two Seats).

Mr. Reid (Con.)	37,707
Mr. J. H. Thomas (Nat. Lab.)	37,583
Mr. Hind (Lab.)	25,037
Mr. Barnes (Lab.)	24,594

WESTMINSTER (St. George's).

Mr. Duff Cooper (Con.)	25,424
Mrs. Freemantle (Lab.)	4,643

BIRMINGHAM (West).

Sir Austen Chamberlain (Con.)	16,530
Mr. Willey (Lab.)	9.159

BIRMINGHAM (Sparbrook).

Mr. Amery (Con.)	17,500
Mr. Whittaker (Lab.)	8,033

HACKNEY (South).

Mr. Morrison (Lab.)	15,830
Mr. Graves (Con.)	10,876

BRISTOL (East).

Sir Stafford Cripps (Lab.)	22,039
Major Archibald Church (Nat. Lab.)	15123

LIVERPOOL (West Toxteth).

Mr. Gibbins (Lab.)	18,543
Mr. Randolph Churchill (Con.)	16,530

WALLSEND.

Miss Irene Ward (Con.)	23,842
Miss Margaret Bondfield (Lab.)	21,463

OXFORD (Sutton).

Viscountess Astor (Con.)	21,491
Mr. Ward (Lab.)	15,394

DEPTFORD.

Mr. Green (Lab.)	27,021
Sir Malcolm Campbell (Con.)	20,129

DUDLEY

Mr. Joel (Con.)	13,958
Mr. Wedgwood Benn (Lab.)	11,509

PLATTING (Manchester.)

Mr. Clynes (Lab.)	18,352
Mr. Stansfield (Con.)	17,015

WAKEFIELD.

Mr. Greenwood (Lab.)	15,904
Mr. Greaves (Con.)	12,400

LIMEHOUSE.

Maj. Attlee (Lab.)	14,600
Mr. Busby (Con.)	7,355

POPLAR BOW AND BROMLEY.

Mr. George Lansbury (Lab.)	19,064
Mr. Weber (Con.)	5,707

PORTSMOUTH (North.)

Admiral Sir Roger Keyes (Con.)	22,956
Mr. Humdy (Lab.)	11,502

BRISTOL (North.)

Mr. Robert Berneys (Lib.)	20,977
Mr. Walter Ayles (Lab.)	16,149

LAMBETH (Kennington.)

Mr. George Harvey (Con.)	12,401
Mr. L. W. Matters (Lab.)	11,856

BRADFORD (East.)

Mr. Hepworth (Con.)	11,131
Rt. Hon. Jowett (I.L.P.)	8,983
Mr. Heywood (Lab.)	7,323
Mr. Fenby (Lib.)	6,312

PLYMOUTH (Davenport).

Mr. Leslie Hore-Belisha (Lib.-Nat.)	20,852
Mr. John Brown (Lab.)	9,756

PAISLEY.

Mr. Maclay (Lib.)	22,483
Mr. Oliver Baldwin (Lab.)	22,077

MIDDLESEX (Wood Green).

Mr. Beverley Baxter (Con.)	36,384
Miss Dorothy Woodman (Lab.)	14,561
Mr. Fraser (Lib.)	7,711

GREENOCK.

Sir Godfrey Collins (Lib.-Nat.)	20,290
Mr. Irwin (Lab.)	16,945
Mr. Kinloch (Scottish Nationalist	1,236

GOVT. FARE BADLY IN SHEFFIELD

LONDON, Nov. 15

As anticipated there was no landslide from the Government but almost without exception the Labourities obtained more votes than in 1931. Despite numerous Labour gains in the industrial districts the Government retains strong representation in many large towns. Birmingham is still solidly Conservative returning 12 members.

Liverpool's representation is unchanged with 8 Conservatives and 3 Labourites. The Government fared badly in Sheffield.

Government's retention of the many industrial areas is undoubtedly due to successful tariffs, and also to the prospects of expenditure on armaments, but the constituencies which have not benefited largely have reverted to the Labour allegiance. For example: Manchester which was entirely Conservative in the last parliament has surrendered four out of ten seats to Labour.

The only sensation is Sir Herbert Samuel's defeat, while two cabinet members, Sir. Godfrey Collins and Sir. Kingsley Wood, whose seats were believed to be endangered, secured re-election, while Mr. J. H. Thomas secured a triumphant majority in Derby.

Three chief controllers of the opposition Liberal machine were defeated, namely. Sir Herbert Samuel (leader) Sir Walter Rea (chief whip) and Mr. Harcourt Johnstone (assistant whip).

FIRST CONSERVATIVE GAIN

(Special Cable).

LONDON Nov. 15.

The net opposition gain is eight hitherto, and there is no sign of a landslide, but the Conservative majorities have been generally substantially reduced.

The first Conservative gain was in Liverpool, and Wavertree which won from Labour with a majority of 7,847.

SIR HERBERT SAMUEL DEFEATED

LONDON, November 15.

Prominent among those elected are Sir C. Kingsley Wood, Mr. Hore-Belisha, Sir Samuel Hoare, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Sir Austen Chamberlain, Lady Astor, Mr. L. S. Amery, Sir Stafford-Cripps, Mr. Alexander (Labourite), ex-First Lord of the Admiralty.

Among those defeated are Sir Herbert Samuel Mr. Randolph Churchill, Sir Malcolm Campbell, Miss Margaret Bondfield, Mr. Wedgwood Benn, Mr. Harry Pollitt the Communist Leader, Mr. Leonard Matters, London Correspondent of "The Hindu".

Among others elected are Mr. R. S. Hudson, Minister of Pensions, Mr. A. Duff-Cooper, and Mr. J. R. Clynes.

Birmingham's twelve divisions have remained solidly Conservative.—

Among the elected are Mr. J. H. Thomas, and Sir Godfrey Collins. Among the defeated is Sir Herbert Samuel.

CANVASSING BY PLANE

LONDON, November 14.

Brisk polling is reported from all stations in London. It is expected that the poll in East Fulham will prove the heaviest within living memory, while other constituencies expect a much bigger poll than 1931.

The National Government candidates had the assistance of over 15,000 cars. Lord Aspley and Major Church, the National Government candidates at Bristol flew over the city in an aeroplane fitted with a loudspeaker through which they urged the people to vote.

Three deaths were recorded in the polling booths during the day.—Reuter's Special.

EPPING.

Mr. Winston Churchill (Conservative) 34,849, Mr. Sharp (Liberal) 14,430, Mr. Ranger (Labour) 9,758.

SEAHAM.

Mr. Shinwell (Labour) 38,380, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald 17,882.

SPEN VALLEY

Sir Jihn Simon (Liberal National) 21,671, Mr. Thomas (Labour) 21,029.

CARNARVON

Mr. Lloyd George (Liberal) 19.242, Mr. Ducros (Conservative) 9,633.

ARROW

Miss Ellen Wilkinson (Labour) 20,324 Mr. Pearson (Conservative) 17,974.

Captain Fitzroy (Speaker of the last Commons), Mr. Walter Elliot and Miss Megan Lloyd George were elected.

WESTFIFE

The first Communist to sit in the House of Commons in six years was elected. Mr. Gallacher (Communist) 13,462, Mr. William Adamson (Labour, ex-Minister), 12,869, Mr. Milne (Conservative) 9,667.

Mr. Walter Elliot won by a majority of two votes and a recount was ordered. Mr. Elliot (Conservative Minister) 14,231, Mr. MacNeil (Labour) 14,229, Mr. Rae (Liberal) 1,193.

BASSETLAW

The first Cabinet Minister was defeated.

Mr. Bellenger (Labour) 21.903, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald (National Labour) 20,746.

Sir Alfred Knox was returned from Wycombe.

Sir Wardlaw Milne retained Kidderminster with a majority of 16,009.

WARWICK AND LEAMINGTON

Mr. Anthony Eden 35,746, Mr. Perry (Labour) 10,930.

"MAC" DEFEATED

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald has been defeated.

Sir John Simon has been elected.

PUNJAB HOME MEMBER RECANTS

Withdraws Unparliamentary Words Used In Refuting Attack On Govt.

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

After full three days debate the Punjab Legislative Council carried by a majority of 44 to 24 votes the demand for supplementary grant of Rs. 72,670 for additional police in connection with the Shahidganj dispute.

During the debate the Muslim members alleged that Government connived at the demolition of the Mosque by the Sikhs, while the Sikhs accused the Government of weakness in handling the situation.

Government spokesmen firmly denied the charges pointing out that Goverament adopted the only possible course under the circumstances.

HOME MEMBER RECANTS

"Foul Calumny, mean attack and wicked mistatement of facts" in these words the Finance Member characterised the charges levelled against Government by the speakers on the Shahidgunj debate.

Mr. Choudry Afzal Haq taking objection to the epithets, the president ruled the words "foul calumny" and "mean attack" as unparliamentary when the Finance Member withdrew the words.

He asserted that the conduct of the Military and Official was very excellent. For the first time in history such care and restraint were exercised, only 23 shots being fired, though fire was opened on ten occasions.

Referring to the release of the internees, he said that since his announcement in the Council on October 24, there was no improvement in the Shahidgunj situation but on the other hand there had been mass demonstrations, enrolment of volunteers and threat of civil disobedience.

He appealed to the house to support the grant in view of the continuance of the state of excitement in the province.—A.P.

POLICE HUNT FOR UNEXEMPTED ARMS

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

Local police are conducting a vigorous drive against carrying of weapons other than swords. Following more than a dozen arrests in the course of the last few days, police raided three Muslim shops to-day, seized a number of blades of axes and spears.

In this connection the District Magistrate in a press note makes clear that the recent exemption of swords from the operation of the Arms Act in the Punjab does not apply to weapons other than swords and advices people possessing such weapons to produce them at the nearest police station.

He adds if any weapons voluntarily produced are found within the purview of the Arms Act, it will be taken possession of by police without any criminal action being taken against the person concerned.—A.P.

GERMANY'S HUNT FOR RACE PURITY

Anti-Semetic Laws Promulgated At Nuremberg

(Special Cable)

BERLIN, Nov. 15.

An official detailed the statues of, hitherto undefined, anti-Jewish laws passed at Nuremberg recently as follows to an operative to-day: People of the mixed birth with no more than two Jewish grand-parents to be regarded as Reich citizens. Only Reich citizens may vote or hold publish offices. Jews cannot become a Reich citizen. Jewish officials must resign by December 31 but if they have fought in the war they will receive a pension.

A Jew is defined as anybody with three or more Jewish grandparents or anybody who is married to a Jew. A Jew may not marry person of mixed birth. Two people of mixed birth may not marry. All German citizens and Jews must before marriage produce a certificate of physical fitness for it.

MORE LIBERALS LOSE DEPOSITS

LONDON, Nov. 15.

Liberal candidates continue to lose their deposits owing to failure to poll a sufficient proportion of votes.

The Under-Secretary of State for India Mr. R. A. Butler has been returned at Saffron Walden with a majority of 10,036 and Sir Henry Page-croft has been re-elected at Bournemouth with a majority of 19,366.

MISS M. WHATELY DEFEATED.

Mr. R. A. Butler was re-elected at Saffron Walden and Miss Monica Whately was defeated.

LANSBURY ELECTED.

Prominent among those elected is Mr. George Lansbury.

HALES' DEFEAT.

Mr. Hales the well-known Indian businessman was defeated at Stokehanley which a Labourite captured with a majority of 1331.

Lord Burghley (Conservative Athlete) retained Peterborough, Mr. Wakefield (Conservative) International Ruggerite gained Swindon from Mr. Addison, Labour ex-Minister wi th a majority of 975.

Lord Wolmer retained Aldershot with a reduced majority.

REPERCUSSIONS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

The expectation that the National Government will obtain victory at the polls is borne out by the results hitherto available. The Stock-Exchange regards the trend of elections as highly satisfactory. At the opening sharp advances were registered in Home securities; especially gilt-edged stocks, which in some instances rose over a sovereign. Industrials also came in for strong demand.

DISASTER TO WOMEN.

The election results have hitherto spelled disaster to women of whom only three ex-Conservative members have been returned. All ministers so far have been successful but Mr. Ramsay MacDonald practically admits defeat and returned to London from Seaham.

LABOUR DISAPPOINTED.

While the Conservative headquarters are gratified at the election results, which are better than they anticipated Mr. Morrison one of the most prominent Labour Leaders acknowledges that he is disappointed at the Labour returns. "As a whole I had hoped Labour would do better."

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald's heavy defeat had been generally anticipated.

Sir John Simon's big majority has been reduced to a few hundreds.

Up to 2 p.m. Government parties polled over a million more votes than the Opposition in the total aggregate of 14 million votes.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

"The Silver Key"

Inspector Wade

LOOK!- SOMEONE IS GETTING THE AIRGUN!--WE MUST GET UPSTAIRS!
THIS IS THE APARTMENT!
THE DOOR'S OPEN AND IT'S EMPTY--WE'RE TOO LATE!
THIS IS MORAN'S APARTMENT, ISN'T IT?
YES, BUT HE LEFT BEFORE YOU CAME---I SAW HIM LEAVE!-HE WAS IN ALL AFTERNOON!
THEN MORAN DIDN'T CALL ON LYNE!-ALLENBY, THE MAN WHO CALLED ON LYNE IN MORAN'S PLACE, IS THE MAN WHO STOLE YOUR AIRGUN!-AND I THINK I KNOW WHO THAT MAN IS!

BOSCH SERVICE

9, MATHEW ROAD, (behind Opera House).

REPAIRS.

MAGNETOS, Dynamos, Starters, Fuel Injection Equipments for Diesel engines, or any other component part of ignition and lighting or Injection Outfits of any make. We also re-wire cars, rewind armatures, and carry out general mechanical repairs to motor cars, stationary motors, or outboard motors

We charge very competitive prices and all jobs are executed under supervision of BOSCH FACTORY ENGINEERS, and carry a full guarantee. Telephone 25261.

Abolition Of Prostitution

A LESSON FROM RUSSIA

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The graphic account of a woman worker of one of the above institutions at Moscow to which you gave publicity recently and your illuminating leaderette referring to the reformative nature of the work done by them must command the approval of all sane persons. You are only giving out the bare truth when you say that of all the social and economic achievements with which Soviet Regime is credited none can excel the practical utility and far-reaching results of these organisations throughout the country. If the interesting details as furnished by the writer be taken for what they are worth the conclusion is inevitable that these organisations in conjunction with the progress of socialist construction were responsible for extirpating within a very short interval the terrible scourge of prostition which had persisted there for ages as it does in every other country. This is, indeed, a glorious achievement of which any country may justly be proud.

I need not go into the elaborate recapitulation of the "Modus operandi" but a passing reference to it may not be out of place. As soon as a woman no matter how morally degraded breaths the pure and untainted atmosphere pervading the chaste environments of this institution she is devested of all sense of shame and degradation which paves the way for reformation. Useful work best suited to her inclination and physical capacity is provided and practical training imparted by the technical experts with happy result that a moral delinquent who erstwhile was rolling in vice and curruption and who was thought to be beyond redemption emerges with the proud conviction that she can without scruple or compunction once more take her place in society without bringing any slur or stain and further stand on her own legs by honest labour.

The facts of outstanding importance glaringly brought out by this triumphant war on vice is that practical pursuasive and humane methods made possible within an incredibly short space of time what other countries failed to achieve for ages. For who can dispute or deny the irrefutable fact that the more you look down upon an unother stringent measures the more you widen the gulf of social ostracism and the more you provide shackles by way of legislation and other stringest measures the more hardened she becomes and goes deeper and deeper into the Abyss of vice and curruption until lost beyond redemption? In this connection it will not be idle to recall the inaugural address delivered at the regional conference held at Madras when H. E. the Governor is reported to have said that the effective means of combating the social vice did not embrace legislation or coercive measures. His Excellency struck the right chord when he emphasised the importance of proper appreciation by the public of their full share of responsibility and suggested that they should voluntarily come forward with substantial funds to fight the evil.

Would it, therefore, be futile to ask the Social Service League and other bodies in our midst to broadcast an appeal for necessary funds to enable them to organise and maintain the institutions on the lines suggested above and thus confer an everlasting boon by ridding the country of the pest of prostitution which descends from generation to generation?—Yours etc.

M. B. KARANJAWALLA.
AHMEDABAD, November 14.

Broadcasting Of Quadrangular Matches

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I am surprised to read in your columns of "The World of Wireless" page that the running commentary on Quadrangular cricket matches will be broadcast twice every day. This seems to be a departure from last year's programme. Last year Mr. C. B. Shethna, the Station Director-in-charge of the "Bombay Calling" used to broadcast excellent running commentaries on the game throughout the day. It is difficult to understand as to why "the old order changeth in yielding place to new." I don't think that this change in the programme will at all be welcome to the public. The running commentary according to this change, is to begin at 12 noon and end at 1 p. m. and begin again at 3.45 p. m. and end at 5 p. m. Will the authorities-in-charge of the Bombay Broadcasting station be kind enough to give a full running commentary on the Quadrangular and the Australian matches at Bombay, right from the beginning to the end?—Yours etc.

KANTILAL D. KORA.

The Hindu Team

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Selectors of the Hindu team have rightly been complimented on the courage and enterprise they have displayed in the selection of the team. They have to face a new situation if, as stated in "The Chronicle" of the 14th instant, Amarsingh may not be able to play for reasons of health. Without Amarsingh, the Hindu attack will need strengthening, and the only person who can successfully fill the gap will be D. R. Puri. In the unavoidable absence of Amarsingh, the team will not be truly representative of Hindu talent in the country if D. R. Puri also is left out. It is hoped that the selectors will not be swayed by the consideration that D. R. Puri did not attend the trials, but will display the same courage and enterprise they have shown in selecting the original team, in meeting this new contingency and in the interests of good cricket choose D. R. Puri to fill Amarsingh's place.—Yours, etc.

"A LOVER OF CRICKET."

II.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Hindu Selection Committee for this year deserves the highest compliments for the courage and enterprise shown in selecting this year's Quadrangular team:

Courage—because of electing the fittest person and the most popular cricketer—Major C. K. Naidu to lead the eleven in spite of petty and personal dissensions and threats. The bold stand taken up by the Selection Committee is a step in the right direction, as, it will act as a precedent to the Selection Committees to follow. It is better to loose through the weakness of a team rather than due to the inclusion of wrong persons. We sincerely hope we have had the last of these threat.

Enterprise—in including four new, young and enthusiastic players in preference to those of the old brigade whose claims lay only in past glory: This is also a step in the right direction in so far as it gives the needed encouragement to the newcomers which they deserve and helps to build a team for the future:

As for the team itself, it contains a match winning quartette of bowlers in Amarsingh, Ramaswamy, Godambe and Bannerjee with at least two more to fall back on in C. K. Naidu and Amarnath. There are at least six who are good enough for a century each in C. K. and M. M. Naidus, Amarnath, Merchant, Bose and Lalsingh together with great hopes of good innings from Amarsingh, Hindlekar, Godambe and Bannerjee. Hindlekar will be safe behind the wickets and the fielding, generally the bug-bear of the Hindus, should be good as all are keen fielders and not mere passengers in the field.

The Selection Committee has done its job thoroughly well and rightly deserve praise. The only thing remains to be said is to wish the captain and his team good luck.—Yours, etc.

D. R. CHAUBAL.

Dadar, Nov. 14.

Sunlight As Eye-Cure

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In your issue of the 13th instant, Mr. Eruch B. Patel wants to know if sunlight taken directly on the eyes is beneficial or not.

A famous ophthalmologist—Dr. W. H. Bates, who has recently revolutionised old-time theories about eye sight and who claims to have cured almost all diseases and conditions of eyes by his new method of exercises etc., without any drugs or operations—affirm that direct sunlight on the eyes is a great help. The writer has personally tries this method on himself and his friends since many years past and has derived great benefit. Dr. Bates' remarkable book 'Perfect Sight Without Glasses' stands out as a land-mark in the history of modern ophthalmology, and is worth reading by all who have imperpect sight.

The marvels of science are unlimited and the future generations will not need any glasses, which, after all, are crutches.—Yours etc.

D. P. P.

POONA, November 14.

Inquiry Into Working Of Co-op. Societies In Nizam's State

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Nov. 15.

Mr. V. Ramdas Pantulu of Madras, President of the All-India Co-operative Institutes Association, and other leading co-operators of India are to be invited to join a Committee which the Nizam's Government propose to appoint for enquiring into the working of the Co-operative Societies of the State, especially Credit and Agricultural Societies.

The Hyderabad Central Co-operative Union has requested the Silver Jubilee Central Fund Committee for Rs. 1,00,000 to undertake intensive reconstruction work. The Union has also requested the Government to set apart a crore of rupees for rural welfare work. —United Press.

Donation For School Building

NARSINGHPUR, (By Mail).

Seth Mulla Fida Ali, a leading Bohra merchant, is reported to have announced that he would get erected a spacious building for a girls' school at his own cost. The building, it is estimated, will cost Rs. 3,000.—United Press.

APPEAL BENCH FOR HYDERABAD

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Nov. 15.

The Government have under consideration a proposal to abolish the Judicial Committee, the highest Tribunal in the land, and to make arrangements by which a Bench of three Judges of the High Court, who are not parties to a judgment under appeal, will be constituted in the High Court itself for hearing appeals against the judgments of that Court.—United Press.

G. I. P. & B. B. & C. I. RAILWAYS

Round Tour Tickets During X'mas Holidays.

From 13th to 31st December, 1935, first and second class Round Tour Tickets will be issued for combined tours over G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I. Railways at two-thirds of the single fare on distances of not less than 100 miles over each Railway. They will be available for return journey up to 14th January, 1936.

The conditions to be observed are that the journey should commence at Bombay, V. T., or Bombay Central and terminate at Bombay Central or Bombay, V. T., as the case may be, and that the route to be traversed should be selected by the passenger beforehand.

Break of journey can be made en route at any station provided the period up to which the tickets are available is not extended and no part of the line is travelled more than once in the same direction unless specially provided for in the route selected.

Applications for such Round Tour Tickets should be made by intending passengers to the Chief Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway, if the journeys are to commence from Bombay, V. T., or to the General Traffic Manager, B. B. and C. I. Railway, if they will commence from Bombay Central, and SHOULD REACH THESE OFFICES BEFORE 5 P.M. ON 30TH NOVEMBER, 1935.

For fuller particulars apply to the Information Bureau, Victoria Terminus or Central Enquiry Office, B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY, CHURCHGATE.

Davar And Shah Strike Pessimistic Note

STANDING COMMITTEE DISCUSSES BUDGET

Finances Would Not Improve For At Least 30 Years, Says Shah

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Chairman of the Standing Committee having made the opening speech in regard to the Budget Estimates for 1936-37 on Wednesday, has been followed by the members of the Committee, which has been sitting day by day since Wednesday last.

Prof. Sohrab R. Davar struck a note of pessimism at the finances of the Municipality in spite of the raising of one per cent on general tax last year which was utilised towards paying deficit of the Improvement Trust.

Prof: Davar said:—

"The Budget estimate for the next year 1936-37 as prepared by the Commissioner opens with a balance of Rs. 17,35,000 and closes with what he calls an unhypothecated closing balance of Rs. 11,-34,000 whereas the estimate of income and expenditure for the next year leaves a small deficit of Rs. 3,95,000 according to the Commissioner's calculation inspite of the fact that the actual income he expects to receive during the year to come is estimated to be higher by Rs. 3,83,000 than that of the current year and inspite of the fact that we shall be paying during the next year only Rs. 8,40,000 towards the redemption of our loan both principal and interest instead of Rs. 16,31,000 which we would have paid during the current year under the old arrangement of a 13 years loan.

"This, I am afraid, is not a very cheerful outlook and we cannot say that we have in any way improved in our finance when all these considerations are taken into account. We raised the general tax by 1 per cent under sheer compulsion last year.

With an additional burden of the heavy tax over our head which has now reached the pre-war maximum of 12 per cent he wants us to give up a very large proportion of the receipts through surplus land sales which used to be credited to revenue during past years according to the Corporation's resolution in that connection. The question is whether at this time such a course is desirable or possible in public interest.

MAXIMUM PRE-WAR RATE.

It is necessary for us to remember that the general tax of 12 per cent which we are at present paying is the maximum pre-war tax. In the times of great prosperity the maximum limit was shifted because it was thought already where we used to be in the pre-war days as far as depression is concerned, 12 per cent is the maximum general tax which the tax-payer pays to-day. What right have we, to continue this tax longer than we can help?

I am afraid, that reduction in general tax is not likely to fall within practical finance for many years to come inspite of all optimistic forecast as to the future. I should therefore urge, that we should proceed with this budget estimate with the determination to see if we can so re-adjust it as would enable us if possible the reduction of general tax by at least half a per cent.

LABOURED ARGUMENTS FOR CUT RESTORATION

"I shall now, Sir, first deal with the case of the question of restoration of the cut. Personally I am not opposed to this restoration in case our re-adjustment of the budget on the lines I have laid down make that possible. The restoration will cost us only about Rs. 10,7,000. I must however state with emphasis that the arguments by which this restoration is sought to be supported are not that the tax payer could afford to pay heavier general tax with a view to meet our expenditure both towards expansion of departments raising of salaries and meeting the high expenditure due to general rise in price of everything. Tax was raised from 9-1/2 per cent to 11 per cent somewhere in the year 1930-31 as I understand and now it is raised to 12 per cent. Considering that we are convincing. It is argued for instance "that the employers in the industry have long ago realised that to reduce the wages of their servants is not the proper cure for trade depression and that the budget of the Corporation was not going to be balanced by continuing this cut or unbalanced by restoration."

The other argument is that the Port Trust should not be taken as a model because the salaries there are far higher than that of the Municipality. May I state, Sir, in reply that I wish that in the interest of the employees themselves they had not been put on the paper as they harm their case more than help. If the Port Trust servants are highly paid, the Municipal servants particularly in the higher grades are also overpaid, though the fault in that direction may lie more heavily with those of the Port Trust. This sounds as if an effort is made to convince us that two wrongs make one right. No doubt we have recently re-graded salaries but we know very well that in the said re-grading very little reduction could be arrived at and that we could have gone much further, but for various adjustment in the payment of these salaries to the superior staff. As to the salaries of the junior staff I am quite prepared to admit that the restoration of the cut in their case is imperative and that we should now make that restoration in view of the fact that our revenue, apart from the extraordinary and artificially obtained receipts, is showing an increase.

In fact, concluded Prof. Davar, to confess frankly as I have stated before, a general alround restoration will not be against my inclination and I am prepared to try and see how we can do that.

He was prepared to consider the figures of the Schools Committee sympathetically but, at the same time, he hoped that the Schools Committee would practise economy and would teach a much larger proportion of children then they have been able to do hitherto.

REDUCE GENERAL TAX.

Mr. K. H. Goregaoker characterised the budget as a deficit budget and urged the committee to scrutinise the estimates carefuly so as to do something to lower the abnormally high rate of taxation. He suggested reduction of the rate of General Tax by half per cent and cutting down the expenditure proportionately.

Mr. Goregaoker complimented the Municipal Commissioner for his generosity in allowing the Schools Committee Rs. 32,67,000 as demanded but he thought that a substantial reduction could be made to the extent of Rs. 1,25,000 on the very lines suggested by the Commissioner in his Note. He did not favour restoration of the cuts in the salaries of the staff unless there was reduction of the General Tax. There was also room for reducing the salaries of certain officers who were highly paid. Qutside the municipality, people with equal qualifications worked with greater efficiency and yet on lower salaries.

Prof. V. G. Rao congratulated the Municipal Commissioner on the presentation of a budget which was not a financial jugglery. He was in favour of restoration of cuts in the salaries of the staff and agreed with the Commissioner in allowing the full grant of Rs. 32,67,000 as demanded by the Schools Committee. He suggested the desirability of constructing buildings for municipal schools, at least one or two every year and thereby save a good deal of rent to the municipality.

PALMY DAYS ARE GONE.

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai giving the reminiscences of the last decade said he had seen palmy days when cash balance was piled up to Rs. 50 lacs which unfortunately has been wiped out on account of the deficit budgets. The surplus cash balance, he said, is now practically wiped off. Now there are raids on Plant and Machinery Fund and on the interest of the Net Premia Fund. Regarding restoration of cut in the salaries he thought it was desirable to do so in the case of employees getting salaries between Rs. 100 and Rs. 400. In case of the rest, he suggested that until the Commissioner showed some ways to cut down the expenditure, they should wait. He advised to chop off some of the side activities of the Schools Committee which did not come within the purview of the compulsory education.

Mr. A. P. Sabawala after agreeing with the Commissioner's plan regarding the sale proceeds of land pleaded for the restoration of the cut of the salaries of those employees who were in receipt of salaries of Rs. 400 and under per month. He suggested the reduction of the general tax at least by one per cent and to lay out a plan for the removal of the slum area.

CARPETS IN SCHOOLS.

Regarding the Schools Committee budget he advised the Schools Committee not to waste money on furniture but to provide carpets to squat for the children. This arrangement he said will suit Indian children who were used to squat at home at the same time will make room for more children in the schools.

Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy also complimented the Commissioner for presenting the budget which was without further taxation.

Dr. Malinibai Sukhtanker congratulated the Commissioner for treating the Schools Committee fairly and generously by recommending the full grant demanded. She agreed with Prof. Rao that they should try to construct their own school buildings so that the rent may be saved. She did not agree with Mr. Sabawala that school furniture be dispensed with and children provided with carpets. By squatting, she said, they won't be able to write without desks. She also pleaded for the reduction of the general tax by at least one per cent.

SHAH'S PESSIMISTIC NOTE.

Prof. K. T. Shah struck a grave pessimistic note and said under the present financial conditions, he did not think the situation would improve for at least 30 years more. However he thought under the present conditions, the budget as presented by the Commissioner was the best. Whatever their commitments, he averred, Bombay being the first city in India, the public expected better service, under the present financial conditions. He suggested the revision and improvement of the sources of income as with the existing sources it was difficult to meet the heavy expenditure. He also pleaded for the reduction of the general tax by at least one per cent.

NEW CHEMICAL FACTORY FOR KARACHI

KARACHI. Nov. 15

It is understood that a chemical factory, the first of its kind in the province, called the Karachi Chemical Industries Ltd. with an influential directorate has been registered, with a capital of Rs. 1,00,000

It is learnt that the management will provide, equip and maintain laboratories, test houses etc. for research work and important experiments.—United Press.

"ENTICEMENT" CASE

Court Has No Jurisdiction To Try Adultery Charge, Argues Defence Counsel

That there was no complaint about the third charge namely the charge of adultery and, therefore, the Court had no jurisdiction to try that charge was the contention put forward by Mr. Gadkari, Defence Counsel, at the resumed hearing of the case in which R. N. Kapoor is charged with enticing or taking away, detaining and committing adultery, before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on Friday.

No doubt there was a complaint before the Magistrate, but in that complaint, the counsel pointed out, there were no allegations about the offence. The court could take cognizance of allegations made orally or in writing that an offence had been committed.

In the complaint filed by the brother of Mrs. Ranganayaki, counsel said, there were no disclosures about the charge of adultery. The learned magistrate had also issued a warrant under section 498 I.P.C. Summons issued against Mrs. Ranganayaki was again under the same section. Mrs. Ranganayaki's bond, along with the bond of surety, asked her only to appear and give evidence in the case at Bombay.

In all these instances, Mr. Gadkari remarked, Section 497 I.P.C. (the adultery charge) had not been invoked. Even in the complaint there was not even a prayer at the end to institute such a charge.

Therefore, the Court had no jurisdiction to try the charge.

Quoting a Lahore High Court ruling, the counsel said that if the section was not mentioned in the complaint, at least the facts or the ingredients constituting adultery must be set out in the complaint. The section might not be quoted in the complaint but it was absolutely necessary, counsel remarked, that the facts constituting such an offence under section 497 I.P.C. governed by section 199 of the Cr. Procedure Code was absolutely necessary.

Mr. N. C. N. Acharya appeared for the complainant.

Kidnapping For Conversion

KARACHI. Nov. 15

The Sind police and the C.I.D are busy tracing a gang of kidnappers who are believed to be decoying young boys for the purposes of conversion.

In the last few months no less than half a dozen boys are reported to have been mysteriously kidnapped. Inspite of searches carried on both by private as well as official agencies no clue of the boys is yet available.—United Press.

Sinha To Appear For Nizam's Aunt

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Nov. 15.

Mr. Sacchidananda Sinha, some time member of the Executive Council of the Bihar and Orissa Government, has been granted a 'Sanad' to appear in the Hyderabad courts.

It is understood that he will be appearing for Lady Vicar-ul-Umra, aunt of His Exalted Highness the Nizam, in a suit she has filed against the Government for several lakhs of rupees.—United Press.

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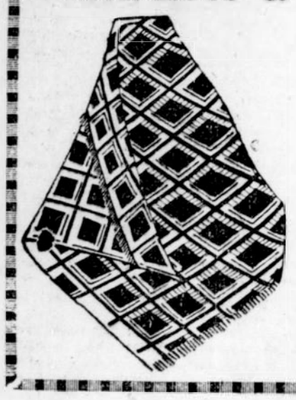

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Around The Courts

Powers Of Police To Arrest Without Warrant

Girgaon Magistrate Dismisses Advocate's Complaint Against Superintendent Klein

The powers of a police officer to arrest without warrant any person or persons causing obstruction to traffic or inconvenience to the public were dealt with in detail by Mr. I. N. Mehta, at the Girgaum Court, to-day when he dismissed the complaint of Mr. N. C. Bharucha against Superintendent Klein of "C" Division and a constable attached to the Lamington Road police station charging them with wrongful confinement by reason of his arrest on September 16 last while standing in front of the Imperial Cinema where the film "Jawani-ki-Hawa" was first screened.

Crowds had collected in front of the Cinema and Superintendent Klein with a posse of constables was on the scene regulating traffic. Mr. Klein had asked several people to move on, and one of them was the complainant. He did not shift from the place and began to argue with the Superintendent who once again directed him to move away. When he found Mr. Bharucha still remaining adamant and not moving from the place he ordered a police constable to put him under arrest.

Under section 22 (b) of the Bombay City Police Act the magistrate in the course of his judgment observed, the Commissioner of Police is empowered to make rules for regulating traffic of all kinds in streets and public places so as to prevent danger of obstruction or inconvenience to the public.

Rule 12 ran:—"No person shall occupy any portion of any street so as to cause obstruction to traffic or inconvenience to the public."

Superintendent Klein being the officer in charge was the only person who had to exercise his discretion whether the complainant was causing obstruction or inconvenience to the public. He so decided and gave orders for his arrest under this section.

Mr. Bharucha refused to move, the magistrate held, and thus virtually challenged his orders not once but twice, and when the Superintendent asked him whether he wanted to disobey, he did not move on. "In my opinion", the magistrate remarked, "Mr. Bharucha had clearly committed an offence under section 127 (b) of the Bombay City Police Act by disobeying the lawful direction given by a police officer given in conformity with rules made under the act."

"But this does not dispose of the contentions of Mr. Bharucha raised in the complaint," Mr Mehta went on. "If an offence under section 127 (b) has been committed, has a police officer got powers to arrest any person on the spot under section 33 of the B. C. P.? When one refers to section 33 which deals with the powers of a police officer to arrest without warrant, we find that an officer can arrest any person committing in his presence any offence punishable under clause one and 2 of section 127 in respect of a contravention of a rule made under the clauses under Section 22. These deals with persons carrying in streets gunpowder and explosives.

Mr. Gadkari was therefore not justified in saying that for a breach of rule 12 a police officer has no power of arrest of any person causing obstruction on the spot because the offence is non-cognisable. Moreover he had not cited the relevant portion under which the arrest was made. In the charge sheet even the section of the penal code was not mentioned. Mr. Bharucha, had obviously some doubts of the legality of the arrest.

The Magistrate found that the arrest was legal not for breach of rule 12 but under section 33 (e) of the Act. This section empowers a police officer while in the discharge of his duties to arrest without warrant any person who obstructs him. And Mr. Bharucha had twice been ordered to move but he did not do so and this amounted to obstructing a police officer. Hence the arrest was in no way vexatious.

Moreover section 197 of the Criminal Procedure Code prevented the Court from taking cognisance of an offence alleged to have been committed by a public servant in the discharge of his duties without the previous sanction of the local government. Even if the court took cognisance of the offence under section 19 of the B. C. P. Act, the court could not proceed further.

By another section also the court was prevented from taking action against the Superintendent and hence the magistrate dismissed the complaint.

At the inquest held to-day, the Coroner's Jury recorded a verdict of "accidental death" on a girl named Darkubai aged 7 years, who was accidentally knocked down and runover by a motor lorry yesterday morning at 10 a.m.

From the evidence given by Waubai, the mother of the deceased child it appears that yesterday at about 9-30 a.m. She, her daughter, and her sister-in-law were crossing Reay Road to purchase some firewood, when a tram car came along. They stopped, and when the tram car moved forward they ran ahead leaving the girl behind, with the result that a motor lorry coming from the direction of Kalachowki struck her and she was knocked down.

The driver of the lorry No. X9389 Rozario Mascarenhas stated that the women ran right in front of his vehicle, and to avoid them he swerved, but the right mud-guard of the lorry struck the girl knocking her down.

She was removed to the J. J. Hospital, but died the same day.

At the inquest held to-day on the body of a Hindu woman named Rukhmibai, aged 35 years, residing at Haji Cassum's Chawl, 2nd floor, Chinch Bunder Road, the Coroner's jury returned a verdict of "death due to an accidental fall."

It appears from the evidence of Sheikh Lal, the rent collector of the chawl, that yesterday at 7 p. m. he found the deceased lying on the ground floor of the chawl.

One of the ventilators on the second floor of the chawl has a very short railing, and the deceased must have fallen through it when trying to go to her room.

Witness then sent for the police, who removed the dead woman to the J. J. Hospital Morgue.

MURDER OF CARPET DEALER

Suspect Arrested

Syed Abdul Hassan Syed Hussein, a servant employed by the carpet dealer, who was murdered in Immamwada on Thursday, has been arrested by the police on suspicion. The suspect was placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day on a charge of murder. As the police were pursuing their inquiries, the accused was ordered to be remanded to custody for a fortnight.

CHINAMAN JAILED

Concealed Cocaine In Stove

BOMBAY, Friday.

"As the accused had employed a novel method of secreting cocaine which made detection difficult, the accused in my opinion should not be dealt with leniently," said Mr. I. S. Haji, to-day, in sentencing, Amboo Ah Wong, a Chinaman in whose room cocaine was found concealed in a stove, following a raid carried out by Assistant Inspector Bashiruddin Mohommed, of the Central Excise Police, on November 10. The accused was sentenced to one months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 100 or in default 2 months' R. I.

Police Fail To Prove Gaming Charge Against 28 Jews Arrested In Coffee Shop

In acquitting Kelly Jacob and 27 other Jews, arrested on charges of being found in common gaming house and assisting in keeping a common gaming house, Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagoan, remarked on Thursday that the prosecution had not proved their case for want of corroborative evidence.

The prosecution story is that Sub-Inspector Engineer of the Nagapada Police raided a coffee-shop at Bellasis Road on October 2 last, and arrested the accused who were found there.

As soon as the police raided the place there was a general panic and several people escaped. No money was found on the tables or elsewhere. The marked coins were not recovered.

In giving judgment, the Magistrate took into consideration the facts that the bogus punter who was also a police informant had a previous conviction and that his own admission was that he was a gambler.

The accused pleaded not guilty and put forward the plea that they were whiling away the time by indulging in innocent games over a cup of coffee.

Mr. Kothare appeared for the prosecution and Mr. St. John defended the accused.

GAMBLERS GET OFF CHEAP

Judge Reduces Deterrent Sentences Passed By Kalyan Magistrate

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, Nov. 15.

Remarking that the sentences passed by the trial court were too severe, Mr. M. A. Bhave, the Sessions Judge of Thana, reduced yesterday the terms of imprisonment in a gambling case on an appeal preferred by Mr. S. K. Dhamdhere, Advocate, on behalf of Meherdin Basin Pathan, Hanmappa Basappa, Gokul Bimbadhar and Abdul Samad, four employees of the Western India Match Factory at Ambernath, who were convicted on their own plea of guilty by Mr. M. G. Naik, the Resident Magistrate of Kalyan, and were sentenced to three months' hard labour on a charge of keeping a common gaming house brought against the first accused, and one month's rigorous imprisonment in case of each of the last three accused for having been found gaming.

It was urged by the appellants' pleader that the accused would lose their jobs if they were sent to jail, and he, therefore, prayed for altering the sentences of penal servitude to those of fines and for reduction in view of that being their first offence.

Disagrees With Magistrate

The Sessions Judge, in the course of his judgment, observed: "The Magistrate, it appears, has imposed severe sentences because he thought that there was considerable labour population in that particular locality, and hence it was necessary to award a deterrent sentence in order to have a deterrent effect. I cannot agree with the argument that a particular offender should be dealt with more severely, because he happens to live in a locality where there is considerable labour population on which it is necessary to produce a deterrent effect."

"I agree", said the Judge, "that to produce a deterrent effect on the general public and society severe punishment might be imposed in proper cases. But in this case the accused are the employees in the factory and they had pleaded guilty, and this was their first offence. Hence I consider that the sentences imposed are too severe."

"But so far as the first accused is concerned," continued the Judge, "he deserves to be dealt with more severely than the others, and it is necessary that he must undergo some sentence of imprisonment."

The sentence of the first accused was reduced to one month's hard labour, while the remaining three accused were each fined Rs. 25 or in default to undergo one week's rigorous imprisonment, instead of the original substantive sentence of one month's hard labour.

High Court Give Important Decision In Workmen's Compensation Act Case

Is the widow of a deceased workman entitled to any compensation after she remarries, under the Workmen's Compensation Act?

This was the point that came up for decision before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Macklin at the High Court during the hearing of the appeal filed by one Balkrishna Narayan against the decision of the Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation, Bombay.

The deceased Dattu Balkrishna died as a result of injuries sustained in an accident while he was working on the construction of a building, and the employer was called upon to pay compensation to the deceased's family.

The Commissioner for Wrkmen's Compensation fixed the amount at Rs. 1,400 out of which he directed Rs. 600 to be paid to the deceased's widow Basawa and the balance to his father, Balkrishna Narayan.

Against the Commissioner's decision the father filed the present appeal on the ground that Basawa had remarried and therefore she was not entitled to any compensation and that the whole amount ought to have been awarded to him.

It was contended by the appellant's counsel Mr. T. N. Wallavalkar that the Act provided for compensation for the dependents of the deceased. In the present case the widow having remarried was now dependent on the second husband and could not be called a dependent of her deceased husband.

Widow Not Wife

Delivering judgment their lordship observed that the word 'wife' had been inaccurately used in the relevant section of the Act, because the moment a man died his wife became a widow.

The word 'wife' used in the section should, therefore, be construed as widow and a widow included a widow who had re-married.

If, continued their lordships, the legislature had intended that a widow who re-married should be excluded from the right of compensation, it would have been easy to make it clear by mentioning an unmarried widow instead of a wife.

Their lordships, therefore, dismissed the appeal with costs.

Mr. T. N. Wallavalkar appeared for the appellant, Mr. Taljapurkar for the widow Basawa and Mr. S. G. Patwardhan for the employer.

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'Hinduism Is Our Religion And We Shall Not Desert It'

RAO BAHADUR RAJA CHALLENGES AMBEDKAR'S CREDENTIALS

United Harijans Must Help Congress And Not Obstruct It

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah, M.L.A., President, All-India Depressed Classes Association and representative of the Depressed Classes in the Assembly, has issued a statement with reference to the controversy regarding the change of religion raised by Dr. Ambedkar.

Referring to Dr. Ambedkar's speech, he says:—

"So far Mr. Balu, the famous cricketer, who is the leader of a large section of the Depressed Classes of the Bombay Presidency has clean bowled out the President of this Conference with his well-weighed and weighty statement. Other leading members of the community all over India, have rightly expressed strong disapproval of this resolution.

"While I fully share in the resentment which many of our men feel at the treatment meted out to our people in many parts of the country by the so-called High Caste-Hindus, I would at the same time request them to compare conditions existing now with what they were, say 15 years ago. Conditions have improved considerably to-day. A large section of educated Hindu India has come to condemn the practice of untouchability and has thrown its weight on the side of reform. I venture to say that in view of the awakening of the Hindu conscience that has been noticed in regard to our condition and status, the days of Untouchability as practised towards our community are now numbered."

"The Congress under the inspiration of Mahatma Gandhi has taken up the question of the removal of untouchability and the Hindu Mahasabha has followed suit. It is our duty to help them in their endeavour and not to throw obstacles in their way.

DESTRUCTIVE ADVICE

"The Depressed Classes have every right to ask Dr. Ambedkar whether he had ever before taken any interest in their religious life and given any hint that Hinduism as a whole was to blame for the social and economic depression of these classes? Did he ever take any part in social and religious reform movements in Hindu Society before coming to conclusion that Hinduism is unreformable before taking upon himself the responsibility of advising 70 millions of people to change their religion?

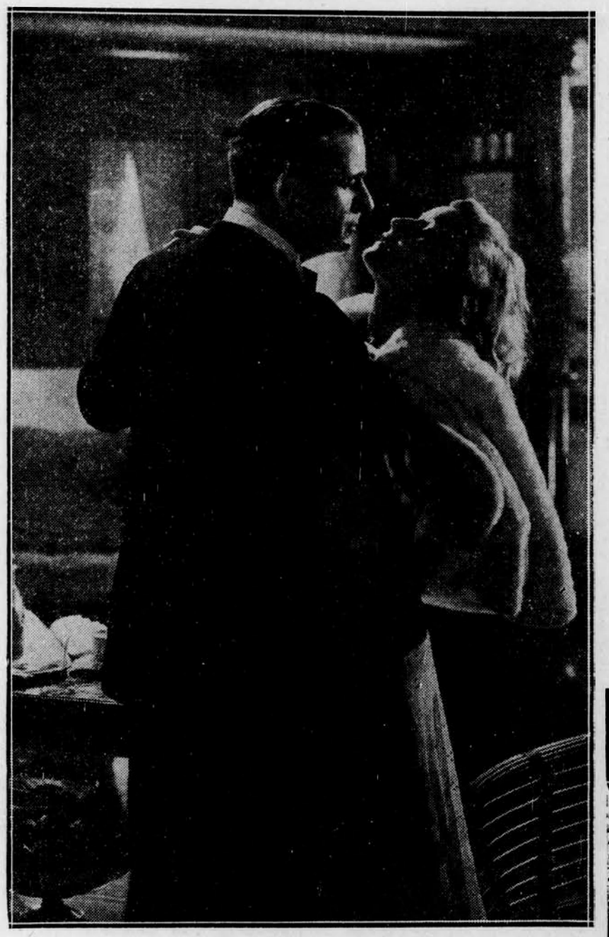
"It is to be noted that while he gives the negative counsel that they should renounce Hinduism, as if it could be done in a moment—the moment the word is spoken by a single man—he does not say in what direction they should move and what religion they should embrace in place of the one they are called to renounce. What is the use of such destructive advice without a constructive proposal? Whither does he want to lead the people?

DISUNION AT HOME

"The immediate remedy that suggests itself to me is the total withdrawal of the legal and administrative recognition to the superstition of pollution. If we do not achieve social and religious equality in Hindu Society it is no doubt the fault of the Caste-Hindus but it is also our fault. Are we united? It must be acknowledged that the lack of unity among those who speak in the name of the community has had adverse effects on the rise of the community and has seriously jeopardised the work on its behalf: and without unity among ourselves the interests of the people are bound to suffer. I appeal to my people to consolidate the community and stand united and work with patience and determination. If this is done our success is assured.

"I now appeal to my people not to be led away by the speeches of people who do not really understand the inwardness of things. I appeal to them not to lend their support to men who for reasons of their own seek to undermine the solidarity of the community and to defeat the endeavours towards uplift by setting up rival organisations and thus becoming rival leaders, whose only business now-a-days seems to be to sow seeds of dissatisfaction, distrust and class hatred in the hearts of our poor and innocent people.

"Hinduism is our religion and it is sacred to us. It is our duty to preserve it and purify it. We do not want to cut away from the Hindu fold. We want a better recognition—a recognition of the fact that we are men equally with themselves, the caste-Hindus. Our goal is the removal of untouchability and our aim is to become an unsegregated and unquarantined part of the Hindu Society."—A.P.



"Let's Live To-Night" with Lilian Harvey and Tullio Carminati now see at the Wellington.

PEASANT CAMP AT CHINCHWAD

New Era In Village Reconstruction

Mr. V. R. Shiralkar of Poona writes:—

In these days when cities meet villages, it is but right that Poona should have made a bold step in starting a peasants' Camp on the lines of summer, schools in England or winter schools in Denmark. Mr. Balukaka Kanitakar, a seasoned worker of Poona, has very sagaciously kept this work above party-politics. With the aid of all parties, ranging down from the Congress to the semi-Government officials he has started since October at Chinchawad, a village seven miles from Poona, a Peasants' Camp for three months. The influx of peasants in the camp is a sufficient index of the crying need of such educational institutions. A hundred odd students have flocked there readily and hopefully.

All the students are genuine agriculturists. They, therefore, know their needs, grievances and aspirations. Their ages range from 22 to 40 and they all came from the principal castes. Not only the instruction imparted there but lodging and boarding also are free. The daily expense of the Camp is Rs. 5.

Though thoroughly educational in its aim a piece of land has been selected for experimental farming. Education in land cultivation, fruit preservation, selection, of proper seed manure and allied subjects is the main programme of the Camp. The snapshot method of literacy campaign is used.

Elementary principles of law are included in the curriculum of the Camp. The national language, Hindi is taught. Drill is performed both in the morning and evening. First-aid medical treatment, so needful in the village has been laid stress upon. Magic-lantern-lectures are very popular with the students. Spinning, ballad-singing religious prayers and such other items make the programme wholesome. Lectures have so far been delivered by well-known public men like Mr. N. C. Kelkar, Mr. S. D. Deo of the M.P.C.C., Mr. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A., and Mr. Jedhe, M.L.A.

This novel experiment is hoped to make the peasant students well-versed in their daily subjects with a scientific bias and wide vision.

The Executive Council of the Nagpur University has decided to hold two Convocations for conferring degrees from the next year. The Council has appointed a committee to prepare a comprehensive scheme for co-ordination of various activities such as sports tournaments, physical education and medical inspection.

SANTHALS TAKE TO HINDUISM

DUMKA, (By Mail).

It is gathered that about a lakh of Santhals took to Hindu practices and observances between the years 1927 and 1935. The figures for last years reclamation come up to 3,500.

It is further stated that there are 77 centres in the Santhal Parganas. Seventy-seven Sardars from these areas came to Dumka during the last Durga Puja, paraded the streets uttering the name of Rama and participated in a 'yajna' at the Dharamthan.—A.P.

HARMFUL DYES

Japanese Toys Prohibited In Australia

The Japanese Consul-General in Sydney (according to the "Osaka Mainichi") has informed his Government that the Australian Government has prohibited the import of certain Japanese toys into Australia, alleging that they are coloured with harmful dyes. Included among the "undesirable toys" imported into Sydney were celluloid and rubber toys and crayons of which the colouring was reported to contain lead and arsenic.

MUNICIPAL REFORMS PARTY AT BHAVNAGAR

Leaders' Congratulatory Messages

(From Our Correspondent).

BHAVNAGAR, Nov. 12.

Ever since the formation of the 'Municipal Reforms Party' a new wave has come over Bhavnagar. The party organized meetings in all the wards and educated the public. By other means of propaganda also the party made itself felt especially by the intelligentsia.

Yesterday was the day of municipal elections. The party had placed all the 20 candidates in all the wards to contest the elections. It is said that great interest prevailed. Never in the history of the city municipal elections such interest was taken by the public.

LEADERS' MESSAGES.

Mahatma Gandhi had sent blessings to the party asking them for which the party is formed. Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel, Sjt. Nariman and Sjt. Balwantrai Thakore, president, Ahmedabad Municipality also sent congratulatory letters to the party, and Sirdar specially appealed to the State to be more generous in the grant.

Sjt. Nariman exhorted the party to keep a high standard of purity in public service and thereby raise the standard and efficiency of the municipal administration itself.

The party, it is expected, will secure 15 seats out of 20. On the whole the election was a good municipal education to the electorate of Bhavnagar.

PUBLIC LIBRARY RAIDED

RAJBARI, (By Mail).

A public library and the house of the librarian were searched on Saturday. Nothing incriminating is reported to have been found, but copies of a few books were taken away.—A.P.

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Housing Scheme And Loans For Harijans

What Sevak Sangh Has Achieved In Sind During Year

KARACHI, (By Mail.)

There were originally six district committees, to which one more was added, the Larkana centre having been organised and affiliated with the Sangh, states a report of the Harijan Sevak Sangh of the work done in Sind for the year ending 30th Sept. 1935.

In addition to these a special committee for the Karachi Cantonment Centre has been organised. Efforts were made to open a centre at Jacobabad, but failed because a competent worker could not be had.

The Sangh has in all 12 day schools and 12 night schools in the province and 662 Harijan boys and 33 girls are taking advantage of them. They have distributed during the year Rs. 2,108-12-0 in the shape of scholarships, 7 students in Thar Parkar are getting training as weavers in Gaando and in Mithi Ashram. Three students of Thar Parkar were receiving training in the Leather Work school at Karachi. A blind student from Nawabshah has been receiving instruction in music at Amritsar. In addition to the boarding house already existing and run by the Entyaj Seva Mandal, one more boarding house has been opened by the Harijan Handicraft Institute in which 12 students are lodged and boarding is provided.

All the three day schools in Nawabshah district have been recognised by the Local board and municipality for the purpose of grant. Tando-Adam and Nawabshah are already getting grants and Shahdadpur will get it from this year. A token grant has also been paid to the Sukkur school by the Sukkur Municipality. Their special efforts had been directed towards the spread of education in Thar Parkar desert district where there is very little facility for education of Harijan children. Gandhi Ashram at Nagar Parkar which was managed by the Bhil Seva Mandal of Dahod has been put in charge of Sind Harijan Sevak Sangh and the total amount spent in the ashram which contains 20 inmates during the last eight months comes to Rs. 1,260. Rs. 1,120-9-5 were spent in supplying books, paying fees, etc. The grand total spent on education comes to Rs. 9,848.

HOUSING SCHEME.

The Sangh's housing schemes at Hyderabad and Karachi have been held up due to paucity of land grants. The Karachi municipality has offered a piece of land for buildings, but as this is unsuitable, the Sangh has applied for another plot. Housing problem is acute for the sweepers of Hyderabad and Jacobabad. The Sangh's housing schemes committee at Karachi has got a promise of donations of Rs. 22,000 and of Hyderabad for Rs. 12,000.

The co-operative credit society at Sukkur and Hyderabad are doing splendid work. Shikarpur has followed suit and loans have been given to sweepers with a view to reducing their old debts. Nawabshah committee is continuing the unregistered Debt Redemption Society. Karachi Cantonment Credit Society has already been registered, while similar society will shortly be registered at Larkhana. The amount loaned to Harijans by the three Harijan co-operative societies comes to Rs. 33,155 for the entire year.

CONFERENCES.

A number of conferences were held in Thar Parkar district and these were attended by Harijans from the various districts, it was resolved at these conferences to minimise the expenses of marriages and caste-dinners. The secretary and Swami Krishnanda toured the Thar Parkar district twice, studying the condition of Harijans and bringing about better understanding between caste Hindus and Harijans. Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram also tour the district and collected a good amount for construeting wells in the districts.

WELLS.

Local boards and municipalities have declared by means of circulars and by sign boards that all public wells belonging to them are open to the public. In Sind the objection to the use of public wells does not come so much from caste Hindus as from Muslims and when any attempt is made to remedy this state of affairs, an unfortunate communal turn is given to them. Several new wells have however been constructed. Two tube wells have been sunk, one at Shikarpur and the other at Larkana. Another well was sunk at Tando Adam with the aid of grant received from the J. F. Fund. The total amount spent on wells during the year through the Sangh comes to Rs. 2,050.

HARIJAN DAY.

A whole week beginning with 24th September was celebrated as the Harijan week with great enthusiasm. Meetings, parties, 'bhajans,' magic lantern shows, feeding of Harijans and visiting Harijan quarters formed the chief items of the programme. At Shikarpur Sanatanists did not approve of the celebration but the procession which was headed by His Holiness Maharaj Khatwalla Saheb was attended by a number of caste Hindus, though, it is reported, they were threatened with boycott. The next day Sanatanists took out another procession.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

In every school in Sind arrangements have been made to keep medicines for distribution by teachers. At Larkana Dr. Alimchand, the Hon. Secretary of the Sangh, is personally looking after the Harijans, visiting them daily, giving them medicines and ministering to their comforts. Similar arrangements exist in Hyderabad also. The total cost of medical relief undertaken by the Sangh during the year was 281-0-0.

Village work was organised in Thar Parkar district, the Secretary touring for 15 days in the month. In Hyderabad district a Shewadhari was touring throughout the year maintaining contact with Harijans and teaching them weaving. He organised a number of night schools in the district.

The beggar problem is very acute in Thar Parkar district. Agitation was carried on to minimise its effects. The sympathetic attitude of the Collector of the district went a long way in relieving distress. The secretary is striving his best in this direction.—A. P.

Italy's Unsound Financial Position

DIMINISHING GOLD RESERVE

(BY VICTOR BRU.)

"The colonial war in East Africa in which Italy is, at present, engaged has imposed a formidable burden on the economic organism of the country.

Unprovided with even the most necessary raw products, Italy suffers more from lack of important financial reserves.

It may, therefore, be interesting to throw a glance on Italy's economic and financial position at the time when the African war has become a terrible reality for the entire world.

The world crisis, which began in the United States, in autumn of 1929, found its first echoes in Italy in the year 1930.

The total production of Italy decreased in 1931 by 15.3 points in comparison to the year 1928 and attained its lowest level in 1932. At the same time, the number of the unemployed population rose rapidly from 425,000 in 1930 to 1,000,000 in 1932.

The economic situation has been considerably ameliorated since 1933 and has reached its pre-crisis level, in the beginning of 1935 The number of the unemployed is, however, still very high, amounting to 755,000 in June 1935.

This recovery in business, accelerated as it has been, by the important orders for war material, made by the Government to the various manufacturers, has not been a special characteristic of Italy. It has coincided with the revival of trade marked in other countries during the same period. . . .

UNFAVOURABLE BALANCE.

But, although, the purely economic situation may be said to have ameliorated, the financial position seems hardly favourable. The orders for war material constitute a great burden on the public finances. Besides, Italy is obliged to purchase numerous commodities from foreign countries while at the same time restricting its exports and this has been the cause of the deficit in her commercial balance.

In order to make up for this deficit the Government have been compelled to exhaust, firstly, the small funds of foreign money that they had in reserve and, secondly, to make use of the gold reserves of the Bank of Italy.

These gold reserves having fallen from 7,000 million liras in 1929 to 5,800 millions in 1934 have further decreased to 4,300 millions in 1935 and have thus reached the legal minimum required as cover for the paper money in circulation.

To-day, the number of the notes in circulation is rapidly increasing. While the gold reserves during the last nine months have diminished by nearly 24 per cent. the amount of paper money in circulation has risen by 12 per cent.

This issue of the notes has been further augmented due to the budgetary deficit which has passed from 500 million liras in 1930-31 to 5,800 millions in 1933-34. For the current year the deficit estimated is more than 4,000 million liras, without taking into account the expenditure for war.

On the other hand, while the floating debt of 11,000 millions is rapidly increasing, the consolidated Italian public debt has reached the figure of 90,000 millions.

Italy's actual internal situation, as also the foreign credits, which Italy has long been trying to acquire, constitute a direct danger to the stability of the lira."—"La Tribune des Nation," Paris.

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Each coupon bears a number, ranging from one to three figures, forming different values for calculation. Except for a few blanks all one lb. tins contain a competition coupon. Each entry must state QUANTITY of coupons submitted, with total score. For example: 10 "fives", 2 "fifties", 3 "one hundreds", total 450, or as the case may be. Each entry must have competitor's name and address in block letters and must reach Polson Mfg. Co., 211-219 Frere Road, Fort, Bombay, by Registered Post, not later than 6th March 1936 after which date no entry will be accepted.

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Co-operators' Village Uplift Camp

The Secretary of the Savantwadi State Central Co-operative Institute, writes:—

The Savantwadi Central Co-operative Institute arranged under the leadership of Mr. W. G. Phalnikar, its propaganda officer one week's village uplift camp at Otaona village which is five miles from Savantwadi from the 6th instant.

The workers of the camp used to devote their mornings to the survey work, hold informal talks with the villagers in the afternoons and to deliver lantern lectures in the evenings, The Naib Diwan of the State visited the camp on Saturday last.

Rajbhoj Deprecates Conversion Move

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE, Nov. 13.

A fitting rejoinder to Dr. Ambedkar's threat of change of religion by Harijans was given by Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj, General Secretary, All-India Depressed Classes League, at a meeting of Indore Harijans held to welcome Pandit Malaviya, when he said that "Harijans were proud of being Hindus and would never change Hindu religion." Mr. Rajbhoj appealed to caste Hindus to take steps for a speedy redress of Harijans' grievances. Else he feared the secession of Harijans from Hinduism would intensify the proselytising campaigns of Christians and Muslims.

Malaviya's Advice To Indore Youth

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE, (By Mail).

"Unity and Selfless Service" in the cause of India were the two cardinal principles which should guide the conduct of the Youth of this country, said Pandit Malaviya replying to the address of welcome presented by the Local Youth League.

ALL-ROUND PROGRESS OF INDORE

Annual Administration Report For 1934

(From Our Correspondent).

INDORE, (By Mail).

An year of all-round progress is recorded in the Indore State Administration Report for 1934. The income for the year is shown at Rs. 1,18,64,000. Though the State has spent Rs. 7,56,000 for the year under review on Education, the State is to be reckoned as backward in the matters of Education compared to Travancore, Baroda and Mysore. An expenditure amounting to Rs. 9,58,000 had been incurred under the head of Public Works Department whilst a sum of Rs. 9,15,000 expended on the Army.

The total number of patients treated in the State Hospitals and dispensaries was 673,000 as against Rs. 652,870 in 1933.

The report reveals satisfactory progress in the direction of industrialization. A small sugar factory has been set up near Bijalpur. The area under sugar cultivation showed a steady increase. The number of mills and factories at the end of the year was 373 as against 365 in the preceding year. The income derived therefrom in the form of royalty, tax amounted to Rs. 119,684.

Mention is also made of the legal and social measures enacted during the year, the noteworthy of these being the Indore Code of Criminal Procedure. The Indore Prohibition of Marriages between old men and minor girls Amendment Act No. 5.

Of the total revenue of the State approximately 20 per cent (Rs. 182,700) was spent on Palace which is double the amount allotted to education. Funds allotted for charitable purposes are disproportionate to the income of the State.

PRIZES FOR GIRLS

Sir Azizuddin Ahmed, Chief Minister, Datia has endowed a Fund for the award of Gold Medal to a Hindu and a Muslim girl who is a bona fide resident of U.P. and stands first in High School Examination. The medal will be named after his wife.

On receipt of the news of indifferent health of his sister staying with her father at Ootacamund the Maharaja left for Ooty.

Karachi Proposal To Bachelors Welcomed

The Jt. Hon. Secretary of The Immediate Social Reforms Conference, writes:—

The Immediate Social-Reforms Conference congratulates Dr. G. T. Hingorani of the Karachi Municipal Corporation, who has tabled a proposition before that body "that bachelors who have decent income of Rs. 100 and upwards per month and whose age ranges from 25 to 40 years, be called upon to pay a tax called "Bachelor Tax" at the rate of 25 per cent of their income".

The conference welcomes the proposition and commends the same for unanimous acceptance by the Karachi Municipal Corporation. Such a restriction shall to some extent minimise the evil polygamy.

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9-ct. Solid Gold .. .. Rs. 60.
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Heavy Italian Casualties

Abyssinians' Brave Fight Against Enemy

POISON GAS IN ACTION

Fascist Propaganda Exposed

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

DIRE-DAWA, (Abyssinia) Oct. 23.

Some Europeans in this country are doing propaganda for the Italians, inventing false news of victory which the Abyssinians never claimed. This propaganda is carried on because they know, the war fronts are some hundreds of miles away and if such false reports get about once or twice only to be exposed later, no one will believe even when the Abyssinians report real victory.

ITALIAN CASUALTIES.

Some reports from the Italian side are quite unbelievable. For instance, the Italians say that after four days' fighting their casualties were only 20 killed and 70 wounded. At Adowa itself severe night attacks were made by the Abyssinians, and on one occasion the battle raged for 50 hours. The Abyssinians were fighting hand to hand, and God help an opposing army if once the Abyssinians get into it with their swords and knives. There have been thousands of casualties on both sides and the Abyssinian version of 2,500 Italian casualties in one night is not false. It is also true that Ras Seyoum has captured many Italian officers and men.

The most surprising story is that some Abyssinian chiefs went and joined the Italian colours.

ITALIAN RETREAT.

The Italians were once forced to retire and thrown back across the Mareb river and the Abyssinians penetrated 30 miles into Eritrea. After this the Italians brought reinforcements in a hurry and started a very severe bombardment of Ras Seyoum's troops, who were forced to retire.

Italians have mounted guns and strongly fortified Mount Ramab which looks down on Adowa, and from this position they can always keep Adowa under heavy bombardment, whenever the soldiers of Ras Seyoum attack by night, but they have been unable so far to fortify Adowa, Adigrat or Aksum, because the Abyssinians keep harassing them day and night.

ASMARA ATTACKED.

From the western side of Adowa, Dedjaz Ayalou penetrated into Eritrea and took many Italian outposts. His troops and those of Dedjaz Haille Sellasi invaded Italian territory and went very close to Asmara. The Italians had to hurry reinforcements to save the Eritrean capital. The Abyssinians, it is true, have always lost heavily by air attacks, but they are far superior to the Italians in hand-to-hand fight.

The Ethiopians have shown to the world that unarmed though their soldiers are, they are prepared to lay down their lives at a big cost to their enemies.

ITALIAN MINISTER'S INTRIGUES?

The Italian Minister at Addis Ababa was quite confident of the Italian troops taking that city easily and so he was making one excuse after another to remain there. But as there was a lot of intrigue and espionage going on, the Emperor gave him his last orders in the presence of the French Minister to leave at once. It is said that he had a radio-set by which he was sending all sorts of news to the Eritrean General staff.

TRAP FOR ENEMY TANKS.

Abyssinians have not only been able to bring down some of the Italian aeroplanes, but have found a clever plan for disabling or capturing the enemy tanks. Some bands go and dig big holes in the ground. When the tanks get trapped in these holes. The Abyssinians are always ready nearby with their swords to attack the pilot and other occupants of the tank. In others places, in the plains, these holes are covered up by leaves and earth and the tank at once, falls down and the occupants are made helpless.

JIJIGA TRENCHES.

A council of war was late'y held in Jijiga. General Wahid Pasha being present, when it was decided, to vacate Garlogube and some other outposts which are very far in the forest and concentrate troops in two or three spots, which will be very difficult to be taken by force. General Wahid Pasha says that nature has so fortified these places that the Abyssinians can stop all assaults merely with stone and rifles.

All the feudal armies were collected recently Jijiga, where General Wahid Pasha has built double lines of trenches with wire entanglements. Nearly 33,000 soldiers received modern rifles with 100 cartridges for each man.

POISON GAS ATTACK.

Dedjaz Nassibou has reported that the Italians have started operations on the western front with big quantities of tanks, guns and aeroplanes. They have also taken one or two outposts. Three or four days ago they severely bombarded Magalo and threw some poison gas which caused heavy casualties among the Abyssinians. Ras Dassita and Fitaurari Bizzabe have hurried there with nearly 150,000 men.

This is not the first time that the Italians have used poison-gas. They used this in the battle of Adowa as well.

ABYSSINIAN STRATEGY.

I saw recently a prominent chief of the Governor of Harrar who told me that a plan of action was decided upon according to which the farthest Abyssinian outposts have been evacuated and troops ordered to concentrate on very strong hilly positions. About 100 kilometres are left unoccupied and they are awaiting the Italian advance.

Mount Hubata which is 30 miles from Harrar and Dire-Dawa is being fortified. This mountain commands all the roads from the Issa, Dire-Dawa and Harrar sides.

Lot of soldiers are being recruited daily and work is going on, on the automobile road to Danwanle, the Abyssinian frontier station on the border of the French Somaliland.

WAR ON "PIRATICAL" PUBLICATION

Group Formed For Ensuring Protection Of "Copyright"

BOMBAY, Nov. 14.

To secure fairplay for publishers in the matter of copyright protection in India, the Publishers Association of Great Britain and Ireland have formed an Indian Group of the Association.

This Group, whose membership comprises nearly forty leading publishers, has appointed a committee with headquarters in Bombay to represent and assist the Group in India.

Members of the Group, says a statement to the press, are pledged to assert their rights by full legal action, if necessary so far as copyright is concerned. With this object in view a substantial fund has been established to defray any legal expenses incurred.

PIRATICAL" PUBLICATION.

The Publishers Association, adds the statement, has occasion to draw attention to "the considerable and increasing amount of unauthorised piratical publication in India of copyright works. Since India is a signatory to the International Copyright Convention, this regrettable practice is, of course, illegal."

The statement claims that the Incorporated Society of Authors, Playwrights and Composers is in complete agreement with the British Publishers in their efforts to put a stop to "piratical" publication in India. "These efforts should be assured of the support of all authors, both Indian and European, who are under present conditions, so permanently being deprived of their just rewards."

The Publishers Association and the Society of Authors appeal for the fullest support of all authors and publishers in India who suffer equally from the literary pirates who disregard the provisions of the Copywright Act.

The Secretary of the Indian Committee (address c/o post box No. 704) Bombay) appeals to authors and publishers in this country to notify him of any unauthorised reproduction, etc. of copywright matter so that the Association may take necessary action.—A. P.

NEGRO DELEGATION'S TOUR PROGRAMME

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 13.

The American Negro Delegation of Friendship, consisting of Mr. Howard Thurman, his wife (Mrs. Sire Bailey Thurman), Rev. Edward G. Carolly and his wife, will tour Travancore for 16 days beginning from 16th November.

The Delegation reaches Nagercoil from Tinnevelly on the 16th and after two days' stay arrives at Trivandrum on the 18th.

The delegation will address several meetings in which prominent Officials and non-officials will take part. The Delegation will speak among others on these subjects. "The Impact of Christianity on the Institutional life of Negros," "Elementary education in Bi-racial Society," "International education and Beloved Community" and "The Religious Message of the Negro Spiritual."

The Delegation then visits Kottayam, Ernaculam, Alwaye, Calicut and Trichur and leaves for Madras on 2nd December. From Madras, it tours Mysore and the Andhra Province and then proceeds to North India, Burma and Western India.

The Delegation will interview Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Rabindranath Tagore and leave the shores of India on March 9, 1936, for China and Japan.—United Press.

IRRIGATION BY ELECTRICITY

U. P. Govt.'s Projected Scheme

LUCKNOW, Nov. 13.

The Associated Press has made inquiries regarding the proposed Government schemes for electrification of Oudh and the Eastern districts of the United Provinces as reported recently in a Delhi paper and is informed that the report is incorrect and misleading. It is understood that the Government do not consider it advisable to embark in the first instance on a scheme of electric supply which involves very heavy expenditure at the outset.

The scheme in contemplation by the Government, which was referred to by His Excellency in reply to the address presented by the Fyzabad Municipal Board on November 6, is a smaller experimental project for the electrification of Fyzabad town and for a small canal in the same district at a cost of Rs. 16.54 lakhs including overhead charges.

STEAM POWER STATION.

It is proposed to construct a small steam power station at Sohawal to generate 1,250 kilowatts with a spare steam turbine and set of boilers. The canal headworks will be sited at Raunahi and two 90-cusec Gill type pumps will be installed in the first instance. The main canal 27 miles long starting from the pumping station would follow the Ghogra-Marha doab. It will viturcate at the tail into two distributing system, the total length of which will be 42.9 miles. There will be 43.2 miles of minor canals which will take up directly from the Man Canal. The canal will command 147,420 acres in the district of Fyzabad.

The cost of the high tension transmission lines from the power station to the pumping station and to Fyzabad town including 4 sub-stations in the town and 1 in the Cantonment will amount to 0.93 lakh. Power will be sold in bulk to the licensees for distribution in the town.

This scheme is very much less ambitious than that which was first contemplated. Should it succeed it may open the way for a large expansion of irrigation by electric power in the east and also for the local utilization of cheap electricity thereby increasing the prosperity of the Eastern districts of the United Provinces and furthering their industrial and agricultural development.—A. P.

COMMITTED TO SESSIONS

Partner Of Madras Firm

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

Mr. Abbas Ali, Chief Presidency Magistrate, committed to-day J. Moiver, Partner, Huson Hudson Tod & Co., and K. S. Narasimhachari, a former assistant in the firm, to take their trial at the High Court Sessions in two cases. The Magistrate read the charge sheet against each accused separately, and asked the accused whether they intended to examine any witnesses on their behalf. They replied that they would file a list of witnesses in the High Court.

In respect of one case, charges under section 404 and 420 I.P.C. were framed against the first accused and charges under sections 409 and 420 read with 109 I.P.C. against the second accused. In respect of the other case, charges were framed under section 409 I.P.C. against the first accused and charges under section 409 read with 109 I.P.C. against the second accused.

Later, a bail application was filed before Mr. Justice Wadsworth (in the High Court) on behalf of both accused. The Crown prosecutor not objecting His Lordship granted bail to both accused. The first accused was directed to furnish his own bond for Rs. 10,000 with two sureties of Rs. 5,000 each and the second accused was directed to furnish his own bond for Rs. 5,000 with sureties of Rs. 2,500.—A.P.

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How to get rid of Disfiguring Blemishes

How much younger would *you look and feel* if your skin was clear and entirely free from blemish?

Pimples, spots, blackheads, enlarged pores, burning irritations and ugly complexion defects are woman's most common "ageing" enemies. To all who suffer, Cuticura presents the most simple and effective way to clear the skin.

Cleanse the skin with Cuticura Soap twice a day. Its luxuriant, mildly antiseptic lather is soothing and softening; washes away pore-deep dust and grime which develop blackheads, enlarged pores and ugly complexion defects. And to rid the skin of pimples, outbreaks, rashes or irritations use Cuticura Ointment direct on the affected part before washing with the soap. Its antiseptic action kills germs, soothes and heals and quickly clears the skin.

Try this treatment to-day, see how your skin begins to look clearer and fresher; your complexion smoother, lovelier, more attractive than ever before.

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Sold by all Chemists and Bazars. Ask for Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. And for powder use Cuticura Talcum—exceptionally fine and pure, exquisitely perfumed.

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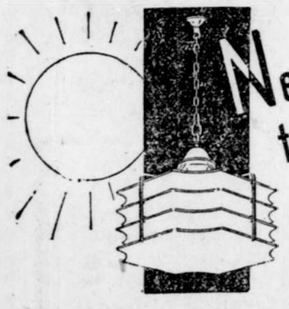

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Selections For To-day's Races

Royal Prince And Imperial Should Be Doubled

By "Senex"

The following are the Selections for the First Day of the Bombay Winter Meeting to be held to-day:—

1ST RACE—
ZOHAL 1
ARABY 2
SAGGAR BEG 3

2ND RACE—
KING GHAZI 1
TURF BOY 2
KASSAB 3

3RD RACE—
AL MUQBIL 1
THE DUKE 2
MAHBOOBAT TARIQ 3

4TH RACE—
TETFORD 1
MINSTREL BOY 2
SANSOLINI 3

5TH RACE—
DOREDA 1
MESSAGE 2
KIRKIBOST 3

6TH RACE—
BETTY BOOP 1
TREE TOP 2
HER LADYSHIP 3

7TH RACE—
CENTOI 1
ABUNDANCE 2
DIAMOND SHOWER 3

8TH RACE—
ROYAL PRINCE 1
OOTMAN 2
RAPSONIA 3

9TH RACE—
IMPERIAL 1
SILVER JUBILEE. 2
SERHEED 3

DAILY DOUBLE

AL MUQBIL & BETTY BOOP.

DAILY TREBLE

DOREDA, CENTOI & ROYAL PRINCE.

RESERVE BANK ELECTION

Sir Purshotamdas And Mr. F. E. Dinshaw Top The Poll

The following are declared elected as members of the Local Board Western Area, Reserve Bank of India:—

1. Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas.
2. Mr. F. E. Dinshaw.
3. Mr. R. P. Masani.
4. Mr. Sultan M. Chinoy.
5. Mr. Devidas Madhowji Thackersey.

RANGOON RESERVE BANK DIRECTORS

RANGOON, Nov. 15.

Muhammed Dawjee Dadabhoy, Mr. Rambam Kedia, Mr. S T. Sadasivan Mr. Virjeedaya and Mr. Zora Singh have been declared elected Directors of the local Board of the Reserve Bank.—United Press.

COFFEE CESS COMMITTEE

The Governor-General in Council has nominated Mr. J.D. Kothawala, J.P., Managing Director the Polson Mfg. Co., as representing trade interests from the Bombay Presidency on the Indian Coffee Cess Committee, formed in pursuance of the Indian Coffee Cess Act, 1935.

The first sitting of the Committee will be at Bangalore from the 23rd November.

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"LIMIT SPEED OF CARS"

Coroner's Jury Make Strong Recommendation To Government

BOMBAY, Friday.

A verdict of "accidental death" due to fracture of the skull and haemorrhage was recorded at the inquest on the body of Mothanna Pochaura, who was knocked down and killed by a private car driven by Hormusji Merwanji Kasinath on the 7th inst. at the Junction of Queen's Road and 1st Marine Line Street.

On the evidence of Mr. Balam Rai Rao it appeared that deceased was crossing the road (Queens Road) from left to right when the car which was travelling at over 30 miles an hour struck him and he was knocked down. The driver of the car and witness came over to the man and found that he was dead.

After about 15 minutes some police officers came and removed the corpse.

The Coroner's Jury very strongly recommended to the Authorities to impose a speed limit on Motor Vehicles in Bombay.

THANA VILLAGE, SCENE OF BRUTAL OUTRAGE

Constables Who Went To Investigate Dacoity Attacked And Done To Death

The Thana District Police are investigating a case of a double murder of two Police Constables, alleged to have been committed by a gang of dacoits at Chonda Village, in the Shahpur Taluka on the night of November 12 last.

Trimbak Sukharam Sawant and Krishna Vishram Sawant are the names of the murdered persons. The former a head police constable and the latter, his subordinate, had gone that day to investigate a complaint of a dacoity when they were done to death.

This gang of about a dozen accomplices includes four women. It has been a terror to the villagers for the last eight years in the interior, which is far from the rail and the motor tracks.

These two constables are alleged to have been murdered with swords by some of the gangmen, who were lying in ambush on the outskirts of the village where the police constables had gone to make inquiries.

After sunset, they were suddenly attacked and killed with the swords they were carrying. The head police constable died a few hours later, while his subordinate died on the spot. They belonged to the Dolkhamb outpost under the Kinhavli Police Station.

About a dozen armed policemen were dispatched from Thana yesterday night soon after a telegram was received at the district headquarters in connection with the double murder.

Rao Bahadur N. V. Trivedi, the District Superintendent of Police left this morning by train upto Assagaon, then by motor upto Shenva and then by foot-track to the scene of offence, which is far in the interior. Such is the difficult route that the Police Superintendent will be able to reach the spot only to-morrow afternoon.

CAMBRIDGE BAN ON WOMEN

'Varsity Union Refuses Membership To Lady Students

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

Women are not to be admitted to the Cambridge University Society. The decision was taken recently when 274 votes were cast against their admittance and 193 in favour.

Mr. V. H. H. Green (Trinity College) had numbers of women students of Girton and Newnham College among his hearers in the galleries when he put the motion:

"That this House would welcome the admission of women to full membership of the Cambridge Union Society."

He went on to declare that:

1. Sir Leslie Stephens, a Trinity man, spoke to only one woman, his bed-maker, during his undergraduate days;
2. In 1635 the University went so far as to rusticate all bed-makers; and
3. Women were now-a-days only given a titular degree and were considered the inferior of men.

WOMAN'S PLACE IN UNION

Mr. P. R. Noakes (Queens' College), opposing, maintained that woman's place in Union debates was in the galleries, and if they come down to our level—to the floor of the House—they would not be able to contribute anything of value.

"If women once get a hold in the Union they will get a strangle-hold in the University," added Mr. Noakes.

Mr. C. J. K. Churchill (Trinity College) suggested that the six seats on the Kitchen Committee shou'd be handed over to "six comely domesticated wenches."

Mr. J. Lloyd McQuitty (Trinity College) argued that they did not want to see the Union called "The Mothers' Union."

Mr. C. H. Mann (King's College) said:

"I love women, but we cannot have them because we love them so. We like our stockings not blue but flesh coloured."—United Press.

FLYING SCHOOL OFFICERS IN ACCIDENT

'Plane Crashes During Inspection Of Landing Ground

RANGOON, Nov. 15.

Information has reached here to the effect that Lieutenant Arthur of the Rangoon Flying School and Commander Baillie who were out on Tuesday last piloting a push moth for inspection of landing grounds in the coastal route, crashed on an island off the Tenasserim coast near Mergui on Wednesday.

None is reported to have been injured and the damaged 'plane is arriving here by the steamer "Juna."—United Press.

Inquest On Body Of Carpet Merchant

BOMBAY, Friday.

The inquest was held to-day on the body of Haji Abdul Rahman Bin Ahmed Jinjai Mogul, aged about 50 years, stated to be a carpet merchant, and residing at Kamal Khan's Chawl, Imamwada Rd.

It will be recalled that on Wednesday, the deceased was found at his residence lying in a pool of blood with several injuries inflicted by sharp instruments on his person.

On the evidence, given before the Coroner to-day, Haji Kambarali Hassan, a jeweller, who was a neighbour of the deceased, and knew him for the last 20 years, it appears that the deceased was living alone, and had no relations in Bombay. The witness further stated that on Thursday at 6 a.m. he had returned from the Masjid and was having tea in a restaurant, when one Badlu Tarang came and informed him that there was a large quantity of blood in front of the room of the deceased.

Witness went to the room, but found that the door was fastened from inside. He looked through the window by lifting the curtain and saw that Haji Abdul was lying in a pool of blood. Witness asked him to open the door, but he replied: "Nothing, nothing, go away."

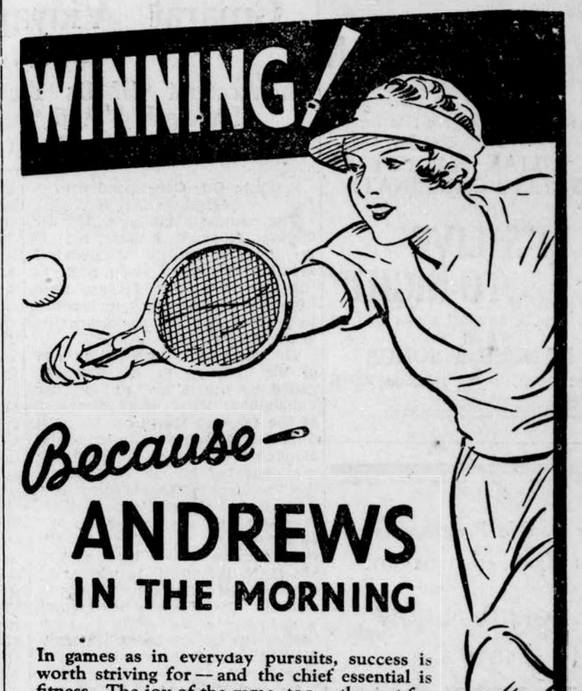
Witness then went to the Police, who came and forced open the door and rushed the injured man to the J. J. Hospital, where he died subsequently.

Medical evidence showed that the stab-wounds suggested homicide.

Further hearing was adjourned till the 29th of this month, to enable the Police to complete their investigations.

Lt.-Col. H. W. C. Robson, Agent to the Governor-General in Central India and party arrived at Satna on Wednesday evening from Indore.

WINNING!



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ANDREWS IN THE MORNING

In games as in everyday pursuits, success is worth striving for—and the chief essential is fitness. The joy of the game, too—the zest for work or play—are so much more real—more intense, when you're feeling gloriously alive and well. And it's really so simple to keep actively fit—alert in mind and body. A glass of pleasant-tasting Andrews in the morning supplies the little gentle corrective we all need—cools the blood and cleanses the body—refreshes and invigorates—tones up the whole system. Try for yourself this pleasant and effective way of keeping fit.

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As beautiful as your first love! As wonderful as your first kiss!

LILIAN HARVEY
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IN
"LET'S LIVE TO-NIGHT"

A Columbia Musical Super-picture with
DANCES & SONGS

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INVISIBLE MAN

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A whole Comic Drama will be shown at a time

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NOVELTY TALKIES

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A BLAZING TALE OF A WOMAN'S REMARKABLE DEVOTION TO HER HUSBAND—PAINTED WITH MARVELLOUS COLOURS—IN

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ALIAS

I'STRI DHARMA

Starring—
Fascinating Miss
MEHTAB
with golden-voiced—NOOR JEHAN supported by NAZIR, HADI, AFZAL, AZURIE, QUMAR, MUMTAZ.

* * * *
Direction: Sjt. C. M. RUFFI.
Photography: Sjt. KRISHNA GOPAL, B.Sc.
Music: Sjt. B. B. GANGULI.

AT

KRISHNA

TALKIES,
DUBASH THEATRE.

Time:—
5-15; 8; 10-45.
Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-30.
(Direction: WESTERN INDIA THEATRES, LTD.)

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BEST SHOW in the **CITY**

New Theatres Ltd's. Calcutta.

"DEVDAS"
IS A PICTURE of PICTURES!

DEVDAS

Starring
SAIGAL
with
Jamuna, Rajkumari, K. C. Dey, P. Sanyal,

at **MINERVA**
TALKIES LAMINGTON ROAD.

Time: 5-30, 8, 10-30
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To-Day Commg
7th
GLORIOUS WEEK

RANJIT'S
Noore-Vatan

Starring:
MADHURI
E. BILLIMORIA

WEST-END
TALKIES

Gujarat Vidyapith Library

An Account Of Its Transfer To Ahmedabad Municipality And Subsequent Return To Its Trustees

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Nov. 13.

The circumstances in which the Gujarat Vidyapith Library, recently donated to the Ahmedabad Municipality, was given back to the trustees of the Library need to be fully and clearly understood to prevent any misunderstanding in the matter.

The question of the handing over of the Library to its Trustees, raised by the letter of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel was discussed at the General Meeting of the Ahmedabad Municipality held on Monday 11th instant under the presidency of Mr. B P. Thakore, the President of the Municipality.

Mr. G. V. Mavlanker, Vice-President, put the proposal, duly seconded, that "in view of the legal opinion given by counsel Mr. D. N. Bahaduri to whom the question was referred by the Municipality, the Library be handed back to Sardar Vallabhbhai on behalf of the Gujrat Vidyapith-Mandal and a proper receipt be obtained thereof".

An amendment to this was moved by Mr. M. M. Hakim seconded by Mr. Pherozshaw C Karanjawala that the Library be handed over to such one or more of the Trustees of the Vidyapith Mandal as obtain a judicial order from a court of competent jurisdiction for the return thereof."

PAST HISTORY

The history of the passing of the Vidyapith Library to the hands of the Municipality may bt briefly recalled. On his decision to launch individual Civil Disobedience and the consequent abandonment of the Satyagrahashram, Mahatma Gandhi, offered, on 30th July 1933, to give the Ashram (containing about 10,000 volumes) to the Ahemdabad Municipality as a present to the Municipality of Ahmedabad With th's offer there came a donor who offered to donate a sum of about Rs. 50,000 for a suitable building to house the Ashram library. The then leading members of the Municipality informally decided to accept the offers and negotiated for the purchase of necessary land at a cost of about Rs. 35,000. The next day, Sjt. Kaka Saheb Kalelkar the Vice-Chancellor of the Gujrat Vidyapith thought it best to give similarly the Vidyapith Library to the Municipality of Ahmedabad on certain terms and conditions. He therefore got from the Collector of Ahmedabad necessary permission to remove the library which was then in Government custody under the Ordinances. As Sjt. Kakasaheb was leaving Ahmedabad, he requested Mahatma Gandhi to communicate and make the offer to the Municipality in respect of the Vidyapith and Mahatmaji forwarded to the Municipality Sjt. Kakasaheb's letter along with a covering letter of his own.

The matter of acceptance of these offers came formally before the Ahmedabad Municipality after 31st July 1933, and it was resolved to accept the offer of both the libraries, and the donation orginally offered for the Ashram Library. The Municipality, thereafter, got the plans and estimates of the building, and the building is by now put up at a cost of about Rs. 75,000.

"ULTRA VIRES"

Soon after his release from the Nasik Jail in July 1934, Sardar Vallabhbhai found, on examination of the facts, that it was "ultra vires" of the entire Vidyapith Madal to dispose of or gift away the Vidyapith Library of which he along with the other members of the Mandal were trustees. In his view, the transaction, though quite bona-fide and with the best of intentions, amounted to a violation of the essential conditions of the Trust and it was, therefore, the duty and liability of every trustee to regularise the position. If the transactions were inter-vires, of the entire Vidyapith Mandal, he and other trustees were willing to ratify Sjt. Kakasaheb's unauthorised action of gift to the Municipality which was communicated through Mahatma Gandhi. But if it was not, he felt, he must discharge his duties as a Trustee even at the risk of being misunderstood. It may be mentioned here that Mahatma Gandhi was not one of the trustees of the Vidyapith and that idea of handing over the library was entirely of Kaka Kalelkar who bona-fide but erroneously thought that he had authority to do so.

Mahatma Gandhi agreed with the Sardar's view that if the trustees had no power in Law to ratify the action of Kakasaheb the Municipality should be approached for the return of that library to which it had got no valid title.

Sardar Vallabhbhai then referred the matter for opinion of leading counsels in Bombay and he was advised that any action of ratification of the action of Kaka Kalelkar would be ultra vires of even the entire Vidyapith Mandal and that the whole transaction was illegal and incapable of ratification. He therefore addressed a letter to the Municipality, explaining the true position and requesting the Municipality to give over to him the library as a trustee thereof for and on behalf of the Vidyapith Mandal.

LEGAL OPINION

When Sardar Vallabhbhai's letter came for consideration before the Municipality, decided to obtain legal opinion. It sought the opinion of Counsel Mr. D. N. Bahadurji (ex-Advocate General of Bombay) and, failing him, of Mr. C.C. Setalwad of Bombay.

The substance of the view expressed by Counsel Mr. Bahadurji is that the transaction of July 1933 was "ultra-vires" of the entire Vidhyapith Mandal, that the Municipality has acquired no title to the property and that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel is entitled to get it back

It was in the light of this opinion, that the Municipal meeting met on 11th instant to consider the question.

The original proposal of Mr. Mavlanker was carried by 24 voting for and only 5 (mostly nominated) against it.

DARKEST SPOT IN AMERICAN LIFE

Indian Visitors Describes Hardships Of Negroes

(From Our Own Correspondent).
CALICUT, (By Mail).

"The peoples and problems of the United States of America" was the subject of an interesting lecture delivered by Mr. K. B. Menon, M.A., Ph.D. (California University) at the Calicut Y.M.C.A. on Thursday last. In the course of his speech the lecturer stated that oriental students, especially indian students, had a peculiar status of their own in the universities and were comparatively well-treated. Americans entertained fantastic conceptions about India and looked upon Indians as persons whom they did not and could not understand. No social disabilities were imposed on Indians.

As for trial marriages and companionate marriages, the speaker stated, it was very difficult to judge correctly the moral standards and practices of another nation. Their marriage was a purely personal affair. Theirs was a highly mechanised life. Trial marriages and companionate marriages seemed to work satisfactorily.

NEGROES STILL UNTOUCHABLES

As regards the Negroes, the speaker said that except California none of the other universities managed by Whites was open to them. They had further no admission to public eating places, social gatherings, barber shops and even churches. Negroes had their own churches and university. The Negro problem was the darkest spot in American life. Lynching took place chiefly in Southern States. Lynchings increased whenever there was economic depression. The Roosevelt administration was taking drastic steps to put a stop to lynching.

NO HOME COOKING

An American home, the lecturer said, was very different from a European home and strictly speaking it was not a home as we understood the thing here. Owing to acute scarcity of labour, people had no time for cooking and very few people came home to cook their food. Both husband and wife went out to work. They generally ate in hotels. There was no conceivable convenience that an American home did not provide. Privacy was lacking in the home. The people were most informal. Even strangers, therefore, felt extremely at home.

With reference to prohibition, the speaker said that it was a debatable question whether prohibition was a success or a failure. When depression set in the State badly wanted revenue and raised the ban on liquor. The speaker did not subscribe to the view that prohibition was an absolute failure.

Post Master's Alleged Absconding With Rs. 4,000

(From Our Correspondent).
CALICUT, (By Mail).

It is reported from Tellichery that Mr. K. Narayanan, Post Master at Panur, North Malabar, absconded on the 6th instant with about Rs. 4,000.

The case has been reported to the police who are investigating.

JUNAGAD.—Mr. Pramodrai T. Mazumdar, younger brother of Officer of Junagad State arrived here from England on Tuesday evening by the Bombay Mail after attaining higher university degrees in agriculture, horticulture and sugar technology. He was received on the Junagad station by his friends, admirers and relatives.

Move For Compensation To Benda Victims

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 14.

It is reliably understood that a demand is being set forth for compensating the Benda villagers who were victimised by soldiers during the raid on July 18.—United Press.

Rev. Ottama, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, has postponed his farewell meeting fixed on Saturday next at the request of Burmese leaders, in order to bring unity among the different contending parties in Burma.—

FRAMJI CAWASJI HALL

(Continued from page 6).

seventy-five thousand rupees for the structure and a further sum of Rs. 10,000 for maintenance, and it was decided to retain the original name of the Framjee Cawasjee Institute, but to call the main hall Sir Shapurjee Bharucha Hall and to give the library the name of the late Mr. N. M. Wadia. The site was also slightly altered so as to make it more prominent and convenient and the additional land given by the Municipality was to be converted into a garden round about the Institue to be called the Framjee Cawasjee Garden. At the prominent corner of this garden facing the main road, is to be added, according to the resolution recently passed by the Corporation one more monument to another prominent and devoted public citizen of this city, and it is decided to locate the statue of the late Dr. A. G. Viegas in a prominent corner of this garden facing the street.

Trustee's Decision

The recent history is, I presume, known to us all and needs no repetition. As these amounts were not sufficient to meet the requirements both for construction and for maintenance and a fairly large deficit was found to exist, the Trustees deemed it advisable to make up the said deficit by renting the new building to a Cinema Company for a period of ten years. The period expires within a short time and it is gratifying to note that in response to public appeals and having regard to the civic needs for a spacious and a centrally situated civic hall, the Trustees have decided, as early as possible on the termination of the lease, to restore this great and useful civic Institution to the City of Bombay and thus give effect to the original patriotic and philanthropic intentions of the donors and at the same time to perpetuate the memory of great and good citizens of this historic City.

Note Of Warning

However, before we close this apparently rosy picture, it is necessary in good time to sound a gentle note of warning. I remember that on certain occasions in the past difficulties were experienced with regard to the use of this original Hall and the Institute when it existed and the then Managing Trustees at times exhibited rather narrow views and refused the use of the Hall for certain public legitimate activities. Let us hope that the new management of this great Institute will show more broad-mindedness and not put unreasonable restrictions for the free use of the Hall and will allow it to be used freely for all legitimate civic public activities An assurance to that effect before the grand re-opening function is performed will be very much appreciated and welcomed by the public. The present management are not only Trustees for the funds and buildings, but are also public executors, entrusted with the duties and responsibilities of giving effect to the original aims and objects of this Memorial. The citizens have a right to demand a free and unrestricted use of this Hall for all legitimate public activities. An exhibition of pettiness and prejudice by the future administration will defeat its magnificent and noble objects. This should be as it was intended to be, a People's Institution, open to all citizens for all public civic functions.

SIND'S GIFT TO R. I. N. FLAGSHIP

Commissioner Presents "Indus" With Miniature Silver Craft

KARACHI, Nov. 14.

Mr. R. E. Gibson, Commissioner in Sind, presented this evening to the Royal Indian Navy's flagship "The Indus" a trophy in the form of a miniature countrycraft in silver, a foot long and 18 inches high.

Leading citizens attended the presentation ceremony. Mr. Gibson in presenting the trophy explained how the idea originated with members of the Sind Club.

Commander Dayfield thanking the citizens of Karachi on whose behalf the presentation was made declared he would cherish the trophy as a valuable possession, which would remain with the Royal Indian Navy.—A. P.

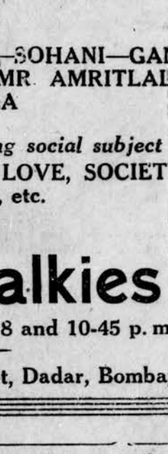
JAIN COMMUNITY'S PROTEST

(From Our Correspondent).
SURAT, Nov. 13.

As a mark of protest against the Dixa Pratibandhak Nibandh, a Protest Day will be observed by the Surat Jain community by holding a meeting to-morrow at Gopipura Nemubhai Vadi and a resolution will be passed protesting against the Dixa Pratibandhak Nibandh passed by the Baroda State.

Commencing TO-DAY
Delightfully Entertaining
MUSICAL COMEDY
"Bridegrooms Wanted"

Starring:—
NARGIS
in
A Brilliant Fantasy
An Amusing Satire
Loaded with laughter and catchy melodies
also
THE FUNNIEST INDIAN CARTOON



Clean and perfect entertainment for ALL in the Family

TO-NIGHT THIS WEEK
MAJESTIC
CINEMA
Sat. and Sun. at 2-45, 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

GALA OPENING NIGHT
BEST ENTERTAINMENT OF THE TOWN
Commencing from TO-DAY
AMBIKA'S SUPER SOCIAL

'MITHI NAJAR'

HARSHAD ROY MEHTA PRODUCTION

Featuring:
RAMPYARI—MADHAV KALE—SOHANI—GANGA PRASAD—DORAINE—MR. AMRITLAL & BRIJMALA

Most attractive and exciting social subject
Packed with thrills, ROMANCE LOVE, SOCIETY'S SCOUNDRELS, etc.

AT
ROXY Talkies
Sat., Sun. 2-30. Daily 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p. m.

Booking Gujarat Film circuit, Dadar, Bombay.

EXHIBITION
AND
SALE OF HANDCRAFTS
IN AID OF THE
BOMBAY DIVISION GIRL GUIDE ASSOCIATION
TO BE HELD AT THE
CATHEDRAL & JOHN CONNON HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
ON
SATURDAY, 16th NOVEMBER, 1935
11 a.m.—7 p.m
SUNDAY, 17th November, 1935
10 a.m.—5 p.m.

LADY HORMAZDYAR DASTUR
will open the Exhibition

ADMISSION 4 ANNAS ONLY.
SCOUTS and GUIDES in UNIFORM 2 ANNAS.

Do You Want To Meet
A HORSE
with
A Human Intelligence?

WAIT
He is Shortly Coming
—At—
SUPER
IN
WADIA'S
First Animal Thriller
HIND KESRI

Directed by:
HOMI WADIA
Who Gave Nadia to the Screen in Hunterwali.

Punjab-ka-Beta
India's Pride Wadia Movietone's Prize Horse. A Miracle Horse of Filmdom.

FILM FARE FOR THIS WEEK

"BRIGHT LIGHTS" AT THE CAPITOL—"LET'S LOVE TO-NIGHT" AT THE WELLINGTON—"THE CRUSADES" THIRD WEEK AT THE PATHE—"BONNIE SCOTLAND" AT THE REGAL

NEW ACTIVITIES
Are Now Shown In Japan Studios

The International Moving Picture Society working in cooperation with the cultural center of the Department of Foreign Affairs has recently been organized with the aim to produce films showing Japanese life to be distributed abroad.

Viscount Sukekuni Saga is president of the new organization and associated with him is Mr. Takeshi Yanagisawa, head of the Third Section of the Intelligence Bureau of the Foreign Office, Count Kuroda, Dr. Hitoshi Ashida, president of The Japan Times; Mr. Tsuguji Fujita, the artist; Mr. Kosaku Yamada, the composed, and Mr. Kokushi Kishida, the playwright.

The first picture to be produced in October will be called "Modern Nippon."

FILMING "GREEN HORIZON."

"Midori no Chiheisen" (Green Horizon). 10,000 Yen. prize novel by the woman writer, Mrs. Michiko Yokoyama, is now being filmed by Nikkatsu. The leading actors and actresses of the Nikkatsu studio at Tamagawa are required for this screen play.

The novel which won the Asahi prize, ran in the Osaka and Tokyo Asahi as a serial. The leading authors of Tokyo were selected to judge the contributions and "Green Horison" proved to be a popular place of fiction.

All classes of society are depicted in Mrs. Yokoyama's novel and many types of Tokyo inhabitants will be revealed by the camera.

Women writers gave a celebration party for Mrs. Yokoyama on September 18th at the Koraku restaurants, and some 70 women writers, painters and playwrights gathered to do her honour.

TO SCREEN LONG NOVEL

All star pictures, something after the fashion of "Grand Hotel", are popular with screen audiences at present, and Nikkatsu is aiming to please their patrons by the picturisation of "Dalbosatu Toge," in which the leading players of the company will appear.

"Dalbosatsu Toge," in novel form, was one of the longest pieces of fiction to be published in modern Japan, and has been adopted to the stage. It has been considered too complex to make a good picture, but the Nikkatsu directors are working hard to adapt it to the shadow stage.

SHOCHIKU MAKES PLAY.

Shochiku is also planning a long film with all the players associated with the studios. This will be "Eien No Ai" (Eternal Love), and is being produced in a lavish manner to celebrate the removal of the studios from Kamata to Ofuna. The story deals with the end of the Meiji era.

IS LEADING DIRECTOR

Mr. Yasujiro Ozu, one of the first directors in Japan, has completed a picture "Tokyo no Yado" (Tokyo Hotel) for Shochiku.

Another Shochiku film, "Akogare" (Longing), has been directed by Mr. Heinosuke Gosho and is the story of a wandering singer in Izu. It is planned to send this picture to France. Critics are of the opinion that these two Shochiku productions are the best pictures of the year.

'BRIGHT LIGHTS'
At The Capitol

Joe E. Brown is always funny. This wide mouth film comic has an ever growing host of fans who follow him through his cinema adventures with unwavering loyalty and hearty laughter. Anyone of them, and their name is legion, will willingly do battle to prove that Joe Brown is the funniest comedian before the public to-day. Consequently, each successive Brown picture strives to improve on the last one, and there is far more argument as to which picture is the funniest than as to which player can claim that distinction. One thing seems certain however. That is, that the First National comedy 'Bright Lights" in which Joe E. Brown appears for the first time locally at the Capitol Theatre from today is by far the finest picture he has made in many years. In the first place it is far more than a farce. It is a real comedy, replete with thrilling action, romance and pathos as well as laughter. In addition, it has four catchy snappy songs and it has several speciality numbers in which scores of beautiful dancing girls participate. Joe E. Brown portrays the part of a small time burlesque comedian in a troupe which is touring the provinces. His wife is Ann Dvorak, who is also his stage partner. As the story opens a runaway madcap heiress eludes detectives and joins the burlesque troupe. The part of the heiress is played by Patricia Ellis, a charming 18 year old featured player who wears a number of exceedingly striking gowns in the picture. On the train is William Gargan, playing the part of an advance man for a New York stage production about to have it's premiere—the annual "Frolics." Joe E. Brown, as the clowning, hoofing burlesque trouper, giving a slapstick imitation of a "drunk" is terrifically funny. Miss Dvorak splendidly limns the comedy contrasts by her presentation of a loving sacrifice. She also scores in a song, "Toddlin' Along With You" while Miss Ellis, in her first screen song, is quite capable in her number, "You're An Eyeful of Heaven." There is another typical burlesque song and dance sequence in which Esther Burke, just out of actual burlesque and on screen for the first time, sings "Powder My Back." The Maxellows, famous acrobat tumblers are excellent. Special mention is due to Joseph Cawthorn, Arthur Treacher, Henry O'Neill and Gordon Westcott. The songs, which indicate hit ratings, were written by Allie Wrubel and Mort Dixon and Bert Kalmar and Harry Ruby. The picture was capably directed by Busby Berkeley, with splendid photography by Sid Kickox. The story, by Lois Leeson, was made into a nicely balanced screen-play by a collaboration of Bert Kalmar, Harry Ruby, Ben Markson and Benny Rubin. The entire production has definite tonic qualities. Regardless of whether or not one is a confirmed Joe E. Brown addict, he will feel better after seeing "Bright Lights."

"PAINTED SIN"
At The Krishna Talkies

Indian film producers have been because of popular demands, expending considerable portion of their talent and energy on pictures with mythological and religious themes, and of the few that have attempting screening modern social life and its complexities only a few have succeeded in presenting anything comparable to Western achievement. It is therefore a real pleasure to come across an Indian picture with a social theme that in its presentation reaches the level of American pictures. "The Painted Sin" produced by Kanwal Movietone Ltd. is under the able directorship of Mr. C. M. Raffi and is released last week at the Krishna Talkies.

The acting in which Miss Mehtab and Nazir play the leading role is effective. Noorjahan is appreciated both for her acting and music and the minor roles are played with no less skill and talent.

Devika Rani the star of "Jawani-ki-Hawa" now running 10th week at the Imperial Cinema.

"The Crusades" is running third week at the Pathe —Loretta Young and H. Wilcoxon.

"LET'S LIVE TO-NIGHT"
Lilian Harvey, Tullio Carminati At The Wellington

The charm and beauty of the Mediterranean setting in "Let's Live Tonight," which opens tonight at the Wellington, provides an entrancing background for the captivating love story the film unfolds. Co-starring Lilian Harvey, who has never appeared more beautiful, and the suave, continental Tullio Carminati, fresh from his recent triumph in "One Night of Love," "Let's Live Tonight" is a delightful entertainment, handsomely mounted and lavishly produced.

It is gratifying to find that Hollywood has at last discovered a vehicle worthy of the remarkable talents of Lilian Harvey, who captured the heart of America as the singing and dancing star.

Victor Schertzinger, the great director of "One Night of Love," deserves much praise for the highly diverting, spontaneous and exhilarating tempo which he infused into the romantic goings-on. It is he, too, who also wrote the lovely score for "Let's Live Tonight." "Love Passes By," the hit tune is sung by Tullio Carminati with great effect and remarkable voice.

In brief, the story concerns a young American girl, Kay Routledge, vacationing on the Riviera, who falls in love with the handsome Nick Kerry (Tullio Carminati). They enjoy a short but ardorous romance, after which the cynical bachelor is on his way to new conquests. The girl cannot forget him, even after she meets another man who falls deeply in love with her. Nicky returns, a chastened lover, ready to beg forgiveness, when he discovers that her sweetheart and present fiance is his younger brother. Needless to say, the romantic tangle is satisfactorily unraveled in a punch climax.

Hugh Williams is splendid as the romantic, idealistic young Brian Kerry, his brother's rival. Tala Birell is a glamorous brunette and a skilled actress. She does extremely well in a different role. Jonet Beecher, as Kay's mother: Luis Alberni, as Carminati's faithful and funny butler are well cast.

CRICKET FILM WITH "JAWANI-KI-HAWA"
10th Week At The Imperial

Bombay Talkies' "Jamani-ki-Hawa" is entering the 10th week at the Imperial Cinema from today.

The exclusive right, of filming the Quadrangular Cricket matches together with the matches to be played on the occasion of the Australian tourists' visit to Bombay has been acquired by the Bombay Talkies' Ltd.

This film which will be accompanied by a running commentary throughout will be shown at the Imperial Cinema along with "Jawani-ki-Hawa". Those, therefore, who cannot go to the matches can still enjoy all the excitement and thrills of the play by seeing the cricket film at the Imperial with the additional treat of the feature film "Jawani-ki-Hawa."

Shree Vishnu Cinetone Co.

Mr. Natwarshyam has completed "Diler Dilber" and is busy with his scissors to make it ready for public appearance. Director Dhirubhai Desai is working day and night on his Hindi-e-Idd to finish it in time.

Kumari Madhuri in "Noore-e-Watan" at the West-End.

"BONNIE SCOTLAND"
At The Regal

Again Laurel and Hardy have done it. They've produced for theatre-goers another laugh hit-perhaps their best since their advent as a team. They run the gamut from high expectations to disillusionment through the feature length Hal Roach M-G-M comedy, "Bonnie Scotland" which is the attraction at the Regal commencing to-day. Laurel as Stanley McLaurel, is notified that he is mentioned in the will of a wealthy uncle in Scotland, so accompanied by his grandiose friend, Oliver Hardy, he arrives in the heather-land to take over the magnificent estate of late relative. But the estate so far as Stan is concerned consists of some valueless heirlooms. After this disillusionment, the pair become involved in a hilarious situation which ends with them being recruited in the Scottish Highlanders and assigned for foreign duty in India in His Majesty's Service. From this point on, the two, attired in kilts, romp through a series of exciting adventures. Undoubtedly the brief separation of Laurel and Hardy last spring reacted favourably to the temperaments of the duo. At any rate the "vacation" must have given an added zest and vigour to their respective performances for they are the Laurel and Hardy old-gay rollicking buffoons. Romance finds a goodly place in "Bonnie Scotland" with June Lang and William Janney interpreting the roles of Lorna McLaurel, a sweet Scottish lass who falls heir to the bulk of her wealthy grandfather's fortune, and Alan Douglas, a poor but ambitious law clerk. Both acquit themselves with distinction and will doubtless gain much added prestige for their fine performances. David Torrence as Lawyer Miggs is superb. This veteran character actor has never had a part better suited to his peculiar talents. Anne Grey, a new-comer to American movies but a star in her own right in England, lends to the role of Lady Violet Ormsby an importance that it richly deserves and gives promise of attaining the same popularity in this county that she has enjoyed abroad. Others in the cast who are worthy of special mention are Vernon Steele; James Finlayson, tried and true comic; Mary Gordon, and Lionel Belmore. For his fine direction of "Bonnie Scotland" James Horne is deserving of recognition as are the cinematographers who have turned in a splendid job. The story, an original was written by Frank Butler and Jeff Moffitt.

Laurel And Hardy in "Bonnie Scotland" at the Regal.

"THE CRUSADES"
Third Week At Pathe Cinema

"The Crusades" goes into its third weeks run at Pathe, where the rush has been so great that thousands have been turned away from each show. This wonderful picture has taken Bombay by storm and all agree that it surpasses anything done by Cecil B. De Mille before and that means quite in lot. The cast is absolutely perfect and the acting without exception of the byrest order. The story is an ingenous blemed of love and romance plus thrilling battles in which Henry Wilcoxon as "Richard the Lion Hearted" and Ian Keith as Sultan Saladin give outstanding performance. A picture definitely not to be missed.

"DELHI-KA-THUG"

In Bombay, "Delhi-ka-Thug" scored success at Super Talkies, against strong opposition of a number of new pictures and is still drawing crowded houses. In Ahmedabad, it had a glorious run of four weeks, in competition of "Pujarini, College Girl, Life is a Stage, Chandra and Golden City," etc. It is worth noting that, very few pictures of well-known companies and popular stars, are able to have so many weeks' run in Ahmedabad, and it is only the box-office value of the "Delhi-ka-Thug," that is responsible for its triumph.

John Brown with Ann Dvarak in "Bright Lights" this week at the Capitol.

Mehtab and Afzal in "Painted Sin" at the Krishna Talkies.

NEW ENERGY CHOCOLATE

2 OZ 3 ANNAS
4 OZ 6 ANNAS
6 OZ 9 ANNAS
8 OZ 12 ANNAS
BRISTOL

ALSO
CREAMY MILK
AND
FINE VANILLA

ECZEMA
Ringworm
Insect Bites

Skin Troubles, Insect Bites, a cut, a scratch, the head off a pimple are dangerous—take care! You have only to be the least bit unlucky for inflammation to follow. From this it is but a step to the spread of destructive poison from SEPTIC germs.

BEWARE OF SEPTIC POISON

Any injury, no matter how trival, is liable to turn septic if germs get in. Your safest and swiftest protection is Germolene Aseptic Ointment.
Germolene quickly heals skin troubles, cuts, scratches, burns, scalds. It checks infection before it starts to be serious. Even if sores and wounds are septic, inflamed and discharging, Germolene cleans them quickly and starts healthy new growth.

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Germolene
ASEPTIC OINTMENT
WATCH FOR THE BLUE SEAL ON EVERY PACKAGE
From All Chemists & Stores.

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One year monthly details Rs. 2, Weekly details Rs. 10. Correct answers for 5 future questions Re. 1. V.P. As. 5. Send writing time, sex and approximate age or date & time of birth. Catalogue free
HANUMAN ASTROLOGICAL OFFICE.
GURUTTANI. (S. INDIA)

SHIPPING NEWS

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Nov. 15.

S S Pres: Garfield, G Cullen, New York via Colombo, F F Campbell & Co.
S S Naldera, E F Hannon, London via Aden, M M & Co.
S S Ozarda, W C Obrien, Calcutta, M M & Co.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Nov. 15.

S S Trautenfels, H Stener, Karachi via Coast Ports, Lionel Edward.
S S Hadiotis, E J Maniadis, Rangoon, Scindia S N Co. Ltd.
S S Badarpur, P Sharma, Rangoon Burmah Shell Oil Co.
S S Cathay, C B Roche, London via Aden, M M & Co.
S S Pres: Garfield, G Cullen, New York, via Suez F. F. Campbell & Co.

LOADING.

Bombay, Nov. 15.

S S Tajandoen for Europe and American Ports.
S S Mirzapore for China Japan Ports.
S S Ozarda for Karachi via Coast Ports.
S S Ranee for Porebunder.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay. Nov. 15.

1 Silverbeach, 3096 Karachi, 16-11 Volkart Bros.
3 Trantenfels 3924 Karachi 16-11 L Edwards Ltd.
4 Bhutan 2912, Yokohama, 15-11 M M & Co.
6 Altenfels, 5041, Cochin, 18-11, L Edwards Ltd.
8 Col-di-Lana, 3709 Bhavnagar, 16-11 L Triestino.
12 President Garfield, 6233 New York, 16-11 F F Campbell & Co.
14 Uhenfels 4570 Hamburg, 16-11 L Edwards Ltd.
16 Strathmore 14144 London 23-11 M M & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

6 Haideri, 912, Karachi, 16-11, S Hassun & Co.
8 Mirzapore, 4135, Karachi, 21-11 M M and Co.
10-11 Hadiotis 2639, Rangoon, 16-11, Scindia S N Co.

PRINCES DOCK

B Subadar 3297 Rangoon 15-11 T Morrison & Co.
F Lahta 283, M'Coast, 15-11 Malabar Steamship & Co.
H Akabahra 611, Bangkok, 17-11 F F Campbell and Co.
M Alavi 2161 NF, NF, Morrison & Co.
P Jehangir 2157 Mauritius 16-11 T Morrison & Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM.

Naldera 14-11, P & O S N Co.
Strathaird 21-11, P & O S N Co.
Carthage 28-11, P & O S N Co.
Behar, 22-11 M M & Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

City of Simla, 15-11, K Nixon and Co.
City of Salisbury 26-11 K Nixon & Co.
Clan Macbean 23-11 J. Finlay Co.
Elysia, 20-11, Graham's Trading Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Conte Verde 20-11 L Triestino.
Montepiana 15-11 L Triestino.
Sumatra 30-11 L. Edwards.

FROM CHINA, JAPAN

Mayebashi Maru 15-11 N Y Kaisha.
Himalaya Maru 18-11 O S Kaisha.
Tottori Maru 25-11 N Y Kaisha.
Muroran Maru 29-11 N Y Kaisha
Italy Maru 26-11 N Y Kaisha.
Iwatesen Maru 24-11 O S Kaisha.

FROM MOULMEIN

Jalabala 16-11, Scindia S N Co.
Birk 17-11 Scindia S N Co.

FROM NEW YORK

President Garfield 15-11, F F Campbell and Co.
President Polk 28-11 F F Campbell and Co.
City of Mobile 25-11 F F Campbell and Co.
Steel Engineer 27-11 M M & Co.

FROM BUSRAH.

Bamora 14-11, M M and Co.
Varela 16-11 M M and Co.
Vasna 23-11 M M & Co.
Bankura 21-11 M M & Co.

FROM DURBAN

Karanjia, 16-11, M M and Co. and Co.

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Cathay 16-11 P & O S N Co.
Strathmore 23-11 P & O S N Co.
Viceroy of India 30-11 M M & Co.

FOR DURBAN

Tairea 13-11 M M and Co.
Karanjia, 27-11 M M and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Conte Rosso 21-11, L Triestino.

FOR AUSTRALIA

Strathaird 21-11 P & O S N Co.

FOR BUSRAH.

Bamora 20-11 M M & Co.
Varela 21-11 M M & Co.
Bankura 27-11 M M & Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Tuscania 14-11, Grahams Trading Co.
City of Paris 25-11 K Nixon & Co.

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN.

Mayebashi Maru 21-11, N Y Kaisha.
Himalaya Maru 23-11, O S Kaisha.
Mantai Maru 24-11, O S Kaisha.
Tottori Maru 29-11, N Y Kaisha.
Muroran Maru 29-11, N Y Kaisha.
Italy Maru 30-11, N Y Kaisha.

FOR HAMBURG.

Uhenfels 20-11 L Edwards.

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S.S.	Garbeta	11-11-35
„	Maloja (boat)	11-11-35
„	Irrawadi	11-11-35
„	Parvati	11-11-35
„	Netravati	11-11-35
„	Lalita	11-11-35
S.S.	Mantai Maru	12-11-35
„	Narkunda (boats)	12-11-35
„	Varsova	12-11-35
S.S.	Yalveston	12-11-35
„	Hadiotis	13-11-35
„	Alavi	13-11-35
S S	Uhenfels	13-11-35
„	Silverbeach	„
„	Bhutan	„
„	Trautenfels	14-11-35
„	Silverbeach (boat American cotton)	„
„	City of Paris (boat American cotton)	„
„	Akabahara	„
„	Bhadravati	„
„	Dayavati	15-11-35

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Nov. 15.

S S Strathnavar for London.—50 bags fish bones, N P Master & Co.; 11 cases fish bones, N P Master & Co.; 29 bales goat skin, D Abraham & Sons; 100 bales henna leaves, D Abraham & Sons; 675 bags linseed oil cake, L Dreyfus & Co.; 25 bales cotton M Chandulal & Co.

For Marseilles.—3200 bags gr. oil cakes, K Devchand & Co.; 3807 bags groundnuts, Ralli Bros.

For Marseilles.—193 bags mustard seed, Volkart Bros.

For Barcelona.—50 bags vegetable fibres, D Anandji; 300 bales cotton, D Kalyanji & Co.; 90 bales coton B Mawji & Co.; 50 bales cotton twist waste, M Chandulal & Co.; 50 bales cotton, M Chandulal & Co.

For Boston.—17 bales wool, E Manji & Co.

S S Uhenfels for Hamburg.—55 bales cotton waste, C Jairam & Co.; 115 bales cotton, B Harakchand & Co.; 1284 bags gr. oil cake H Ramji & Co.

For Rotterdam.—47 bales cotton raw, N Rajaram & Co.

For Gdynia.—30 bales cotton, Italian Cotton Co.; 2000 packts. gr. oil cake, A Omerbhoy.

S S Col-di-Lana for Naples.—348 bags castor seed, R Ratilal & Co.

S S Silverbeach for New York.—300 bales cotton waste, L O Vora.

S S Mirzapore for Kobe.—924 bales cotton, N Nagsee & Co.; 171 bales cotton, S General Trd. Co.; 107 bales cotton, P Madhavner Co.; 1512 bales cotton, S Karamshi & Co.; 2000 bales cotton, G K Kaisha; 500 bales cotton, K Shivji & Co.; 800 bales cotton R Kanji & Co.

S S Altenfels for Hamburg.—240 bags casin, A Omerbhoy.

For Antwerp.—600 bags myrabollams, P Mathradas.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Nov. 15.

S S City of Evansvalla, Agents, F F Campbell & Co., from New York.—66 pkgs. medicines; 14 cases copper wire; 10 cases hydrogen-peroxide; 15 cases wheat flakes; 40 pcs. auto wheels; 35 drums lub. oil; 80 drums petroleum grease; 32 cases steel files; 15 pkgs. sulphur; 50 cases corn flakes; 9 cases flash lights; 29 bdls. radio sets; 11 cases leather belting; 300 bales old news; 225 cases auto parts; 45 cases storage; 42 bales cotton remnants; 45 bales cotton goods; 64 bales old clothing; 20 drums fire clay.

From Philadelphia.—322 drums lub. oil; 129 cases auto parts; 63 cyl. Anhydrous ammonia.

From Alexandria.—5500 bales cotton.

From Aden.—31 bales skins.

From Bushire.—33 bags green galls; 72 bags almonds; 20 bags gallnuts; 200 bags mash; 69 bags fruits.

From Khoramshar.—160 bags dates; 542 bags barley.

From Karachi.—350 bags cotton seed; 15 bags pista.

SLACK DEMAND FOR YARN

UNDERTONE VERY STEADY

Bombay, Nov. 13

The important event during the week has been the publication of the American Cotton Bureau Report on the 8th inst., which has proved to be bullish document and as a result of which prices advancing In the been steadily advancing. In the ordinary course such a phenomenon would have resulted into higher prices of all kinds of cotton yarns but so far there has been no rise in prices of yarns inspite of such a sharp advance in cotton. The reason are these. Firstly, in several parts of the country the present is a harvesting period and demand for yearns in these months is generally slack as some of the weavers have been taking to fields. Secondly, owing to war scare, most of the dealers and consumers have covered their requirements during the last two weeks and some of them have purchased much more than their requirements on speculative basis. At the same time, sales of cloth have been made at very low prices and therefore the weavers find it very difficult to dispose off their cloth at anything like profit owing to serious competition from the Mill cloth as well as from the Japanese cloth. Thirdly, the Indian cotton cloth is expected to be fairly large and it is believed that after a few days prices of Indian cotton will have to decline materially in order to make exports of Indian cotton. Possible Dealers therefore are not inclined to make any bigger purchases of yarns at present and have been contented with purchases for their immediate requirements. Naturally, therefore, inspite of firmer cotton, prices of yarns have not shown any definite improvement. The undertone, however, has remained fairly steady but turnover is very limited.

ENGLISH YARNS.

There is no change to report in this class of yarns. Manchester prices are naturally firm in sympathy with rise in American and Egyptian cotton. No business of importance has been booked in Manchester yarns during the week.

JAPANESE & SHANGHAI YARNS

Inspite for firm prices in Japanese and Shanghai yarns, demand has not shown any material improvement except that the decline in prices has now been averted. Turnover is very limited owing to continued absence of satisfactory demand from the consuming districts In case of mercerised yarns, prices have remained unchanged with a slightly easy undertone on account or offgerings from Japan for nearer shipments. In singles and twofold cotton grey yarns, prices have shown some slight improvement during the week but turnover is very small. There has been yet no improvement in demand from the consuming districts inspite of such a sharp rise in cotton during the last few days. Sampin has appreciated along with cotton whereas Exchange has remained slightly easy.

ART SILK YARNS.

Official prices of Italrayon Yarns remain unchanged. There has been only few arrivals from Italy by the incoming steamers and scarcity of certain Italian Rayon Yarns is increasingly felt particularly by the Mills. It is also feared that after the sanctions will applicable from the 18th inst., in Italian yarns will be forthcoming and the Mills will naturally find difficulty in obtaining supplies of their requirements in good quality yarns. In the local market stocks are not very large but the confidence is still lacking and although prices have remained more or less steady, demand from the consuming districts has not yet shown any material improvement. As regards Japanese yarns prices have remained practically unchanged except in case of 300, 450 and other coarser Deniers where prices are now declining on account of expected heavy arrivals in the next few days. As regards forward positions, the Japanese Spinners are quoting high prices and distant deliveries but it is reported that some of the exporters and the middlemen who have been holding unsold stocks, have been offering some of their holdings at cheaper prices owing to continued slack demand. On the whole, turnover in the market is very limited and so long as the improvement in demand from the consuming districts is not forthcoming, prices are not likely to show material improvement from the present level.

INDIAN YARNS.

Inspite of sharp rise in cotton, there has been no improvement in prices or even in enquiries from the consuming districts. The present rise in cotton is indeed too rapid and with the fears of large Indian Crop moving in the next few weeks dealers wisely have been adopting caution and have been making day to day purchases for their requirements. No important sales have been reported by the Local Mills as well as by uncountry Mills during the past week in all kinds of yarns. The future tendency remains rather uncertain.

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 13th November 7,258 bales
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935 180,958 bales
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 129,194 bales
Increase 51,764 bales

SAILU COTTON MARKET

SAILU, Nov 11

Cotton arrivals cart 10. Rates Rs. 50/4. Sarki new Rs. 12. Bombay Vadibunder Padton Rs 25/12. Old Ready Rs. 11. December local rate Rs. 10/15. Vadi Bunder Padtur Rs. 24/6.

Parbhani-Parli Rs. 10/8. Posh fifteenth Rs. 10/10. Magsar fifteenth Rs. 11 to Rs. 11/8 narrow market. Groundnuts. Arrivals Patu 75 to 100. Price Rs. 14 to 16.

Linseed Rs. 14/8. Tuver Rs. 14. Jowar Rs. 7/10. Teel Rs. 16. Castorseed Rs. 9.

They need EXTRA nourishment for growth—energy all day—
HORLICK'S ensures BOTH!

HEALTHY children are always doing something—active all the time, expending energy on games and lessons.

But energy must not be overspent, or the little active body will suffer—will outgrow its strength—will become delicate and liable to illness.

To grow strong and sturdy, children need special nourishment to supply both the energy they use every day and the body-building elements required for healthy growth.

Why HORLICK'S is so good

If you add a glass or two of Horlick's to your children's daily diet you need have no fears that they will outgrow their strength.

Horlick's gives just what is needed—a generous supply of pure energy-food, with a correct proportion of body-building nourishment. And Horlick's is so easily digested that even a child's delicate system gets *all* the good out of it, without the slightest difficulty. It is thus particularly valuable in convalescence, when the digestion is weak but strength *must* be built up.

What HORLICK'S is

HORLICK'S contains all the goodness of rich, full-cream cow's milk with the nutritive extracts of malted barley and wheat. It contains no starch. Besides body-building protein, it is rich in maltose and dextrin—providing sufficient energy-foods in a most easily assimilated form. Horlick's is 100 per cent nourishment—no waste-matter. Children love it, and it is always perfectly safe. Completely soluble, it is mixed in a moment, hot or cold: it is particularly nice when made with the Horlick's Mixer, obtainable at stores or from P. O. Box 2229, Calcutta, for As. 14 in stamps.

HORLICK'S THE ORIGINAL MALTED MILK
—100 PER CENT ENERGY-GIVING NOURISHMENT

Beauty and the Bath

From earliest times women have sought Beauty in baths, in exercises, in massage and unguents. To-day woman nature remains still unchanged, for men are still as much as ever attracted by feminine loveliness But the times have changed. In these days of mad rush and hurry most women cannot devote half their lives to the pursuit of perfection in attractiveness.

The daily bath has been abridged to an invigorating plunge or shower. Exercises compressed into a few scientifically planned movements, and by the use of Oatine the time spent in massage has been reduced to a few minutes instead of hours.

The emancipation of Woman from her old slavery to the toilet has been Oatine's contribution to Feminine progress.

Thanks to Oatine Beauty is no longer a life work but a spare time recreation.

OATINE CREAM and OATINE SNOW are the gifts of modern science to Beauty Culture.

THE OATINE Co.
GRAHAM BUILDING
Parsi Bazaar Street
Fort, BOMBAY.

REWARD Rs. 100/-
(Magic Ring)

Most powerful and brilliant. Even the most difficult object is achieved by its virtue She whom you want, will love you by it. It gives success in examination, litigations, service, sons, riches, recovers from diseases and will make you ever fortunate. Proving false take that reward Price Rs 2 only.
BENGAL MESMERISM HOUSE.
Panchpota, Bengal. (B.N.P.)

THROBBING HEADACHES?

Do this — Take two teaspoonfuls of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia in the morning. Take another teaspoonful a half hour after each meal and one before going to bed.

AND FIND NEW ZEST!

Headaches, dizziness, heartburn and indigestion are often caused by too much acid in the stomach.

Phillips' Milk of Magnesia quickly counteracts stomach acids. Aids digestion. Keeps the intestinal tract healthy and clean. Helps elimination. Try it and see how much better you'll feel.

For economy buy the large size bottle

PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA

The Championships WIMBLEDON DAVIS CUP Finals & Challenge Rounds 1935 1934

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COMET

The NEW DIETZ HURRICANE LANTERN

THE LITTLE LANTERN WITH THE BIG LIGHT

BURNS ONLY HALF AS MUCH OIL

The new Dietz Comet is a genuine Dietz hurricane lantern, *the equal of any Dietz lantern ever made.*

It embodies all the superior points of construction found only in Dietz lanterns.

It is storm-proof, reliable in any kind of weather. Burns from 15 to 16 hours on one filling and uses less than half the oil required for larger type lanterns.

Ask to see the Dietz Comet.

AGENTS ... VOLKART BROS. BOMBAY • CALCUTTA • MADRAS
ISMAILJI AUBNCY & SON NEW MARKET ROAD, KARACHI

DIETZ LANTERNS

TRADE AND FINANCE

No Indication Of Seasonal Demand Of Money

IMPROVEMENT IN SECURITIES

Gold And Silver Dull

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Nov 15

MONEY

There is no change in the monetary position of the local market call loans being abundant at 1/4 per cent. There are no indications yet of demand for seasonal export trade and Government again received large tenders for Treasury Bills amounting to Rs. 3.93 crores, of which Rs. 2 crores were allotted at an average rate of Rs. 0-15-0 per cent. But unlike last week the amount received by the market through the sale of Sterling to Government was negligible being Rs. 7 1/2 lacs. Time deposits are unchanged too, 3 months being quoted at 1 per cent and 6 months at 1 1/2 to 2 per cent.

RESERVE BANK

The Reserve Bank of India statement for the week ending 8th November 1935 shows a decline of Rs. 30.96 lacs in the total notes issued against a corresponding decrease of Rs. 31.27 lacs in Rupee coin Notes in circulation are up by Rs. 260.97 lacs while those held in the Banking Department are down by Rs. 291.93 lacs. The item of Sterling Securities remains unchanged, whereas Rupee Securities have slightly risen by Rs. 0.31 lacs. Government Deposits have declined by Rs. 323.22 lacs. Banks' Deposits have improved by Rs 177.07 lacs. Balances held abroad have appreciated by Rs. 103.94 lacs. The item of Loans and Advances to the Government remains unchanged at Rs. 100.00 lacs. Investments are down by Rs. 4.93 lacs and Other Assets are up by Rs. 1.02 lacs. The Bank rate is unchanged at 3-1/2 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as of November 8, 1935, shows an increase of Rs. 53.22 lacs in the total cash balance of the bank, now standing at Rs. 19.71 crores. Total Securities have improved by Rs. 34.95 lacs. Loans and Bills discounted are up by Rs. 5.54 lacs and Rs 16.05 lacs respectively. The item of Cash Credits and Overdrafts has declined by Rs. 41.12 lacs. Deposits on all accounts recorded an increase of Rs. 67.13 lacs during the week.

SECURITIES MARKET

Under the influence of cheap money, persistent investment demand and further improvement in Security values in London, prices in the local market advanced further in all issues. 3 1/2 per cent paper touched Rs. 95/4 but declined on profit-taking to Rs. 94/12, and it finished at Rs. 95/5. There were good buyers for all scrips irrespective of maturity. 3 per cent 1941 bonds improved from Rs. 102-14 to Rs. 103-2; 3 per cent 1951-54 New Loan from Rs. 98-12 to Rs. 99-10; 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan from Rs. 104-3 to Rs. 104-9 and 4 per cent 1943 loan from Rs. 107-11 to 108. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan spurted up to Rs. 110/6 from Rs. 108/10. 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan changed hands at Rs. 115 and 5 per cent 1939-44 loan at Rs. 109/6 5 per cent 1940-43 loan slightly improved to Rs. 110/8. 5 per cent 1945-55 (Tax free) loan further rose to Rs 119/5 and 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan remained steady throughout at Rs. 108/14.

EXCHANGE

The Sterling Exchange market was devoid of interest there being little change in rates and the turnover was restricted. Sellers of ready T T quoted 1s. 6 3/32d. with buyers at 1s. 6 1/8d. Owing to paucity of cover both against gold and merchandise and continued cheap money, tenders of Sterling to Government this week at 1s. 6 1/8d. amounted to only £53,000, as against over £1 million a week during the last month. Forward rates were a shade easier, T T delivery December being quoted at 1s. 6 5/32d. January/April 90 days sight bills are quoted at 1s. 6 3/16d. for November and 1s. 6-7/32d. thereafter upto April.

In the foreign exchange market, Sterling tended to be steady in terms of gold currencies, London/New York cross rate ranging between dol 4.92 11/16 and dol 4.91 3/4 and the Paris/London cross rate between Frs. 74.81 and 74.63 The Bank of England however, continues to buy large quantities of gold, having acquired £7,03,000 worth during this week. The Belga and the Italian Lira fluctuated between 29.13 1/2 and 29.11 and 60.75 and 60.62 respectively. The Guilder moved between 7.25 1/2 and 7.24 1/2.

GOLD

Prices in the gold market moved narrowly in sympathy with changes in the cross rates, but fresh business for export was somewhat difficult to place owing to paucity of supply. In fact ready gold was quoted at about 6 pies premium over December settlement. The quotation for ready ranged between Rs. 34-15-9 and Rs. 34-14-6 per tola. The daily arrivals average 12,000 tolas, Stocks on hand aggregate 75,000 tolas. The offtake is about 2,000 tolas a day. The price of the metal after an early recession to 141/3 1/2d from 141/5 1/2d gradually improved to 141/6d and closed at 141/4 1/2d. The price of Sovereigns moved in sympathy and ready was quoted at Rs. 22-2-6 and forward at Rs. 22-3-0. Last week's shipment per s.s. 'Narkunda' amounted to Rs. 64.30 lacs. The highest and the lowest rates in the local market were Rs. 34-15-9 and Rs. 34-14-6 for ready, 11th November settlement and 11th December settlement. Total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 1,09,853 in bar and coin.

SILVER

Following the prohibition of export of silver from Hongkong which was effective Saturday last, prices firmed in the local market early in the week ready touching Rs. 66-15 per 100 tolas The rise, however, was short-lived since the other principal centres do not respond to the news. Even Shanghai exchange which was supposed to have been pegged at 1/2 9/16d. showed signs of weakness dropping to 1/2 3/8d on Tuesday and closed at 1/2 7/16d London fixations showed practically no change and the quotation in the local market sagged steadily to Rs. 66/3 per 100 tolas, closing at Rs. 66-5-0. The American Government however is a persistent buyer of spot in London at 29 5/16d. but unless their buying is raised, movements in all silver markets are likely to be small. Arrivals are negligible leaving stocks unchanged at 35,000 bars The offtake is about 5/7 bars a day. In London the spot remained unchanged at 29 5/16d while forward moved between 29 3/16d and 29 1/16d. In our market the highest and the lowest rates were Rs. 66-15-0 and Rs. 66-3-0 for ready, Rs. 67-0-0 and Rs. 66-3-0 for 15th November settlement and Rs. 67-4 and Rs. 66-6-0 for 16th December settlement. Total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 621,982 in coin

SHARES

The buoyant tone prevailing in the Share market was well maintained during the period under report, and prices advanced further in all sections except for the Cement group which declined somewhat on profit-taking owing to reports of the merger scheme being deferred at present. Indian Cements declined from Rs. 448/12 to Rs. 440 and improving to Rs. 445 closed at Rs. 439/6. Katni Deferreds were dealt in at Rs. 1850, while United Cement declined and closed at Rs 113/4. Cotton Mill shares were in better demand at improved prices owing to firmer raw cotton. Steel shares were firm except for occasional drop on profit taking. Tata Defds touched Rs. 635 and Ordinaries Rs. 155 but closed at Rs. 611/4 and Rs. 151/12. Public Utility and Bank shares advanced in sympathy with a rise in gilt-edged. Tata Powers touched Rs. 1550; Andhra Valleys Rs. 1650 and Bombay Trams Rs. 147/13. The Imperial Banks moved up to Rs. 1575 for fully paid and Rs. 390 for Contributories. Among miscellaneous shares, Bombay Burmahs advanced further Rs. 420 while Belapurs were maintained at about Rs. 350.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Nov 15

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32

LONDON—

Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 Nov May

Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 June-Dec 1936

Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32

Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16

Banks buying 9 mos 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK—

B C Rate T T 272 5/8

Banks selling T T 270 5/8

Banks buying T T 263

PARIS

Banks selling D D 560

Banks buying D D 570

AMSTERDAM—

Banks selling D D 54 3/8

JAVA

Banks selling D D 54 1/8

JAPAN—

Banks selling T T 77 1/2

Banks buying T T 77 1/4

HONGKONG

Banks selling D D 100 3/4 nominal

SHANGHAI

Banks selling D D 81 1/4

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 156

BERLIN

Banks selling D D 90 1/2

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.92 14th instant

Hongkong/London 1/6 15th instant

Shanghai/London 1/2 3/8 15th instant

Japan/London 1/2 1/64 15th instant

Java/London 7.21 15th instant

London/Paris 74.66 14th instant

London/Belgium 29.13 1/2 14th instant

London/Switzerland 15.13 3/4 14th instant

London/Italy 60.62 14th instant

London/Berlin 12.23 1/2 14th instant

London/Stockholm 19 39 1/2 14th instant

London/New York 4.92 1/16 14th instant

London/Amsterdam 7.24 1/2 14th instant

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet

Gold £7-1-6 13th instant £7-1-4 14th instant

Silver London Ready 29 5/16 13th instant 29 5/16 14th instant

Silver London Forward 29 1/16 13th instant 29 1/16 14th instant

Silver New York Ready 65 5/8 13th instant 65 5/8 14th instant

London discounts 3 mos 5/8 per cent 13th instant 5/8 per cent 14th instant

London discounts 6 mos 13/16 per cent 13th instant 3/4 per cent 14th instant

Reserve Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.

3 mos 1 per cent.

6 mos 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy

BAY STORM CROSSES COROMANDEL COAST

Causes General Rain In South-East Madras

POONA, November 15.

The Bay storm crossed the Coromandel Coast near Negapatam and lies this morning as a deep depression centred near Trichinopoly It caused nearly general rain with locally heavy falls in South East Madras and a few falls in Mysore and North Madras Coast.

Western disturbance caused local rain or snow in Kashmir and is passing away eastwards. A few light showers are also reported from Assam and Tenasserim.

Chief amounts of rainfall: Negapatam 6, Madras, Trichonopoly 3, Nellore, Kodaikanal 2, Mergui, 1, Sonamarg half.

FORECAST:—Rainfall will continue widespread and locally heavy in South-east Madras, extend to North Madras Coast, Madras Deccan, Mysore and Malabar and occur in a few stations in Kashmir. —A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 15-11-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.039 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 75.7 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a. m. 70.0 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 90.2 degrees (0.7 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 73.2 degrees (0.2 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 74 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 158 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 18 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq 10), 8

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING

DATED 15/11/35.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 79.6 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.12 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.92 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK

The following was the agricultural outlook in the various districts in the Bombay Presidency, for the week ended 9th November:—

Sind.—Slight rain during week at Mirokhan and in Larkana. Standing crops flourishing except in hilly tracts of Dadu, and in parts of Hyderabad, where they were damaged by insects. Cotton picking in progress in parts of Dadu, Hyderabad. Thar Parkar and Nawabshah. Harvesting of kharif crops and rabi cultivation in progress. Rabi sowing in progress in parts of Dadu and Larkana. Supply of water for drinking sufficient except in parts of Karachi; that for irrigation deficient in parts of Hyderabad.

Gujarat.—Standing crops generally in good condition. Harvesting of kharif crops in progress in some parts. Rabi sowing in progress in parts of Ahmedabad. Broach and Panch Mahals and Surat. Supply of water for drinking adequate except in parts of Broach and Panch Mahals; that for irrigation deficient in parts of Ahmedabad and Broach and Panch Mahals.

Konkan.—Rain during week at some places in Ratnagiri. Harvesting of crops in progress. Supply of water for drinking sufficient.

Deccan and Karnatak.—Slight rain during week at some places. Standing crops in good condition. Harvesting of kharif crops in progress. Cotton picking in progress in parts of East and West Khandesh, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona and Sholapur. Rabi sowing in progress in some some parts. Germinated rabi crops in good condition. Supply of water for drinking sufficient except in parts of Dharwar; that for irrigation deficient in parts of Belgaum and Dharwar.

Supply of fodder sufficient except in parts of Karachi and Dharwar. Agricultural stock generally in good condition. Prices of food-grains were fluctuating; quantities purchaseable per rupee were as follows:—

Sind:—23 per cent. above normal to 31 per cent. below normal.

Gujarat:—39 per cent. above normal to 11 per cent. below normal.

Konkan:—37 to 8 per cent. above normal.

Deccan:—39 per cent. above normal to normal.

Karnatak:—44 to 12 per cent. above normal.

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Mangaldas Road, Princess Street, Bombay No. 2

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Summary of 1934 Report.

New Policies Issued	...	Rs. 7,62,42,761
Annual Income	... ...	Rs. 3,14,01,970
Policies in Force	... ...	Rs. 54,20,38,518
Total Claims Paid	...	Rs. 16,29,88,814
Funds Increased to	...	Rs. 15,53,88,843

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AMBALA	GAUHATI	MADURA	RAWALPINDI
BANGALORE	GUNTUR	MERCARA	SINGAPORE
BAREILLY	JALGAON	MOMBASA	SUKKUR
BELLARY	JALPAIGURI	NAGPUR	TRICHINOPOLY
CALCUTTA	JUBBULPORE	PATNA	TRIVANDRUM
CALICUT	KARACHI	POONA	VIZAGAPATAM
	KUALA LUMPUR		

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FORECAST OF EXTENSION OF 12 CENT LOAN ON U. S. COTTON

Excellent Trade Demand

General Buying On Favourable Statistical Outlook

No Sales Of Pool Cotton Under Loan Price Plus Carrying Cost

CONSUMPTION REPORT BULLISH

Another potent factor in the cheerfulness of American cotton was the authoritative forecast of extension of Government twelve cent loan beyond February and no sales of 44,00,000 bales of spot cotton under loan price plus carrying charges.

Despite realising, the New York cotton market staged a further sharp upturn on general buying which was stimulated by unfavourable weather, the strength of Wall-Street and good trade reports. The consumption report was considered bullish and the statistical outlook is favourable.

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Being influenced by an authoritative forecast of extension of Government twelve cent. loan beyond 1st February, the New York cotton futures market displayed cheerful tone on Thursday. The market was active and strong influenced by strength of Wall Street and unfavourable Western Belt weather forecast.

It is now believed that the Agricultural Department will issue a statement saying that the 12 cent. loan will be extended from February and about 4½ million bales of spot cotton held by the Government will not be sold until prices go over the loan limit and cover carrying charges. Thus, as anticipated by us, the prices will reach a level of 13 cents. But in view of recent rise still it is advisable to secure profits on a portion of holdings with a view to replace in easier markets.

The statistical position is much better and the crop is losing ground further owing to unfavourable weather and the next Bureau report during December will show further decrease in the total crop. The quality and the grade of the present crop are low and staple cotton is firm with higher basis. There is a fairly good demand for cloth and at the moment everything looks bright but in these days of uncertain political outlook, it will be advisable not to be over enthusiastic. There is no famine of cotton.

NEWYORK MARKET.

The New York cotton futures market opened at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of 4 points with March 11.48. There was persistent buying throughout the day and occasional realisings were easily absorbed. The undertone of the market was firm and a rise of 25 points was reached and March was quoted 11.69 which was the highest level for the day. The market closed at a net rise of 21 to 2) points. Spot cotton prices advanced 20 points at 12.20c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also firm under active buying and closed at a rise of 20 to 23 points. Spot cotton prices were raised by 20 points to 12.20c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 4 points with March 6.36. The feature of the market was Bombay and American buying which met with light offerings. Later on prices eased on weakness of Egyptian cotton and the market was unsettled for some time. In the afternoon session offerings were light. Trade calling and local covering on loan rumours pushed up prices and realising sales were absorbed. Prices recorded a sharp rise of 13 points but at the close there was some realising and prices after fluctuating within a range of 10 points during the day closed at a net rise of 12 to 9 points. Middling American spot cotton prices closed 4 points down at 6.65d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was firm and closed at a rise of 10 points. At the close January was quoted 5.72 March 5.69 and May 5.67.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

There was heavy long liquidation in Egyptian cotton but later on prices improved in sympathy with firmness of American cotton Sakels futures closed at a rise of 7 to 5 points with spot cotton 10 points down at 9;62. Upper futures closed 9 to 7 points with spot cotton 10 points down at 7.38d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was easy on realising. Sakels futures closed 20 to 28 points down with November 12.64. Ashmouni futures declined 21 to 14 points and December delivery was quoted 12.69.

EXCELLENT DEMAND.

Messrs. M. & B Stern state:—

Despite realising, the market staged a further sharp upturn on general buying which was stimulated by the continuance of unfavourable weather, the strength of Wall Street and very good trade reports. An extension of the cotton 12 cents loan beyond February 1936 is forecasted by A.A.A. officials but so far, no definite announcement has been made. The outstanding feature is the continued excellent trade support and with speculators having only recently entered the market, we believe prices will be carried still higher.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 11.69 plus 25 (2-58 p.m.)
Lowest 11.48 plus 04 (10 a.m.)
Liverpool March highest 6.45 plus 13
Lowest 6.35 plus 03

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cables:—

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co., New York cable:—

Secretary of Commerce reassuring business indications are for extension of old 12 cent loan beyond 1st February. General conditions improving steadily. Southern selling. Only small. We look for higher prices.

Messrs. Orvis Bros and Co., New York cable:—

Better feeling due to statement of Government reform programme substantially completed. To-day's selling mostly by longs realising. Basis continues firm. Good business in dry goods Market may be forced higher. New York Copper December 7.95. New York Cottonseed oil March 10.64

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market advanced on cables predicting early Washington announcement of continuation twelve cent loan after February first with no sale 44,00,000 spots under loan price plus carrying.

New York: Market strong. Good demand from trade. Short covering. Continued improvement in statistical position now being reflected higher prices. Cotton goods market—yarn market—firmer and little more active.

New York: Weather continues unfavourable. Present receipts are an indication of deceased crop. Grade and staple appears to be disappointing. Recommend buying March. Much prefer selling May and July.

New York: General buying movement on statistical outlook favourable. Consumption report bullish. Agricultural adjustment Administration intend to prolong 12 cents Government loan. In the market's present temper, a further advance would not be surprising.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under:—

A. A. A. reported, 12 cents Loan will be extended beyond February.

New York market: Trade and Bombay buying followed by trade fixing at close.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, November 14.

December	11.82+82
January	11.75+21
March	11.67+23
May	11.62+22
July	11.57+22
October	11.37+21
Middling Spot ..	12.20+20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, November 14.

December	11.79+20
January	11.75+22
March	11.68+23
Middling Spot ..	12.20+20

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Consolidated statement of the position of the Banks scheduled to the Reserve Bank of India Act as at the close of business on Friday, the 8th November 1935.

(i) Demand liabilities in India	127,19,53,000
(ii) Time liabilities in India	96,63,11,000
(iii) Cash in India—	
(a) Notes	5,51,00,000
(b) Rupees	69,75,000
(c) Subsidiary coin	26,69,000
(iv) Balances with the Reserve Bank of India	32,85,69,000
(v) Advances in India	81,74,13,000
(vi) Bills discounted in India	2,79,13,000

Published under Section 43 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

NEW YORK
New York, November 14

New York 10-55 A.M.—

December	11.75
January	11.68
March	11.59

New York Noon Call—

December	11.77
January	11.60
March	11.53

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, November 14

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U. S. ports	32,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	31,000
Day's exports to the continent.	4,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, November 14

November	6.53+11
December	6.50+12
January	6.46+12
February	6.44+11
March	6.43+10
April	6.41+10
May	6.40+10
June	6.38+10
July	6.36+10
August	6.29+09
September	6.23+09
October	6.17+09
November	6.12+08
Middling Spot ..	6.65—04

To-day's 10-12- A M Quotations

January	6.39
March	6.36

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 14

F. G. F SKELLARIDIS:

November 1935	9.17
January 1936	8.80
March 1936	8.65
May 1936	8.55
July 1936	8.46
October 1936	8.46
November 1936	8.2
F. G. F. Spot	9.62

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 14.

Broach—	
Fully Good (Good Staple) ..	5.92
Fine (Good Staple ..	6.07
Superfine (Good Staple ..	6.22
Comra—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.90
Superfine (No.1 Staple) ..	6.05
Choice (No. 1 Staple ..	6.20
Bengal—	
Good	4.52
Fully Good	4.62
Fine	4.74
Scinde—	
Fully Good	4.62
Fine	4.74
Superfine	4.86

SEEDS.
London, November 14

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton Nov. sellers £9-16-3.

Linseed Calcutta London, c.i.f. ton: Nov./Dec. sellers £12-6-3.

Linseed Bombay London, c.i.f. ton Nov./Dec. sellers £12-13-9.

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Nov./Dec. sellers £13-10-0.

Castorseeds Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton. Nov./Dec. sellers £13-10-0.

LINSEED OILS.
London, November 14.

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt. Nov./Dec. paid & buyers 24/3.

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt Jan/April paid & buyers 24/6.

LONDON RUBBER.
London, November 14.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. 6.7/16 sellers.

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London, November 14

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No 25 C & F Calcutta Nominal per cwt. 7/3

C & F Bombay :—
Nominal per cwt. 7/0

C & F Karachi :—
Nominal per cwt. 7/0.

NEW YORK COFFEE.
New York, November 14.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 6-3/8.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov 14

The local bullion market was dull and featureless with a limited business. Prices fluctuated within a very narrow range. Foreign market were quiet but steady and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 3/8.

Ready gold	34	15	9
Kartak delivery	34	15	9
Magsar delivery	34	15	3
Ready silver	66	4	0
Kartak delivery	66	4	0
Magsar delivery	66	7	0

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES
Montreal, Nov 14

November	66.00 plus 17
December	65.66 —04
March	66.07 —05

NEW YORK SILVER
New York, Nov 14

Spot silver prices were fixed again unchanged at 65 3/8 cents.

LONDON SILVER.
London, November 14

Market Steady

Spot	29-5/16
Forward	29-1/16

LONDON GOLD.
London July 14

Gold Bars, Fine per oz. £7-1-4-1/2

LONDON METALS.
London, November 14

Copper Braziers	49-1/8
Yellow Metal	41
Spelter Hard Indian Brands ..	15-7/8
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge ..	12-3/4
Tin English Straits Liverpool F. O. B	£33

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London November 14

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent...	69-1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later	£6
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	96-3/4
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55	113
Consols 2-1/2 per cent. ..	85-1/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961	106-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1952.	105
Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90	116-3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent. ..	115-1/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	13-3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	100
National Bank of India ..	43
P. & O. Banking Corporation..	10

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, November 14

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 5/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 11/16 per cent. to 3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent. to 2-1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days' market loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, November 14

T. T. London on :—

New York closing rate..	4.92-1/16
Paris	74.65
Berlin	12.23-1/2
Madrid	36.04
Amsterdam	7.24-1/2
Brussels	29.13-1/2
Milan	60.62
Berne	15.13-3/4
Prague	119.00

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, November 14.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Parcels Jan./Feb. sellers 25/9.

Wheat Barletta Russo Parcels Nov sellers 26/9.

South Australian (wheat) Parcels Nov sellers 28/3.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Nov 14

Broach A/M 1936 opening 225 1/2; highest 225 1/2; lowest 224 3/4; closing 225 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 207 1/2; highest 207 3/4; lowest 207; closing 207 1/2

Oomra March opening 204 1/2; highest 204 1/2; lowest 204 1/4; closing 204 1/2

Bengal D/J opening 156 1/2; highest 157 1/8; lowest 156 1/2; closing 157 1/4

Bengal March opening 156 3/4; highest 155 3/4; lowest 156 1/2; closing 156 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs 22 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-11-35) Rs. 4 3/4

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales	1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 14-11-35	3957000	2560000
Receipts Yesterday 14-11-35	32000	32000
Exports to date 14-11-35	1824000	1602000
Stock at Ports 8-11-35	2916000	3155000
Stock at Interior Towns 8-11-35	287000	1919000
Stock at Liverpool 8-11-35	493000	937000
Visible Supply 8-11-35	7629000	8756000
Quantity in sight 8-11-35	6712000	4269000
Quantity out of sight 8-11-35	3430000	2754000

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov 15

Following a rise of 23 points in New York cotton futures, the local cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 229/8 for Broach A/M delivery and advanced to Rs. 229/12 on scattered covering. Later on there was some profit taking and prices declined to Rs. 228/8. At this level tejimandi operators were buying and prices rallied to Rs. 229 There was comparatively small business to-day.

Liverpool market was due to open at a rise of 4 points but opened 3 points up. In the local market Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs. 229/12. Later on there was long liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 229. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/M.	228	12	0
Oomra D/J.	211	4	0
Oomra March	208	4	0
Bengal D/J.	160	12	0
Bengal March	160	4	0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Nov. 15.

	Old.	New.
Bengal Superfine	...	177
Bengal Fine	...	175
C. P. 1 Fine	229/231	...
C. P. 2 Fine	222/224	...
Berar Fine	219/221	...
Khandesh Fine	213/216	224
Burwah Sanavad Fine	217/219	...
Broach Fine	244/249	...
Punjab/American	229/234	...
Sindh-American	...	257/259
Cambodia	299/301	...
Cambodia 2nd crop	264/269	...
Compta Good	274/279	...
Westerns	254/259	...
Kampala	369/371	...
Busoga	367	...
Jinja	354	...
New Manza	329/339	...

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Nov. 15.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	172	9,483
Central India	160	15,750
Barsi and Nagar	518	8,360
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	1,742
Berar	187	7,367
Central Provinces	...	3,611
Total Oomras	1,037	46,313
Dholera	112	7,219
N.W. Provinces	1,039	9,615
Rajputana	260	16,897
Sind-Punjab	4,056	39,002
Broach	...	3,020
Coompta and Dharwar	165	3,712
Westerns-Northerns	...	5,937
Cocoanada	...	39
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	4,644
Persian	...	5
American	...	2,913
Egyptian and African	105	48,093
Comilla Burma and other sorts	293	...
Total	6,744	187,702

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st. Sept. to 7th Nov.
In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	363	55,706
Japan and China	11	127,020
Coast Ports	...	4,545
Up-country by Rail	...	34,923
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	13,596
Total	374	235,790

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov. 15.

December	70 1/4d.
March	66 1/4d.
May	65 3/4d.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov. 15.

December	0.93 1/4c
May	0.94 1/4c.
July	0.88 1/2c.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Nov. 14.

December	2.43—01
March	2.17
May	2.22
July	2.26

BOMBAY METAL MARKET.
Bombay, Nov. 15.

LONDON MARKET.

Standard Copper Cash (Byers) £35/6/3.

Standard Copper Cash (Sellers) £35/7/6

Standard Copper 3 months £35/12/6.

Electrolytic copper £39/12/6.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Blue Eagle 9 cents.

Non-Blue Eagle 8 5/8 cents.

BOMBAY MARKET.

Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 33/12/0.

Copper Sheets Rs. 37/14/0.

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 7/3; Highest Rs. 7/3/3; Closing Rs. 7/2/6.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 7/4/6; Highest Rs. 7/4/10 1/2; Lowest Rs. 7/3/9; Closing Rs. 7/3/10 1/2.

Cotton Seeds Delivery January Opening Rs. 3/3/6; Highest Rs. 3/3/9; Closing Rs. 3/3/3.

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: December 159 January 158 March 160 May 159 July 156 at Cross Rate 4.92 1/8

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1936 228/8 Liverpool May 1936 6.44 Rs. 51 1/2 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1936 228/8 New York May 11.62 Rs. 33 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.92 1/8

Smart Rise In Securities

Unloading And Covering In Steel And Electric Shares

CEMENTS STEADY BUT MILLS DULL

Bombay: Nov. 15.

The local Share Bazar opened very steady to-day, but under persistent unloading by professional operators, prices kept on declining. Later on sharp rise in Government Securities influenced active covering and prices recovered. There was scarcity of offerings and 3-1/2 per cent. Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 96-12.

Tata Steel Dfd. Shares, after advancing to Rs. 617-8, during the early part of the day, declined on long liquidation to Rs. 595. At this level there was short covering and prices rallied to Rs. 611-4. Tata Steel Ordinary Shares also fluctuated between Rs. 149-8 and Rs. 153 and closed around Rs. 152-8. Hydro-Electric Shares also moved in sympathy with Tata Steel Shares. Cement Shares were steady and Mill Shares remained neglected.

TEXTILE MILLS
Bombay, November 15.

100	Ahm Advance	302 8
500	Bombay Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	767 8
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	226 4
100	Central	271 4
100	Colaba	140 10
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	340 0
1	E D Sassoon	0-5-0
100	Finlay	133 12
100	Gokak	177 8
100	Hindustan	1750 0
100	Indore	77 8
100	Khatau	77 8
100	Kohinoor	208 12
250	Laxmi	677 8
100	Madhavji	6 12
250	Madras United	40 0
1000	Morarji	810 0
250	Model	49 8
50	Mysore	95 0
200	New Great	132 8
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	300 0
25	Sassoon Silk	35 0
1000	Sholapur	2200 0
50	Simplex	75 0
100	Swadeshi	163 12
100	Swan	112 8
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1300 0
1000	Western	750 0

BANKS.

50-100	Baroda	97 12
25-50	Central	35 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
Bombay, Nov 15

Century 228 224 225 226
Bombay Dyeing 768 770 760 765 761 767
Kohinoor 207 208
Central India 272 275 270 271
New Great 132
Simplex 75
Swadeshi 165 162 160 163/12
Bundi 33/14 33/10
I Cement 441 435 437 433 440
Punjab 24/2
Shahabad 472 471/4
Andhra 1642 1635 1647 1643 1645
Tata Hydro 164/6 164/5
Tata Power 1542 1531 1548 1546
Tram Ord 147
T Steel Defd 616 617 603 605 596 605 602 611 608 612
T Steel Ord 152/12 151 150 151/8 152/12 152/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 159 159/8
Bellapur 342 343 341 342/8
B Steam 283 284/6
B Burma 417 418 412 415 406 411 412/8

500	Imperial	1570 0
125-50	Im. Con.	388 12
50-100	India	125 4
100	Reserve Bank	126 0
5	Union	5 5

CEMENTS.

10	Bundi	33 10
70	Gwalior	118 12
100	Indian	440 0
100	Katni Def.	1850 0
100	Katni Ord.	373 12
75	Okha	248 12
10	Punjab	24 4
100	Shahabad	472 4
70	United	113 0

INSURANCE

15-100	Jupiter	11 8
15-75	New India	41 8
200	Oriental	4475 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 0

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad Old	148 12
1000	Andhra Valley	1645 0
10	Ajmer	11 4
60	Bombay Tram	147 8
100	Bombay Suburban	170 0
10	Broach	11 12
100	Karachi	221 4
100	Poona	218 12
100	Surat	175 0
100	Tata Hydro	164 5
1000	Tata Power	1546 4

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahm. Pranti	865 0
100	Amr. Patty	119 12
100	C Province	88 0
100	Dhond Baramati	97 8
100	Gujarat	71 0
100	Mandra Bhon	92 8
100	Pachora Jamner	92 0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	93 0
500	Tapty Valley	768 12

MININGS

10	Shivrajpur	31 0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov 15

3 per cent 1951/54 100
3 per cent 1941 103/2
3 1/2 per cent G P N 96/8
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 104/12
4 per cent 1943 107/14
4 per cent 1960/70 110/12
4 1/2 per cent 1950/60 115
5 per cent 1939/44 109/7
5 per cent 1940/43 110/8
5 1/2 per cent 1935/40 108/14

TAX-FREES

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 119/8
4 per cent 1958/68 Mysore 108/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 120
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 108/12

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 104
4 per cent M Deb 1974 103
5 per cent M Deb 1939 113
6 per cent M Deb 1954 127
6 per cent K P T 1936 127
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105

Note:—3 1/2 per cent paper was very active and prices fluctuated widely highest being Rs. 96/12 and lowest Rs. 95/12.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov 14

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 86
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 96 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59 105 1/4
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 108 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55 113
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 114
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 115
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38 102 3/4
3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan New 3/8 prem

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov 14

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Electric Bond Common	17
Int Tel and Tel	149
Western Union Telg	73 1/2
Radio Corporation	10
Chesapeake and Ohio	51
New York Central	24 1/4
Erie R R	11
Great North Pfd	30
Bethelehem Steel	48
United States Steel	49 1/4
American Smelting	60
Int Nickel of Canada	37 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	23 1/4
Kennecott Copper	28
General Motor	58 3/4
General Electric	40
Kelvinators	15
Sperry Corp	13
Socony	12
Chase Bank	35
National City Bank	32

Market very active and higher
Total business 3 1/4 million

30	Tata Steel Def.	612 8
75	Tata Steel Ord.	152 8

MISCELLANEOUS

100	Alcock	211 4
50	Belapur Sugar	342 8
150	Bombay Steam	284 6
125	Bombay Burma	412 8
50	Bombay Burma Cont.	136 4
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3-12-6
100	Bombay Telephone	106 4
100	Indian Bleaching	107 8
160	Indian Radio Ord.	515 0
100	Ind Radio Ord.	487 8
1000	Port Canning	605 0
15	Scindia	13 9
30	Premier Construction	76 4
25	Tata Oil	17 12

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1382 8
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	283 12
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	83 12
5	p.c Central India	512 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	136 4
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	138 12
7-1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 6
7	p.c Tata Hydro	148 2
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1465 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	182 8
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	159 8
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	13 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	647 8

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 10 POINTS UP

Quiet Tendency In Crossrates

GOLD AND SILVER ALMOST UNCHANGED

Wheat Easy And And Linseed Steady But Jute Firm

BOMBAY, Nov. 15.

On Friday crossrates ruled quiet.

N.Y. COTTON FIRM.

New York cotton opened quiet and thereafter prices moved within a narrow range for some time. The closing tone was however firm on renewed buying.

BULLION UNCHANGED.

London gold and silver prices were almost unchanged.

WHEAT EASY BUT LINSEED STEADY.

Chicago wheat was easy but Liverpool wheat ruled very steady. Linseed was steady. Jute was firm.

GOOD ENQUIRY IN SECURITIES.

The London Stock Exchange exhibited brighter sentiment on increased buying interest on political news. Gilt-edged securities were decidedly better on good enquiry.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1936.)

New York, Nov. 15.

Previous closing	11.67
To-day's opening	11.65
Difference	—.02
To-day's closing	11.77
Difference	+.10

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1936.)

Liverpool, Nov. 15.

Previous closing	6.43
To-day's opening	6.46
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	6.45
Difference	+.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 230

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov. 15.

Cotton was somewhat quiet to-day but the undertone continued favourable owing to the undercurrent feeling of bullishness as a result of prolongation of the cotton loan otherwise there was nothing in the day's news to stimulate activity with the result that price movements were small and unimportant with traders generally inclined to hold off pending more definite announcement with regard to the loan programme.

Trading in March commenced at 11.65 i.e. 2 points lower than previous closing trading was quiet and prices eased somewhat on lower Liverpool cables and some hedge selling but offers were generally taken up. However later prices fell on liquidation and further selling with March declining to 11.62. Thereafter the market again took on steadier tendency on some commission house and foreign buying with March rising to 11.65.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.77 with a rise of 10 points

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov. 15.

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (11.67/11.66) 11.83/11.81
January (11.62/11.62) 11.72/11.72
March (11.49/11.48) 11.68/11.65

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov. 15.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.

American December (6.41) 6.54
American January (6.37) 6.50
Egyptian November (9.12) 9.27
Egyptian January (8.74) 8.88

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Broach Cotton for Apr-May delivery moved around Rs. 228-12 and Rs. 228 at night. At 10-20 p.m. New York futures were 4 points down when Broach A-M. was quoted at Rs. 228-8.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 68/4, 68/4 and 66/8. Trading continued featureless with operators little disposed to act pending outside developments. Prices moved in a narrow margin and closed steady at Rs. 66/4, 66/4 and 66/8.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/15/6, 34/15/6 and 34/15/6. After showing some improvement on better foreign cables prices suffered a setback on local selling and closed steady at Rs. 34/15, 34/15 and 34/15.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Teas Neglected But Tlectrics In Demand

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

Jutes ruled steady unchanged and fair business resulted. In coals only solitary deal in Bhusicks changed hands at 2/4, but later few scattered deals took place. Teas were neglected. In miscellaneous electricals continued in demand, while others were more or less unchanged. Government securities were very strong. Following were the closing quotations.

Government securities:—Three per cent New Loan 1951/54 100 small lot; three and half per cent Government Paper 96/7; four per cent Loan 1960/70 103/14 small lot; four per cent Loan 1948 108/7; four and half per cent Loan 1955/60 115/14; five per cent Loan 1945/55 119/11; five per cent Loan 1939/44 109/11; five per cent Loan 1940/43 110/12; five per cent UP Bonds 1944 114; five and half per cent Loan 1938/40 108/14; four per cent Punjab Bonds 1948 108/8 small lot.

Banks:—Reserve 125/12.)

Railways:—Darjeeling Himalayan pref 103 small lots; Dehri Rohtas Lt. 11/4.

Cottons:—Dunbars ordy 121; New Victoria ordy 1/10;

Coals:—Bengal 237; Ghusick and Muslia 2/4; New Beerbhoom pref 14/4.

Jutes:—Agarpara ordy 20/8 small lot; Agarpara pref 134/8; Albion ordy 189; Auckland 196 small lots; Bally 181 small lot; Belvedere 320; Caledonian 392; Clive ordy 25; Craig pref 62; Empire pref 147; Ft. Gloster 485 cum div; Ft. William 277/8 small lots; Gondalpara 834; Howrah 48/14 ex div; India 288 small lots; Kamarhatty 497; Kelvin 505; Kinnison 593 small lots; Lawrence ordy 465; National 22/14 small lots; Nuddea 45 small lots; Rameshwars pref 11/8; Reliance 68 small lots; Waverley pref 62.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corpn. 8/1; Agra Elec. 113; Ajmer Elec. 11/6; Benares Elec. 15/1 ex div; Bengal Telephone ordy 18/8; Bengal Telephone pref 14/5; Deshaghur Power Supply Co. five per cent pref 106; Mirjapore Elec. 5/12; Upper Gauges Elec. 11/4; United Provinces Elec. 162; Indian Iron and Steel 9 small lot; B.I. Corpn 3/13; B. I. Corpn pref 147; Calcutta Ice 8; Indian Wood Products 23/8 small lots; Tide water oil 8/12; Bengal Paper ordy 100/8; Titaghur paper defd 10; Sugars; Balrampore 19; Dyer Meakin Brewery 30/8; Tea:—Jaybirpara 20 small lot; Debentures: six and onefourth per cent 1931/50/60 Calcutta Municipal 126/4; five per cent 1916/43 Calcutta Port Trust 112; Three and threefourth per cent 1935/65 Calcutta Port Trust 100/4; 6 per cent 1955/85; Calcutta Port Trust 129/4.—A. P.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Nov. 15.

Previous closing	4.92 1/8
To-day's opening	4.92 1/8
To-day's closing	4.92

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Nov. 15.

Previous closing	4.92 1/16
To-day's opening	4.91 7/8
To-day's closing	4.91 13/16
Difference	—.00 1/4

FRANC RATE

London, Nov. 15.

Previous closing	74.66
To-day's opening	74.68
To-day's closing	74.66
Difference	unchanged

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov. 15.

London exchanges opened with the sterling at 4.91 7/8 and on better support advanced to 92 1/16 there after movements being small.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.91 13/16.

Franc opened at 74.68 and then improved to 74.69 with slight variations thereafter.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 74.66.

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov. 15.

The market was quietly steady.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	29 5/16d.	29 5/16d.
Forward	29 1/16d	29 1/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov. 15.

Gold per ounce (£7-1-4 1/2) £7-1-5

DISCOUNTS

London, Nov. 15.

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

6 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, Nov. 15.

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.63 7/8) 5.64 1/8
New York on Bombay (37.25) 37.20
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 1/2) 0.92 1/2
London on Milan (60.61) 60.68
London on Shanghai (1-2 15/16) 1-2 1/2
London on Kobe (1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov. 15.

Liverpool wheat opened firm with December at 72 1/4 and March 68 1/2. Some activity prevailed on speculative buying but business was restricted by uncertainty of foreign crop developments.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov. 15.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.94 3/4. Prices eased on commission house selling and liquidation following discouraging foreign cables.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Nov. 15.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS.

Tin (£234 buyers £234 1/2 sellers. Easy.) £232 buyers £233 sellers. Irregular.

Linseed (£17 13/16 Buyers £17 7/8 sellers. Steady.) £18 1/4 buyers £18 5/16 sellers. Firm.

Electrolytic Copper (£39 1/4 to £39 5/8) £39 1/2 to £40.

Glasgow Iron (£74) £74

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Nov. 15.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"America bought. Small business. Market quiet."

JUTE.

New Crop November December (£20 3/8 sellers) £20 1/2 paid.

Dunlop October November (£21) £21

Lightning October November (£22) £22

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-11) 0-11
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2) 1-2
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11) 0-11
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-4 1/2) 1-4 1/2

RUBBER.

Spot (6 3/8 paid and buyers) 6 7/16 paid and buyers.

January March (6 1/2 paid and value) 6 5/8 paid and sellers.

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay November December (£12 11/16 sellers) £12 11/16 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta November-December (£12 5/16 sellers) £12 3/8 sellers.

Linseed La Plata November (£9 13/16 sellers) £10 sellers.

Groundnut Coromandal November (£13 3/8 sellers) £13 5/8 sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Rs. a. p.

Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7 2 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 2 9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 2 9
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 2 9

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 15.

Rs. a. p.

Wheat January	4 12 3
Wheat May	4 11 6
Linseed May	7 2 9

The tone was steady.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

London, Nov 14

	This week £
Total Bullion	197,400,000
Public Deposits	15,800,000
(a) Other Deposits	129,600,000
Government Securities	83,500,000
(b) Other Securities	23,700,000
Notes and Coins	55,900,000
Notes in Circulation	101,400,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	38.47%
(a) Other Deposits, include bankers	92,900,000
(b) Other Securities, include Discount and Advances	11,100,000

"NAVROZ"

"The Navroz," a weekly Gujerati journal of Calcutta, edited by Mr. E.N. Kanga, has issued its Annual Number on the occasion of Diwali holidays. The Number has excelled its previous publications in more ways than one, especially in the choice of subjects, in Gujerati as well as English; in the get-up and inclusion of attractive illustrations on art paper. Among the interesting articles in English are from the pens of Mr. Ardesher Dinsha (on "Parsi Settlements in India"); Mr. H. K. Chatterji (on "Journalism"); Prof. W. John, M.A. (on "Is War Immoral?"); Miss Alla A. Antia (on "Mother Love"); Miss Serene R. Mehta (on "Fashions for Indian Women"); Miss Salby Meyer, B.A. (on "Man's Dependence on Plants"). In the Gujerati section the following articles need mention: "India's Sugar Industry" by Mr. M. P. Gandhi; "Without Children" by Dr. E.J. Taraporewala, B.A., Ph.D.; "Mussolini" by Mr. S. M. Desai; "Consumption" by Dr. F.N. Desai and also articles by Miss Freni H. Khandawala and Mrs. Dhun P. Unwala and Mr. J. M. Desai.

Boomlike Conditions In All Sections On Stock Exchange

EFFECT OF ELECTION RESULT FAVOURING GOVERNMENT

Base Metals And Rubber Strong

WALL STREET TRADERS HESITANT

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Nov. 15.

With election results favouring Government business on the Stock Exchange broadened. Boomlike conditions prevailed practically in all departments. Brokers cheered every Government win posted up. A feature in the afternoon was active buying for the new account.

In commodities basemetals were generally firm. Rubber strengthened on publication American questionnaire figures.

Wall Street opened firm but traders were rather hesitant.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov. 15.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 1/2

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Thursday, November 7. £95 3/4
Friday, November 8, £96
Monday, November 11, £96
Tuesday, November 12 £96 1/2
Wednesday, November 13 £96 1/2
Thursday, November 14, £96 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov. 15.

3-30 p.m.

Markets generally displayed cheerful disposition and were very firm on political situation. Giltedged securities were strong. Industrials generally were firm and fairly active.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/8) £86
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£100 7/8) £107 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 3/8) £111 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£116 1/4) £117 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105) £105 7/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 1/4) £116

INDUSTRIALS.

British Celanese 2nd Preference (23-1 1/2) 23-9
Marks and Spencer Splits Share (4 1/2)) 4 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 4 7/8) dol 4 7/8
Musical Industries (27-9) 27-9
Princhin Johnson (43-4 1/2) 43-10 1/2
Imperial Chemical (37-1 1/2) 37-9
Imperial Chemical Ord (9-1 1/2) 9-3
Woolsworth New Ford (116-0) 116-0
Realisation 1930 (£80 1/2) £81
Dunlop Rubber (38-6) 39-4 1/2
University Ordinary (32-9) 31-7 1/2
Ford Motors (34-6) 34-6
Cable Wires (£8) £8 3/4
British American Tobacco (113-1 1/2) 113-9
Camera A (£8 3/8) £8 1/2
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (146-10 1/2) 147-6
P and O S N Company Defd (21-0) 22-10 1/2
Distillers (94-9) 95-6
Bred and Dyers (10-3) 10-6
British Celanese (14-6) 14-9
J and P coates Ordinary (65-0) 65-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (54-6) 55-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (8-3) 8-9
Western Limited Ordinary (18-0) 18-10 1/2
Inter Nickels (37 5/8) 38 1/2
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-6) 5-6
Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov. 15.

3-30 p.m.

5 per cent New Indian Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
3 1/2 per cent India (£96 1/2) £97
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£112 1/2) £113
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£114) £114
4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£108 1/2 £109
5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£115) £115
4 1/2 per cent New Indian 1934-'38 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£111 1/2) £112

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (20-7 1/2) 21-3
Donaro Tea (40-0) 40-0
Empire of India Ceylon (28-9) 28-9

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (23-0) 25-6
Gula Kelampong (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-9) 30-6

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£10) £10

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (61-3) 61-3
Burma Corporation (12-0) 12-6
Rio Tintos (£18 7/8) £19
East Rand Proprietors (59-0) 59-0
Rand Mines (£8 3/8) £8 1/2

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (£14) £14
Goddar New (£11 1/8) £11 1/4
Moddar New (£73 1 1/2) £73-1 1/2
Sub Nigel (£13 1/2) £13 5/8
Spring Mines Split Share (45-0) 45-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (43-1 1/2) 43-1 1/2
Anglo Iranian (68-9) 69-4 1/2
Burma Oil (81-10 1/2) 83-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (6-3) 6-3
Shell Transport (81-3) 82-6
Royal Dutch (£29 1/4) £29 3/8

HUME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western (£48 1/2) £49 1/2
L M Ford (£18) £18 1/4
L N E R Defd (£5 1/2) £5 5/8
Southern Dutch (£20) £20 3/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£131 1/2) £131 3/4
London Board G Stock (£104 1/4) £105 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov. 15.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 58 1/4) dol 58 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 22) unquoted.
U S Steel Common (dol 49) dol 49 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 111 1/2) unquoted.

CALCUTTA TO THE FORE

The Calcutta Corporation accepted the Congress members' resolution asking the Corporation to participate in the celebration of the Golden Jubilee of the Indian National Congress.

The resolution further urged that a special issue of the Calcutta Corporation Gazette be published on the occasion and the Congress flag hoisted on all Municipal Buildings and the citizens be requested to illuminate their houses. —A. P.

TEXT OF RESOLUTION

"That the Corporation places on record its deep and sincere felicitations on the occasion of the celebration of the Golden Jubilee of the Indian National Congress; that proper steps be taken for the celebration of the Jubilee in a solemn and befitting manner.

"That as a mark of respectful homage for this August and solemn occasion, a special issue of the Calcutta Municipal Gazette be issued containing a brief history of the Congress and the life and teachings of great leaders who have suffered in the cause of the country's freedom.

"That national flags be hoisted on all Municipal buildings in the city and citizens be requested to hold illuminations on such a day and in such a manner as the Corporation may decide."

MOTOR TAXATION BILL BECOMES LAW

(continued from page 4)

contemplating to get more amount through the passage of this Bill than the Tolls.

Rao Bahadur Patil supporting the Bill commented on the unnecessary attacks of Sir Rafiuddin on the Finance Member.

Mr. Pestonsha Vakil, who "was not a party to throwing out the Bill at this stage", said that Sir Rafiuddin's remarks about the Finance Member were jarring as they smacked of "personality."

Mr. W. G. Lely referring to Mr. Saklatvala's remark said that they were not following the line of least resistance by supporting the Bill.

THIRD READING PASSED

After Mr. A. N. Surve had spoken and after the House passed certain legal amendments to the Bill, the Third Reading was put to vote and carried. On a poll being demanded the House divided as follows:—Ayes 52 Noes 24. The Third Reading of the Bill was declared carried and it becomes law from next Year.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE REPORT

On the motion of the Finance Member the House next proceeded to consider the Report of the Public Accounts Committee on the Appropriation accounts of 1933-34 of the Government of Bombay.

On the Report Rao Saheb Kulkarni moved the following resolution:—

"After careful consideration of the Report of the Public Accounts Committee and the report of the Audit on Appropriation Accounts of 1933-34 this Council comes to the conclusion that there is yet much room for effecting essential improvements in this part of the Administration and hence strongly recommends to Government to take drastic measures with stern hand to eradicate the defects repeatedly shown in the Reports and earnestly urges to find out specific remedy to wipe off this long-standing lethargy of Finance and other Government Departments concerned in the affair."

Rao Saheb Kulkarni criticised the working of the different Departments of the Government in moving his resolution.

Mr. L. R. Gokhale, who supported the resolution had not finished his speech when the House rose for the day.

The House was adjourned till Saturday (to-day) 10 a.m.

Sirkar Attacks Grigg's Financial Policy

Go By Is Given To "Planing" When India Is Concerned But Interests Of Britain Are Well "Planned"

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

"How India is going to be affected as a result of the application of economic Sanction is a question which is now uppomost in the minds of the public as well as of the Government. Associated with this is the question as to what the policy of the Indian Government. Associated with this is the question as to what the policy of the Indian Government should be in this crisis. It is true that the Government of India has committed itself to an agreement to the principle of bringing economic Sanctions into application. This agreement does not necessarily involve that the Government of India cannot make certain reservations in the economic interest of Idia. Much as we deside the preservation of eace and the strengthening of the machinery of the League and much as we condemn the imperialist and aggressive policy of Italy, I feel it will entail no small loss to India if we have to offer unqualified support to the application of the Sanctions. If India is asked to give her unqualified support, it is to be hoped that her claim to compensation would also be duly acknowlelged. Indeed, unless compensation is offered to her by increased opportunities of trade with other League members, it is difficult to see how India could dispense with certain reservations in giving her support to the sanctions."

Thus declared Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, Presilent of the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce, in the course of his address at the Third Quarterly General Meeting of the Chamber held this afternoon.

NOT PROSPERITY BUT WORSE DEPRESSION.

Mr. Sarkar's address contained a vehement lenunciation of Government's policy of 'let alone' in regard to the nascent industries of this country, which is being pursued since the advent of Sir James Grigg, the present Finance Member for India in the name of safeguarding the interests of the poor agriculturists. "The economic situation in India," said Mr. Sarkar, "does not reflect the tendency of recovery noticeable in other countries during the year 1934-35. India's trade balance diminished by Rs. nine crores as compared to 1933-34; and during the first six months of 1935-36, April to September, the trade balance has shown a further deterioration by about Rs three crores, as compared with the corresponding months of the last year. The total volume of exports during the six months has fallen by Rs. 40 lakhs on the same comparative basis, while imports have advanced by about Rs. three crores. These figures do not certainly warrant any feeling of optimism with regard to the future of India's foreign trade, while most other countries have succeeded in effecting a larger volume of export trale. Under the Ottawa Trade Agreement, India's trade relations with the non-British countries are, it is becoming clearer, threatened with dislocation, with the result that India's trade balance with countries like Germany and Italy is increasingly turning against her. India continues to adjust her international balance-sheet by the adventitious aid of gold exports; and our authorities have not yet woke up from their false sense of security."

DO-NOTHING POLICY.

"The price level in India does not also indicate any upward movement, for it still hovers round about ninety on the basis of 1914. On the basis of 1929, the price index in India registered a decline of 38 per cent by the end of 1934; and amongst the principal countries, India's is the sorriest record.

"Does all this betoken business recovery in India? We say, no. Our authorities say, yes. It is proved that India has not been able to march with the rest of the world in their endeavour to plan and induce recovery. The Government of India have been content with a do-nothing policy. The spear-head of their policy, seems to be a so-called balancing of budget and so-called cheap money conditions."

Criticising Sir J. Grigg's aversion to planning, Mr. Sarkar said:

GRIGG ALSO PLANS.

"Perhaps Sir James is an advocate of planning to a larger extent than he is aware of or would admit. In fact, I would like to ask if the solicitous care for the interests of the Indian Civil Service is not a form of planning? So are the Ottawa agreements a plan; and so is the Mody-Lees plan which received official blessings. So far as Imperial and British interests are concerned, there is really no dearth of planning—to our mind, as a matter of fact, too much planning.

"The trouble in India is that in spite of ample resources, material, financial and human, there are so many things which Indian producers do not find it possible to provide, whatever the reasons may be at a price which the consumers are prepared to pay. They have as a result, either to go without it or to import what they want from foreign countries. I should like to ask Sir James whether he desired this state of things to be perpetuated, and a large portion of the vast resources in India left permanently unexploited. Left to itself, we may expect private enterprise to develop these resources by the time we reach the millennium.

NEED OF STATE AID.

"Because of the great leeway India has to make in catching up industrially countries like England and Germany, India particularly needs State aid. What is that confronts us here is not haphazard action meant to improve the condition of one particular industry or one particular crop, or to grant tariff protection to an industry while it is suffering from disadvantages, but a comprehensive plan which would, besides arranging for the exploitation of the national resources of the country in its own interests, also give adequate attention to the interrelation between the different measures.

Unfortunately, in India, Finance Members unlike Ministers under responsible parliamentary governments, can afford to be indifferent to the necessity for planned action to meet the vital problems of the country. And even when representatives of the people of the country demand any action or offer any suggestions, the Finance Member simply appears in the role of a critic and dissects their arguments: no attempt is made to share or orientate the Government's policy in response to these suggestions or demands." —United Press.

A QUEEN'S HORROR OF WAR

PATNA, (By Mail).

The letter addressed by scientists of different countries to leading statesmen of the world seeking their collaboration in the elimination of war has elicited a sympathetic response from the Queen of the Netherlands.

The Netherlands Medical Association, from whom the letter emanated, has received the following telegram from the Queen of the Netherlands:—

"I thank you for the copy of Address which you and your colleagues from other countries have sent to the statesmen, to whom the people have confided their destiny. I assure you that this document has deeply interested me and that I heartily agree with your practical and realistic point of view.

"I trust that this Address will influence the mentality of peoples and statesmen. May God give that the different peoples, stimulated by clearer and sharper insight in the horrors of war, show themselves ready in their own real interest, to collaborate peacefully for the sake of Humanity.

"This means a great task for the States, especially for those which are members of the League of Nations.

WILHELMINA."

The Monghyr District Congress Committee has suggested the following names for the presidentship of the Monghyr District Political Conference to be held at Begusarai on November 24 and 25 next:—Dr. Khan Sahib, Dr. Syed Mahmud, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Babu Ram Narayan Singh and Babu Ramdayalu Singh.

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1935

Our Abyssinian Letter

Sordid Story Of Italian Consul's Intrigue

Alleged Attempts To Engineer Discontent By Bribing Abyssinian Officials

In his latest despatches, our Special Correspondent at Dire-Dawa gives details of the attempts that, it is alleged, were made by the Italian Consuls in Abyssinia to create discontent by bribing officials and others, and how Il Duce was assured that ground had been prepared for a rebellion which would break out as soon as Italy began the attack. The Emperor, however, had got wind of the alleged intrigue which collapsed. Instead of betraying their country as the Italians had hoped, our correspondent says, the Abyssinians are even prepared to defy their Emperor if he seeks to bring peace on humiliating terms.

Our Correspondent characterizes certain reports wired out by Reuter and others inspired from Rome regarding freeing of lakhs of slaves and the disappearance of Ras Seyyum as "Arabian Nights Tales."

Kanyazmash Mulugaitha, a high and trusted Abyssinian official, in an interview with our Correspondent throws a flood of light on the Italian intrigues. He also thinks they have nothing to fear from gas as they have discovered an antidote for it.

WAR NEWS FROM THE THREE FRONTS

(From Our Special Correspondent)

DIREDAWA, November 7.

News has arrived here that the Abyssinians were forced to retire from 3 small posts, on account of strong attack by air and on the land by tanks. Strong resistance was offered by 400 men under Ato Basha to nearly 20 times their number, and they had only 2 small guns on this position. For nearly 4 hours they were under heavy fire from aeroplanes and succeeded in bringing down two, but after this the tanks started arriving, so taking out the keys of the guns, he retired with his men. One trolly-driver was hit in the neck and came and died in Jigjiga, and the other was taken prisoner.

ITALIAN BASE CAPTURED

Havas has now confirmed the report of Abyssinians and Dankalis having captured the Italian base of Mount Moosa Ali.

News has just arrived of intense fighting going on in the Southern Front. Both sides are claiming victory. The Abyssinian version says that notwithstanding heavy casualties, they have thrown the Italian troops back into Italian territory. This fight is still going on and Doctors are being rushed to the front.

On the northern front the Italians claim to have captured Makhalle, which is very strong and according to their own version not easy to fall, and the Abyssinians claim to have pushed back the Italian armies with losses and penetrated into Eritrea. I am waiting for confirmation of news from both sides.

NEW ARMS ISSUED

Dedjaz Aminade has left with all his troops. The troops of Dedjaz Abeba have started arriving to-day; first batch came in at 2 p.m. the others are arriving to-night.

The Emperor has decreed that all the arms of the time of Menelik are to be stored and new modern arms issued to the soldiers. He has bought from 6 countries arms for 10 million sterling.

Red Cross Missions are daily arriving from all parts of Europe. The French are, daily sending troops and aeroplanes to their frontier posts of Dakhal.

GROUND PREPARED WITH GOLD!

How Italian Consul Manufactured Discontent

DIRE-DAWA, Nov. 3.

I must now try to explain the actual position in this country. On the Northern and Eastern or Southern front it is the same story. The Italians before starting this campaign had prepared the ground with gold. Every month the Italian Consul in Harrar came to draw thousands of dollars from the Bank of Ethiopia. All the Somalies who held Italian passports received money lavishly, and many more were kept near the house of the Italian Consul of Harrar. They were always being used for taking despatches to the Somali Sheikhs. An Arab called Kamil Effendi was engaged for some months to do propaganda work for the Italians. Articles were always sent by him to the Arabic press.

WILL SUFFER NO HUMILIATING TERMS

In Addis Ababa special Tigre agents were appointed to try to bribe as many Abyssinian Chiefs as possible and spread discontent against present Emperor. The Italian Minister succeeded in starting small revolutions on 2 or three occasions but always the luck of the present Emperor held good and he was able to check this revolution and arrest the culprits. The last was the plot to release Prince Liji Yarson by Ras Haillou, Chief of Gojjam.

Upto the time of leaving, Count Vinci had been hoping that some result will come out of his vast schemes on which enormous sums of money were spent by him, but as is well-known nothing happened. Instead of there being a revolution, Abyssinians are so united to-day that they will even go so far as to disobey their own Emperor, if he agrees to the humiliating terms which M. Laval on his own authority is trying to offer to Italy.

M. Laval was very generous with other people's property. If he really wishes to have peace, the Abyssinians say, why does he not offer one of his own colonies which he promised to Italy when that nation broke its plighted word and joined the allies against Germany.

On the Southern front no Somalies have willingly gone to the Italians with the exception of Sultan Ulul about whom I wrote earlier. The fact is that he was not well treated by the then Governor of Dedjaz Gabre Mariam and having taken arms from the Italians attacked the Abyssinians and thus the real trouble started which ended in the battle of Walwal.

ARABIAN NIGHTS' TALE

As to their having fought with the Abyssinians in Mustahil, Wabi Shabulle and other places and having conquered from Dolo to Gar-le-Gube, it is a nice Arabian Nights tale.

As to the so-called fight in the Wabi Shabulle the far outposts were vacated on instructions from Wahid Pasha and troops concentrated at Korrahe. Reuter is not represented in the Southern front and reports based on bazaar gossip from Harrar, should be received with reserve.

With the exception of some attacks by aeroplanes no big fight has yet taken place except the surprise attack on the Gar-le-Gube by Somalies and some Abyssinians.

The border country from Gar-le-Gube to Dolo was never occupied by any Abyssinian soldiers, there being only a few soldiers at both these posts, the Italians have only occupied country which was vacant. But the real fun will start when they will attack Gorrahe and advanced on Dagahbour and Jigjiga. Then they will have to face Wahid Pasha.

ON SOUTHERN FRONT

In one of the issues of the "Chronicle" a report says there are already two hundred fifty thousand men in the Southern front. This also is not true. Uptil now there are one hundred three thousand Abyssinian soldiers on the Southern front. But thousands others are going, and Dire-Dawa is full of them now.

Dedjaz Nassiban has gone to Berbera again to bring some tanks and aeroplanes as the Abyssinians are greatly handicapped for lack of these and if they get some hundreds of tanks and aeroplanes before the big offensive starts, the Italians will be forced to sing other tunes. Now all the Abyssinian victories by night attacks are spoiled as they are forced to withdraw from the captured positions in the day by intense bomb-throwing. And whenever the Italians start the offensive they send numerous fast-going tanks and the Abyssinians are forced to retire.

FANTASTIC STORIES

From the Northern front also many fantastic stories are told by Italians to buy European sympathy by the tales of liberating lakhs of slaves, and distributing grain to the needy Abyssinians, and priests from more than 250 churches coming and submitting. Now I will examine each of these stories separately.

According to their own admission upto now the Italians have only occupied Adowa, Adigrad and Axum, none of these towns are bigger than Dire-Dawa or Harrar. From where did then they get all these lakhs of slaves? Were all the inhabitants of these towns slaves only, or the slaves of the adjoining Abyssinian provinces have been allowed to go to the Italian liberators?

As for the supply of grain, why did they not take pity on their people in Massawa who were dying of hunger instead of distributing this grain to the Abyssinians who grow more than enough grain on their own lands?

People who do not know Italian ways may be deceived by such reports, but every one who had a chance to live in places under Italian territory knows how impossible it would be for priests not to go and make submission and save their lives. Of course these priests were forced to make this submission for fear of being hanged.

It seems that Reuter's agent with the Italian forces has also merely sent the Italian version as his report of going round for some hundred miles with Italian aeroplanes and finding no trace of Ras Seyyum or other Abyssian forces proves.

RAS SEYYUM IS WELL

Ras Seyyum is alive and well and not very far from the Italians and by the time this is printed the world will know more about him and Ras Kassa, Ras Gethachon Abuba and others.

In the meantime the things are getting ready on both the fronts for an offensive to start any moment.

FUTILE BRIBES

On Sunday evening confirmation of the news of Count Vinci has arrived from Addis Ababa. It is said he spent millions of dollars and many Abyssinians of high rank are alleged to have taken big bribes and have now been put in prison. One Fitaurari, having heard of this exposure, killed himself by taking poison. The Italian Consul of Harrar was in the habit of always going outside Harrar and living in secluded spots and there give money to every one with whom he came in contact. Once he gave hundreds of dollars to cultivators for simply buying some milk, grass and eggs from them. Of course these people were always glad to keep in touch with the Italian Consul for money's sake. So these officers had informed Signor Mussolini that it will be only a walk over for the Italian troops and no one ever dreamed of this strong resistance which is being offered to-day. These enormous sums of money were spent in vain. The luck of the Emperor has held good in this as in other intrigues against him, and the whole plot discovered in time.

IL DUCE DISILLUSIONED

Kanyazmash Mulugaitha, a most responsible and trusted officer of the Empress, arrived here and I at once went to interview him on behalf of the "Chronicle." I asked him about the war position and what was his opinion. He said Mussolini has been greatly misled by his Consuls of this country. He thought that as soon as his troops were seen all the Abyssinians will go rushing to him and ask him as the saviour of Abyssinia to take possession, but as this has not happened he must be very disillusioned.

Count Vinci himself drew more than 4 million dollars lately. The Emperor and his officers knew what was going on, as some Abyssinian officials were intentionally sent to get all the secrets.

In Gojjam the Italian Consul paid 80 thousand dollars, with the knowledge of Ras Imirrou. 25 responsible officers were sent now and again, these people all agreed that they had all the troops in their hands and when time came, would hand over all these men to the Italians.

The Italian Consul was so sure that he openly went and informed Ras Imirrou that 25 Abyssinians wanted Italian passports and asked permission to issue these. Of course this permission was at once given and when the time came, no one appeared.

NOT AFRAID OF GAS

After this he told me that they were not afraid of poison gas, as they knew an antidote for this and assured me that not a single soldier would be harmed by this poison.

He explained that the feudal chiefs upto Hawash were all ordered to bring in their troops and go to the Southern front. He was himself going with his 4 thousand men. They had more than enough soldiers for their wants at present and did not need the cultivators or other residents. Dedjaz Mashesha having dealt with the Italian columns of Assab, was now ordered to come to the Southern front. More Generals were also coming. Now that the Abyssinians have got modern arms, and tanks and aeroplanes will also shortly come, they will fight in Ogadain country and instead of being on the defensive according to their original programme will start the offensive. Troops of Ras Dassita are also coming from Bah.

In the end he said that the vast financial resources of the Empress which were all in his hands, were put at the disposal of the Governor Narsihou, the lucky.

CAPITAL HUMS WITH ACTIVITY

Heir Apparent Recruits More Soldiers

DIRE-DAWA, Nov. 4.

The Abyssinian heir-apparent has come to Addis Ababa and since his arrival things have started humming. Nearly three hundred thousand new men have been enlisted by him from villages and out of these several hundred are Arabs. He is paying them money and gives them more than enough rations. All the coolies working in the Railway and Customs have enlisted.

Numberless arms and munitions are being sent to the Northern and Southern fronts by every train from Dijbouti and by trollys from British Somaliland and the soldiers are discarding their old rifles and getting modern arms. It is said that aeroplanes and tanks will also be brought soon.

On the day the Italians bombarded Korahhe they also bombarded Wabi Shabella but only 6 men were killed and 3 wounded.

An American Red Cross Mission is leaving to-day for the Southern front and with 5 trollys full of medicines and men and some American doctors. These doctors early this morning inspected the camp of soldiers of Dedjaz Ammade and gave medicine for malaria to some of them.

Dedjaz Ammade, the chief of these soldiers arrived to-day by special train. All his soldiers are well fed and look very smart, but they are all chafing at the delay and being kept here. Since the arrival of these soldiers Dire-Dawa merchants have been doing brisk trade as these soldiers are well supplied with money.

I have received orders to-day from the British Consul of Harrar, to make a list of all the Indians in Dire-Dawa, Harrar, and Chercher and I find nearly 300 Indians some with families are still living here. The Arabs and Somalies who are under British protection are being counted as well. Perhaps it is because the war is going to start with great vigour from next Monday.

A VETERAN HERO

Ras Gethachon Abeba whose father fought with distinction in the last war with Italy, has left with 50 thousand soldiers from Kafa and Wallaga for the Northern front. Ras Abeba his old father is still alive and has insisted on his son going to the scenes of his valour.

The Railway Staff and all the other residents are digging trenches outside the town as it is said that although the Italians have promised not to bombard these towns, no one believes that the Italians will leave Addis Ababa without bombarding.

A lot of machinery and 176 men of the oil concession people have already arrived in Djibouti. It is said that the French Government at Djibouti refuses to allow them to proceed to Dire-Dawa although they have received orders from Paris. Six thousand engineers and other staff have left America to come here to start work.

MORE ARMS ARRIVE

Three British ships full of munitions of war for Abyssinia arrived in Berbera to-day. These arms will be unloaded at once and rushed to the Southern front without delay.

Italians advanced on Wabi Shabella river, according to a report, and sent 10 aeroplanes to bombard a hilly post held by 400 Abyssinian troops under Ate Basha, a friend of mine and a former judge of Dire-Dawa.

PLANES BROUGHT DOWN

The Abyssinians lost 31 men but succeeded in bringing down 2 aeroplanes. In the meantime Somali Scouts informed the Abyssinians of a big Italian force of nearly 10 thousand men with tanks advancing against them. So Ato Basha was forced to evacuate his post but succeeded with the help of Somalies to bring back all his soldiers to Korrahe passing through a dense forest.

News in the European press regarding some victories of the Italians in South, is not true. I have received official confirmation about this. There has been no fight near Gorrahe (Korrahe) yet.

A trolly driver who was present in Korrahe 5 days ago reports that the orders of the Italian Commander are to kill as many motor drivers of the Abyssinians as possible, because they know that the Abyssinians are very short of motor drivers and if they succeed in killing what the Abyssinians have there will be grave difficulties for the Abyssinian Government to replace these losses and thus get munitions and rations in time.

TRIBESMEN KILL ITALIANS

Official confirmation of the annihilation of Italian troops near Assab has arrived from Government sources. A great part of these troops were killed in the fight and some columns entered the desert. One of these columns was killed by the Danttali tribes while searching for water, and thus

(Continued on Page 3 Col. 4.)

SUEZ CANAL:

A Strategic Highway

For almost 2,150 years beginning as far back as about 1380 B. C., various canals connected the Nile river with the Red Sea. Vasco da Gama in circumnavigating the Cape of Good Hope made a journey more than twice that of the commercial travellers who transported the goods of Europe across the Mediterranean, up the Nile, and into the Indian Ocean hundreds of years before his time. It was only when the caliph Abu Ja'far about 770 A. D., desiring to choke up supplies to enemy Arabs, closed the last great waterway that transport of goods to and fro by means of these shorter routes was perforce abandoned. (See "The Suez Canal," by Charles W. Hallberg.)

A new canal across the Isthmus of Suez was dreamed of by the Crusaders, by Leibnitz, by Napolean, by Metternich. It was the French engineer, Ferdinand de Lesseps, however, in 1854 obtained from a friendly ruler of Egypt, Said Pasha, a concession for the construction of such a canal. Arrangements were blocked by British resentment at the threat to their trade superiority until 1866, though without waiting for final ratification the work of digging was started in 1859. About two-thirds of the shares in the company were owned in France, and the rest, with a few insignificant exceptions, in the Ottoman Empire.

Britain's concern over her position in India and her desire to maintain impregnable strongholds

DEAD-LOCK TO CONTINUE?

Majority Party's Move To Boycott Bengal Congress Meeting

CALCUTTA, Nov. 15.

The "United Press" understands that a majority party in the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee which consists of Dr. B. C. Roy's followers decided at a meeting of the party to-day not to participate at to-morrow's meeting, the most important item for consideration before which is a proposal to appoint Sj. Sarat Chandra Bose as a sole arbitrator with powers to take all steps necessary to settle the disputes including the nomination of the new Executive in place of the existing one. This non-participation by the majority party will necessarily block the way for arbitration by Sj. Sarat Chandra Bose and will further result in a deadlock in the working of the Congress organisation in this province.

It may be recalled that towards the end of September nearly 25 members of the majority party out of the 34 constituting the Executive Council of the B. P. C.C., resigned following disagreement with the directions of their president, Sj. Subhas Chandra Bose, about the re-shuffling of the then existing Executive Council with an equal number from the two rival groups.

It is understood that a press statement will be issued this evening on behalf of the majority party explaining the reasons for non-participation at to-morrow's meeting and also stating the views regarding the proposal of accepting Sj. Sarat Chandra Bose as arbitrator.—United Press.

DELHI RESERVE BANK ELECTIONS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

The election results of membership of the local Board of the Reserve Bank for the Delhi Circle comprising Punjab, N.-W. F. Province, the United Provinces, and Delhi, have been announced:

(1) Mr. Satyapal Varmani, Proprietor of the Dhanpatmal Jwaladutt Company (2 282).

(2) Mr. Sambhulal Pur (1,601), son-in-law of Rai Bahadur Ramsaran Das of Lahore.

(3) Mr. Rupchand (1,577), son of Rai Bahadur Ramsaran Das.

(4) Mr. Balakram Pandey of Lahore and (5) Mr. Sriniwas, brother of Mr Sri Prakash, M. L. A.—United Press.

Cantonments Association Meeting

LAHORE, Nov 14.

R. S. Keder Nath, Secretary, All-India Cantonments Association says:—

That the genedal meeting of the All-India Cantonments Association will now be held on Sunday and Monday, 8th and 9th December at 11 a. m. at the Onkarparshad Hall, Sadar Bazar, Lahore Cantonment.—United Press.

Noyce Back At Delhi

NEW DELHI, Nov. 14.

Sir Frank Noyce accompanied by Mr. Lionel Fieldon controller of Broadcasting arrived by air from Nagpur this afternoon and he was received at the aerodrome by Mr. Mitchell, Secretary, Industries Department and Mr. Tymms, Director, Civil Aviation.—A. P.

Bengali Resident Arrested

RAJBARI, (By Mail).

A Bengali resident of the town was arrested on Saturday under the Bengal Suppression of Terrorist Outrages Act and was remanded to custody pending trial. —A.P.

The All-India Swadesai Industrial Exhibition will open on 28th December at Bhagalpur on the occasion of the Golden Jubilee of the Congress.

the treaty at least in a measure by establishing a prize court at Alexandria and tried each case before proceeding to seize any ships at wartime captures.—"World Events."

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